The New-York Times.

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FROM THE RAPPAHANNOCK

The Late Brilliant Affair at Kelly's Ford.

The First Real Cavalry Fight of the War.

The Rebels Driven Six Miles Beyond the River.

Gallant Charges and Hand-to-Hand Conflicts.

The Effectiveness of the Sabre Tested.

OUR CASUALTIES LESS THAN FORTY.

A Large Number of Rebels Killed and Wounded, and Sixty Taken Prisoners.

Washington, Thursday, March 19.

The Times correspondent on the Rappahannock sends this bureau the following:

Headquarters Army of the Potomac,
Wednesday, March 18.

The first real cavalry battle of the war has been fought, resulting in a decisive victory on the part of the national forces.

The telegraph has informed you of the departure of a large cavalry force in the direction of Culpepper, to reconnoiter, and, if possible, to intercept a body of rebels known to be in the neighborhood of Warrenton. The expedition returned to-night, the men being much exhausted after their severe labors, but elated and flushed with the excitement which accompanies victory.

Learning that both Stuart and Lee had left the main body of the rebel army near Fredericksburgh, for the purpose of enforcing the draft in Fauquier and the adjoining counties, Gen. Hooker determined to send out a large body of cavalry to cut them off, and at the same time to ascertain the position of the rebel forces on the other side of the Rappahannock. The regiments chosen for this important enterprise were the First and Fifth Regulars, commanded by Capt. Reno; the Thirty-fourth and Sixteenth Pennsylvania, Col. McIntosh; the First Rhode Island, Fourth New-York, and Sixth Ohio, Col. Duffier; and the Sixth New-York Flying Battery, of six guns—all under command of Gen. Averill.

The expedition marched on Monday afternoon. Notwithstanding the bad condition of the roads, the men made good progress, and, passing through our outer pickets, encamped for the night near Kelly's Ford, not far back from the Rappahannock. On riding down to the ford the next morning at daylight, to cross over, the enemy were found to be in strong force on the opposite side, having posted numerous pickets, and constructed a formidable abattis along the bank. A detachment of the Fourth New-York charged down into the stream, and attempted to force a passage, but were met and repulsed by a strong force of the enemy. Rallying, they dashed into the river, and again were repulsed. A third attempt proved no more successful. At this juncture Lieut. Brown, followed by a squadron of the First Rhode Island, plunged boldly in, cut their way through the abattis, and, charging up the declivity, routed the enemy.

The whole force then crossed over and formed in line of battle thus: Col. McIntosh's command, consisting of the Third, Fourth and Sixteenth Pennsylvania on the right; Reno's First and Fifth Regulars, centre and reserve, and Col. Duffier's First Rhode Island, Fourth New-York and Sixth Ohio on the left. This was about 7½ o'clock in the morning. Twenty-four prisoners were captured at the Ford.

As the men moved forward up the acclivity, the rebels, who in the meantime had rallied, charged upon us, *when the First Rhode Island met them with a counter charge and put them to flight.* The second time, the rebels once more attempting to rally, the Fifth Regulars seized the opportunity, dashed at them, and they again broke and ran wildly. The Third Pennsylvania cavalry, posted to the right, likewise charged upon the force opposed to them most successfully. The Sixteenth Pennsylvania, still further to the right, did splendid execution, many of the rebels being dismounted. Our artillery, in the meantime, kept playing on the fleeing rebels and quickening their speed.

We had now advanced through an open space about a mile and a half from the river—as we moved, forming, charging to the right and left, and taking numerous prisoners, until the outskirts of a wood were reached.

Gen. Averill here again arranged the regiments in line of battle, the First regulars being posted as reserves. Our men moved through the woods steadily and rapidly, firing as they went. Another open space was reached, and found to be full of skirmishers. The firing now became very brisk, the enemy for the first time opening on us with artillery, of which they had twelve pieces. Their solid shot and shell fell thick and fast among our men, but they pressed on, inspired by the success already won, and led forward by their officers.

After so many brilliant and profitable dashes on our part, the rebels thought it well to attempt again something in that line themselves, and charged. They ran against the Third Pennsylvania cavalry, which broke them instantly. From the time of crossing the river till now there had been many personal encounters—single horsemen dashing at each other with full speed, and cutting and slashing with their sabres until one or the other was disabled. The wounds received by both friend and foe in these single combats were frightful—such, as I trust, never to see again.

We continued to drive the rebels before us, they skirmishing and using their artillery as they retreated. Our boys had now been fighting several hours, but regardless of themselves, pursued their mission of keeping the rebels traveling, and did it effectually. When we had chased them six miles from the river, Gen. Averill decided to return, as our artillery ammunition was nearly exhausted, and we had come upon a strong rebel position, with rifle-pits and entrenchments. Detachments of cavalry were deployed in front of the battery in such a manner as to prevent its withdrawal being seen, and the whole force commenced its return march. Capt. Reno, with a portion of his command, covered the rear.

As soon as the rebels discovered our retrograde movement, they opened a heavy fire of artillery and followed in pursuit, but at a respectful distance, and without a desire to try more charges. The *morale* and *esprit* of our men was excellent, and it was with difficulty that many of them could be persuaded to return. They had run the rebels six miles, and wanted to keep on to Culpepper.

Capt. Hunt, with three squadrons of the First Regiment, assisted by Lieuts. Bigelow and Sandford, did good service, supporting the battery. On the return, at one time this command was in danger of being annihilated. The men were stationed to the left of the battery, within easy supporting distance, ready to charge upon the rebels, should they attempt to take it. No sooner, however, had our guns ceased firing, from want of ammunition, than the rebels turned their fire upon the supporting cavalry, keeping it up for a long period, and making sad havoc among the horses. The cavalry could not leave their position, for the guns would have been lost. They succeeded, however, in bringing the pieces away. The command reached the river about sunset, and recrossed.

Our loss is 9 killed, 35 wounded and 40 taken prisoners. We killed and wounded a large number of the enemy, and brought away 60 prisoners.

Lieut. Dimmock, of the Fourth New-York cavalry, is mortally wounded. He behaved most gallantly.

Adjt.-Gen. Bowditch, of Gen. Duffier's Staff, was struck over the head with a sabre, and received a pistol shot in the groin.

Major Chamberlain, Acting Aid-de-Camp to Gen. Averill, was wounded in the nose and cheek.

Among the rebel officers taken was Major Breckenridge, of the First Virginia cavalry. The prisoners are a sorry-looking set.

LATEST REPORTS FROM HEADQUARTERS.

Headquarters, Thursday, March 19.

Gen. Hooker reviewed the Twelfth Corps to-day.

Our casualties in the cavalry fight of the 17th will number less than forty. All the wounded were brought into camp, except five, who were too seriously hurt to be moved. The cavalry are in good spirits over their affair, which they claim to be the greatest hand-to-hand cavalry combat that ever took place on this Continent, and only equaled by one fought in Europe.

The enemy are not inclined to talk about it, and no slurs or insinuations come from their pickets.

We have a snow-storm to-night.

THE BATTLE OF FREDERICKSBURGH.

An Authentic Statement of the Part Taken by Gen. Franklin in that Battle.

Hon. Henry J. Raymond—*Sir:* On the 25th day of January last, an order from the War Department was published relieving Maj.-Gen. William B. Franklin from his command of the Left Grand Division of the Army of the Potomac. It did not appear by the order to have been at his request, but it transpired, when his own order was published, that he had not asked to be relieved.

As Gen. Franklin had been recognized as one of the ablest of the Generals in the service of the United States, it was at once perceived that some reason existed for his removal not known to the public at large. It was announced in some of the newspaper dispatches from Washington that a Court of Inquiry into his conduct had been ordered, and the names of the members of it were given. Nearly two months have elapsed, and no Court has been convened. On the 27th of January, a statement was published in the New-York Times, containing charges against Gen. Franklin as grave as can be alleged against a soldier, and which, when made against a General commanding a force in the field of forty thousand men, assume a national importance.

In order that this statement might lack no emphasis to call it to the attention of the public, it was printed over your own signature. You are not only the responsible editor of an influential and widely circulated journal, but you have filled some of the most important official positions in the State of New-York, and therefore a statement made under such auspices cannot be treated as an ordinary newspaper article. It is to be regretted that the Administration has not ordered an investigation into the subject, and thus furnished the means by which the public judgment could be invoked upon all the evidence in the case. But when the causes of such a disaster as that at Fredericksburgh are attributed to the most serious of all military offences—a disobedience of orders—upon testimony apparently derived from the most authentic sources, and an officer who had been gradually winning his way, without much aid from army correspondents, to the highest point of public confidence, is the one charged with such disobedience and its consequences, justice, not only to the officer himself, but to the people who have been compelled to taste, through the dreadful ordeal of successive defeats, the bitter fruits of bad generalship, demands that the leading facts connected with this sad business have equal publicity with your statement. I rely upon the spirit of fairness which has always characterized the conduct of your paper for space enough for this answer.

Gen. Franklin's command in the Army of the Potomac consisted of the Sixth Corps, under the command of Major-Gen. Wm. F. Smith, and of the First Corps, under the command of Major-Gen. John F. Reynolds. The statements in writing of both these gentlemen, sustained by the statements of other officers of rank and character belonging to the left Grand Division, together with the order under which Gen. Franklin acted at the battle of Fredericksburgh, as well as copies of the reports made from the Left Grand Division during the day of the battle, have been furnished to the writer, and this statement is based on this testimony. The prominent feature of your statement, inculpating Gen. Franklin with reference to the battle of Fredericksburgh, is, that Gen. Burnside's plan of that battle was to make the "*main attack*" upon the rebel right, which was opposite our left, commanded by Gen. Franklin. The sentence is italicised, and is in these words:

"*The main attack was designed to be upon the rebel right,* and the object of it was to break their line there, where it was weakest, turn them and then—with the coöperation of Sumner attacking in front—to complete the victory, and convert it into a rout. Gen. Franklin led the main attack with his own Grand Division and two small *corps* from Hooker's. His orders were to attack with *with at least one corps*, vigorously, and then to follow up the attack with prompt and heavy supports. He sent Gen. Meade to the attacks commanding the smallest corps of all. Gen. Meade attacked with great vigor, *broke the rebel line, and actually pushed his advance into the midst of the ammunition-wagons and baggage-train in the rear.* He had completely succeeded in the appointed work; the forces opposed to him were utterly routed, and all he needed was prompt and effective support. *This he did not receive.* Gen. Franklin sent another small *corps* to his aid, but it arrived too late. The enemy, seeing Meade come to a stand, had rallied; reinforcements were pushed forward, and before Meade's supports came up, his force was driven back, and it became impossible to reëstablish the line. Gen. Franklin gave as a reason for not sending forward heavier and prompter supports, that he was afraid the enemy would *seize his bridges, and cut off his means of retreat.*"

The evident meaning of this is that the *main attack* of the army of the Potomac upon the rebel force at Fredericksburgh was intended by Gen. Burnside to be made against the rebel right; that Gen. Franklin was ordered to make such an attack, and that in consequence of not obeying or carrying out the orders, the battle was lost. Of the thousands who have read that statement, every reader unacquainted with the facts, except from the statement, has put exactly that construction upon it—a construction which you yourself must have believed to be the true one when you wrote it. To the contrary of this, Gen. Franklin never received an order to make any such attack, and Gen. Burnside never intended that Gen. Franklin should make any such attack, as appears not only from the order itself, but from his subsequent letter to Gen. Halleck, (hereafter referred to,) as well as from the absence of all preparation by him for an attack of that description. Gen. Franklin, on the day before the battle was fought, expressed to Gen. Burnside, in the fullest manner, his opinion, that just such an attack as you state was intended, was the true and proper plan; while the order he received, and under which he acted, contemplated, neither in language or spirit, anything like it. The battle was fought on the 13th of December. By three o'clock on the 12th, the two corps of Gens. Smith and Reynolds had crossed the river and were posted in line of battle.

Gen. Stoneman, with two divisions of Hooker's, was yet on the north side of the Rappahannock. The Sixth corps crossed first, and as soon as the fog lifted, Gen. Smith rode to the front and made as much of a personal survey of the position of the enemy as was practicable under the circumstances. This view of the ground confirmed the opinion entertained by Gen. Franklin and his corps commanders that an attack in force, consisting of at least thirty thousand men, should be made from our left front, early next morning before the fog lifted. At 5 o'clock of that afternoon, Gen. Burnside came to Gen. Franklin's headquarters, where he remained at least an hour. At this interview Gen. Burnside was made fully acquainted with the result of the examination and of the opinion of Gen. Franklin that such an attack should be made. Gen. Burnside left without assenting to or dissenting from the plan, but with the express promise *that Gen. Franklin should receive his orders in two or three hours.* The necessity of receiving the orders certainly before midnight was pressed upon him, for the reason, *that if an attack in force was to be made, it would require the best part of the night* to cross Stoneman's divisions and make the other preparations necessary for such an attack. Gen. Burnside left Gen. Franklin's headquarters about 6 o'clock, and Gen. Franklin, with his corps commanders, remained in his tent dressed during the night awaiting the expected orders. At midnight, no orders having come, Col. McMahon was sent to the telegraph station to ask for them. He received and reported the answer that they were being prepared and would be sent forthwith. From this time until thirty minutes past seven in the morning, Gen. Franklin received no intelligence from Gen. Burnside. At that hour he received the order on which he acted in that day's battle. In your statement, after saying that under the order the "*main attack*" was designed on the rebel right, you give the language of the order as follows: "His (Franklin's) orders were to attack with at least one corps vigorously, *and then to follow up the attack with prompt and heavy supports.*"

Gen. Franklin's whole force consisted of two corps, of three divisions each, and Stoneman's two divisions on the other side of the river; but it is quite evident from the context, that in using the word "corps," you intended to use the word "division," and it is but fair to treat it as if you had used the latter word in describing the force with which the attack was to be made. The original order sent to Gen. Franklin lies before the writer, in which the Commanding General directs Gen. Franklin to *keep his whole command in position for a rapid movement down the old Richmond road*, and to send out, *at once, a division at least*, to pass below Smithfield to seize, if possible, the height near Capt. Hamilton's, *taking care to keep it well supported, and its line of retreat open.* The order further stated that two of Gen. Hooker's divisions were in the rear at the bridges, and would remain there as supports. These were Stoneman's divisions before referred to.

This is dated Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Dec. 13, 5:55 A. M., and as before observed, was received at 7:30 A. M. Thus, it will be seen that Gen. Franklin was ordered—first, to keep his *whole command* in position for a rapid movement down the old Richmond road; second, to send out, at once, at least a division, to seize if possible the height near Hamilton's; third, to keep this division well supported; and fourth, its line of retreat open. It does not require a military man to see that Gen. Burnside did not mean to make his *main attack* upon the rebel army under an order to the General conducting the attack *to keep his whole command in position for a rapid movement down a particular road*, and secondary to this, to send at once a division to seize a particular height, which division was to be kept well supported, and its line of retreat open.

Not a word is said about "attacking vigorously," or "following up the attack with prompt and heavy support," but as the event proved, before the sun had reached its meridian, Gen. Franklin was compelled to send, and did send, prompt and heavy supports to this attack, in which his whole command, instead of being "kept in position for a rapid movement down the Richmond road," was put in requisition to save his wing from destruction, and to "keep his line of retreat open,"—a part of the order, the wisdom of which no one will dispute. Immediately after the receipt of the order, Gen. Franklin directed Gen. Reynolds, with his corps of three divisions to execute it. This corps was posted with Gen. Meade (one of the best officers in our service,) on the left, Gen. Gibbon on the right, and Gen. Doubleday in reserve. This corps was at once put in motion. Shortly after Meade advanced, the enemy's cavalry appeared on the left, accompanied by artillery, and Doubleday was ordered to drive them away. Shortly after these troops were advanced, Gen. Franklin sent to Gen. Stoneman to cross the bridge with one of his divisions, and before it reached the field it was ordered to report to Gen. Reynolds. Before the First division had entirely crossed, he ordered Stoneman's Second division over. One of Smith's divisions was also ordered to report to Reynolds.

These facts are not only collected from the written statements of some of the officers engaged, but I have before me a copy of the written reports sent to Gen. Burnside by the General officer who brought the order and remained with the left wing during the day, being fourteen in number—the first dated at 7:40 in the morning, informing the Commanding General that *Meade's division was to make the movement*, and the last sent at 4.30 P. M. By these reports, Gen. Burnside was informed that Meade, before 3:40 of that day had been aided by no less than five divisions beside his own, and, as Franklin had but eight in all, the General Commanding had the means of knowing how much of Franklin's "whole command" was left "to be kept in position for the rapid movement down the Richmond road and the line of retreat open." These divisions were commanded by Gibbon, Doubleday, Birney, Sickles and Newton. From this testimony it must be determined whether or not Gen. Franklin faithfully carried out the order to keep the division well supported, having his bridge and the whole of his right and centre to protect, and the imperative duty of a Commander, as well as the order of Gen. Burnside, to keep the line of retreat open.

On the 19th of December, Gen. Burnside addressed a letter to Gen. Halleck, from which it appears, six days after the battle, that he had never intended to make his *main attack* from our left, for in that letter he says, referring to the enemy:

"I discovered that he did not anticipate the crossing of our whole force at Fredericksburgh, and I hoped, by rapidly throwing the whole command over at that place to separate, by a *vigorous attack*, the forces of the enemy on the river below from the forces *behind and on the crest in the rear of the town*, in which case we could fight him with great advantage in our favor. For this we had to gain a height on the *extreme right* of the crest which commanded a new road lately made by the enemy," &c.

As Gen. Franklin's force was at least two miles below Fredericksburgh, the height upon which Gen. Burnside intended to make this "vigorous attack" could not have been Hamilton's Hill; and if he intended on that day to have made a *main attack* anywhere, it must have been the one referred to in his letter "in the rear of the town."

A candid and careful consideration of the order and of what took place immediately before and after it, shows conclusively that the information upon which you prepared your statement, was erroneous, and that the inferences drawn by you from such information, in reference to the battle of Fredericksburgh, are unwarranted. They do great injustice to a man who has passed his life either under canvas, or facing the enemy on the field of battle, from the first conflict at Bull Run down to his relief from command on the Rappahannock. If left unexplained, they do still greater wrong to our cause in weakening the confidence of the people in a brave, skillful and loyal officer; not only so, they place Gen. Burnside in a position he cannot desire to occupy. He knew that the same men whose fighting qualities he had tested at Antietam Bridge, and upon whom the life of the rebellion depended, were waiting for him behind the works in front of him, which nature had made almost impregnable. Under his command he counted one hundred and thirty thousand men on whom the hopes of the nation hung, to destroy that rebel force. He knew that wherever he should determine to make a *main attack* he would concentrate against him the desperate resistance of the flower of the rebel army led by able and determined officers. With a full consciousness of the momentous issues depending on the conflict of the morrow, will it be believed that he would have permitted all that night to pass without communicating his plans or a word of preparation to the General who was to make this "*main attack!*" Still more, who will do him the injustice to suppose that he could have designed making his *main attack* against an army which had thus far proved itself invincible, holding a vastly superior position, under an order so entirely inadequate to the success of any such attempt? He knew then, and rebel maps which have come into our possession since fully confirm it, that to have made his "main attack" from his left, it would have been necessary to cross Stoneman's division in the night, and during the night to have prepared a storming column of at least forty thousand men to move at daylight, and with such preparations and force, and with orders to carry Hamilton's Hill at all hazards, Gen. Franklin and his troops would have carried it, or left their dead bodies on the field as witnesses of their obedience to orders and their devotion to their country.

One word more and I have done. Lest it may be supposed that some of the suggestions in the statement referring to the opposition of officers to Gen. Burnside's plan may be supposed to refer to Gen. Franklin, I have authority for saying that the only opinions he expressed to Gen. Burnside in regard to his movement, were in response to Gen. Burnside's request for his opinion, made in the presence only of such officers as Gen. Burnside invited to be present. On such occasions his opinions were frankly given. These opinions were expressed to no one else, at any time or place, except to his general officers, when availing himself of their judgment and ability, in order to give the best advice in his power, when asked for it by the General Commanding. He never communicated these in any other way to any other persons. It will be conceded by all fair-minded men that when he was called upon in council or at any other time, by his Commanding General, for his advice or opinion, he was bound to give it frankly. That he did so is true, and it is equally true and susceptible of abundant proof, that after the time for the expression of opinions had passed, and the course of the commanding officer had been decided upon, Gen. Franklin gave his whole heart and whatever powers of generalship he possessed, and required the same of his subordinates, to the full and prompt execution of his orders, without the slightest reference to his opinion as to their wisdom.

Yours, respectfully,

THE FIGHT ON THE BLACKWATER.

Attack on Rebel Breastworks—Failure to Carry Them—Our Loss 17 Wounded and Missing—Capture of Ten Rebels.

Fortress Monroe, Thursday, March 19.

Last Tuesday, Col. Spear, of the Eleventh Pennsylvania cavalry, and some artillery attacked the rebel breastworks on the Blackwater, but failed to carry them. Our loss was 17 wounded and missing.

A detachment of mounted rifles under Lieut. Hill, captured ten rebels at the same time.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Capture of a Blockade-Runner—Movements of the Keokuk and Juniata—The Rebels Making Demonstrations at Gloucester Point and Williamsburgh.

Fortress Monroe, Tuesday, March 17.

Last night Lieut.-Col. Whipple, of the Nineteenth Wisconsin, captured a small boat attempting to run the blockade on Elizabeth River, near Norfolk. She had about $2,000 worth of contraband goods on board. Three of the men were arrested and taken to Norfolk.

The iron-clad *Keokuk* passed down the Hampton Roads this morning, and returned at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The Yorktown *Cavalier*, March 17, contains the following:

From Williamsburgh.—Yesterday some thirty or forty of the enemy fired upon our pickets stationed in the direction of Richmond. The pickets returned the fire, and the enemy beat a hasty retreat. No loss was sustained, and all is again quiet. It was probably their purpose to induce our men to pursue them and fall into another ambuscade.

Another Rebel Raid.—On Saturday last, Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, with about 2,000 cavalry and two pieces of artillery, made a hurried advance upon our lines at Gloucester, but hearing of some reinforcements to our forces at that point, they retired as rapidly as they came. It is rumored they had gone for reinforcements, but we are ready for them.

The United States sloop-of-war *Juniata* arrived at 2 o'clock this afternoon from Philadelphia.

Fortress Monroe, Wednesday, March 18.

A northeast rain storm commenced here this afternoon.

A ball, given by the officers of the Ninth Army Corps, takes place at Newports News to-night. Several are invited from Old Point.

IMPORTANT FROM NORTH CAROLINA

The Demonstration of the Rebels Against Newbern.

Desperate Attack on Fort Anderson.

The Rebels Repulsed in Two Attempts to Carry the Works.

GREAT SLAUGHTER IN THEIR RANKS.

Our Loss But One Man Killed and Two Wounded.

Effectiveness of Our Gunboats and Twenty Pound Howitzers.

On the 6th inst. Gen. Henry Prince, with his Division, Belger's and Riggs' Battery, and a portion of the Third New-York Cavalry, started on a reconnoisance to the south of Newbern. It was most successful in its results. The rebel cavalry force in Onslow County was completely broken up. Lieut. Williams, of the Sixty-third North Carolina Cavalry, and about a dozen prisoners, were captured, and the balance were dispersed, taking to the swamps to avoid being taken.

The reconnoissance extended to Jacksonville, Onslow County, and information of very valuable nature was obtained. The expedition returned to Newbern on the 11th inst., the enemy having failed to make a stand. Spinola's and Jourdan's Brigades comprised the infantry force, under Gen. Prince.

On the north side of the Trent River, the Twenty-fifth Massachusetts volunteers, with two companies of the Third New-York cavalry, started on an expedition to proceed on the road as far as the Kinston and Trenton forks. They surprised a rebel encampment of two companies by night, and captured or dispersed the command, destroying their camp equipage, &c.

On the 13th, the anniversary of the opening of the battle of Newbern, the enemy appeared in large force between the Trent and Neuse Rivers, and drove our pickets in over Deep Gully. Col. Lewis, commanding the Third New-York cavalry, was immediately thrown out with Belger's battery, to hold the enemy in check, which he successfully accomplished, when Gen. Palmer came up with a portion of his command, and the enemy fell back.

On the morning of the 14th, a large force of the enemy, with eighteen pieces of artillery, appeared in front of Fort Anderson, on the north side of the Neuse, and commenced its bombardment. Fort Anderson is an unfinished earthwork, without any cannon then mounted.

The enemy sent in, by flag of truce, a summons to surrender, to which Col. Anderson, commanding the garrison with the Ninety-second New-York Volunteers, replied that it would be impossible for him to entertain the proposition, and immediately sent word to Gen. Foster, at Newbern, of the force and description of the enemy.

The enemy, under command of Gen. Pettigrew, opened with their batteries at short range with shot, shell and canister; the men protected by the parapet were untouched, but the tents in rear of the fort were completely riddled.

The cannonading at daylight aroused the whole town, the troops were under arms, and everything made ready for a general attack on the city.

Gen. Foster sent word to the garrison to hold out till the last moment and never to surrender.

The gunboats under command of Commodore Murray were soon in position, and the scene became one of intense excitement; everything centered on the little band in the fort. The gunboats soon sent their terrible missiles, and told upon the enemy with good effect—one shell from the *Hunchback* killing two men and wounding thirteen.

The enemy's fire slackened and then entirely ceased; another flag of truce, with a summons to surrender, giving Col. Anderson seven minutes to answer in before an assault. Col. Anderson replied that *he did not want seven seconds*, and that when they fired it suited his convenience, as well as the assault.

During this time Gen. Prince had been placing in position some 20-pound howitzers belonging to Ransom's Battery, and they opened upon the enemy in a lively manner, and after three hours' sharp work, the enemy fell back repulsed in their efforts to capture Col. Anderson and his command.

During the day the fort was reinforced by the Eighty-fifth New-York.

Gen. Foster was present where the danger was most imminent, and directed in person much of the artillery fire from the Newbern side of the Neuse River.

The casualties were very slight on our side—*one man killed and two wounded.*

The intentions of the enemy were not fully ascertained when our informant left, on Sunday at 2 o'clock. Gen. Prince, with his division, was *en route* to the front, and would give the enemy battle, if they should make a stand.

During the cannonading the banks of the Neuse were lined with men, women and children, as well as the house-tops.

A deserter reports that the enemy suffered severely from the shells of the gunboats and our twenty-pounder howitzers. The shots from the enemy's guns seldom reached the Newberne side of the Neuse. One gun of the enemy burst during the engagement, killing and wounding several.

REBEL REPORTS.

Raleigh, Sunday, March 15.

Gen. D. H. Hill came upon the enemy's outposts at Deep Gully, on the Trent Road, eight miles this side of Newbern. The enemy's force consisted of four companies of infantry and one light battery. They fled across the river and destroyed the bridge. A Yankee and a buffalo were captured. Gen. Hill was moving on Newbern.

Important Operations Against the Guerrillas.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

Newbern, N. C., Monday, March 9, 1863.

On Sunday, March 1, an expedition left this city for Hyde County, to route and disperse the guerrillas infesting that portion of the State. The expedition consisted of Company F, Third New-York cavalry, Capt. Richardson; one howitzer, under command of Lieut. Burk, and Company G, First regiment North Carolina Union Volunteers, under command of Lieut. J. M. Joy, and the combined force under command of Capt. Richardson, embarked on board the steamer *Escort*, and accompanied by the gunboat *North Star*, sailed for Rose Bay Bridge, at which place they arrived on Monday noon.

Immediately disembarking, they proceeded to make a detour around Lake Mittimiskeet. On Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, the guerrillas were overtaken at a place called Skeet, about 9 miles from Lake Landing. Some eight or ten shots were fired, when the infantry, immediately deployed as skirmishers, and firing as they advanced, charged into the wood, dispersing and routing the guerrillas. The howitzer was used with great effect.

The expedition arrived within a mile and a half of Swan Quarter, when they encountered the guerrillas posted in strong force. A volley was received, which killed three cavalry-men, and wounded fifteen. The infantry immediately advanced and poured in a deadly fire. The battery advanced to the front, and proceeded to shell the woods with canister. In this advance Lieut. Burk had two of his teeth knocked out by a buck-shot, and a private of the First North Carolina was mortally wounded. The charge was entirely successful, and the rebels were driven at the point of the bayonet, losing their Captain killed, and 27 or 28 killed and wounded.

The expedition then marched into Swan Quarter, where the Federal dead and wounded were conveyed, and every attention paid requisite. Learning that the rebels were strongly intrenched and reinforced between this place and Rose Bay Bridge, a council was held, and it was decided to send for boats, and embark for Swan Quarter. Accordingly a boat was dispatched for the transport and gunboat. On Thursday about 3 P. M., the force was reembarked with the dead and wounded. The Lieutenant of the guerilla force was captured, but fell overboard from the steamer and was drowned. The expedition arrived at Newbern on Friday.

A large expedition left March 7, sufficiently strong to clean out all the guerrillas.

The following is a list of the casualties attending the expedition:

Killed.—Orderly Sergt. E. D. Sherling, Company F, Third New-York cavalry; Sergt. Chas. Beales, Company F, Third New-York cavalry; Sergt. Morris Harrinton, Company F, Third New-York cavalry; Corp. M. Van Vleck, Company F, Third New-York cavalry; Private Wm. Fletcher, Company G, First North Carolina (Union) Volunteers.

Wounded.—Lieut. Leon Renson, Lieut. H. W Burke, Sergt. B. Kemp, C. W. Dye, Elijah Hall, J. McCarroll, Wm. Churchill, Fileo Fuller, S. O. Gardner, Henry Johnson, Melville Pendill, Martin Ruland, all of Company F, Third New-York cavalry.

The cavalry behaved with great gallantry, and being in the advance, sustained nearly all the loss.

THE PORT HUDSON AFFAIR

Full Account from the Richmond Papers.

Attempt of Admiral Farragut to Run the Rebel Batteries.

TERRIFIC MIDNIGHT ENGAGEMENT.

One Gunboat Successful in Running Past.

The Mississippi Burnt to the Water's Edge.

A NUMBER OF HER MEN CAPTURED.

The following paragraph, from the Richmond papers of the 16th inst., is the basis of the dispatch from Fortress Monroe published in the Times yesterday:

"Farragut has made an attack on Port Hudson, and has been repulsed. The *Mississippi* was burnt, and Farragut went down the river in his flagship, disabled. The Federal land forces did not join in the attack."

The Richmond *Whig* of the 17th publishes the following further and more circumstantial account of the affair:

"The bombardment commenced on Port Hudson at 2 o'clock on the 14th. At 12 o'clock in the night a desperate engagement took place, *the enemy attempting to pass the batteries under cover of the darkness.*

The firing was terrific. *One gunboat passed in a damaged condition.* The United States sloop-of-war *Mississippi* was burned to the water's edge, in front of our batteries. One large vessel was completely riddled, a third badly crippled, and the rest were driven back.

Our victory was complete. *There were no casualties on our part.* Thirty-six men and one midshipman of the *Mississippi* were brought in by our cavalry, several of them severely wounded.

Farragut's flagship went down the river, disabled."

There is nothing further in Wednesday's Richmond papers.

Washington, Thursday, March 19.

The account in the Richmond *Examiner* of the 17th, dated Port Hudson, is substantially like that of the *Whig* of the same date, with the additional facts that the bombardment on the 14th commenced at 2 and continued till 5 o'clock. Our vessels, it is said, fired slowly, but the rebel batteries did not reply. The subsequent desperate engagement spoken of continued from midnight until 2 in the morning. The boat that passed the batteries is, the telegram alleges, so much disabled as to render her achievement fruitless.

Proposed Fortification of Louisville.

Louisville, Thursday, March 19.

The *Journal* editorially recommends immediate preparations for the defence of that city by fortifications.

AFFAIRS IN MEXICO.

Movements of the Invading Force—The French Army Advancing—Proclamation of Gen. Forey—Desertions from the French Army Invited by the Mexicans.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

HAVANA, Monday, March 9, 1863.

The English mail steamer *Clyde* arrived yesterday from Vera Cruz. The news it brings is not of a striking character. We learn that GONZALEZ ORTEGA continues in Puebla at the head of 24,000 men; that the fortifications of that city are finished, and that great enthusiasm prevails among the garrison and inhabitants.

COMONFORT is intrusted with the defence of the intrenchments or outworks, at the head of a division of six or seven thousand men, and he has his headquarters in San Martin de Tesmehuacan, a place on the road to Mexico, distant eight leagues from Puebla, and he is now occupied in fortifying Tlaxcala. MARQUEZ is in Huamantla.

With respect to the French army, it is in San Juan de los Llanos, having abandoned Perote, and all the line of Jalapa.

It is confidently asserted by many that if the French succeed in taking Puebla, Mexico cannot be defended, and will fall, for its line of fortifications requires a force of 40,000 or 50,000 men to defend it. Should this be the case, the war of guerrillas will in reality begin, for their present exploits, though doing immense injury to the French, will be slight compared to what may be expected hereafter. The French troops are extremely discontented, and the soldiers are every day deserting and finding their way to Mexico. In the meantime the guerrillas continue their forays up to the gates of Vera Cruz.

FOREY has issued a proclamation to the inhabitants of Orizaba, bidding them farewell. The only thing remarkable in it is his confession that the French do not possess the sympathies of the people of Orizaba, although they have been blessed with their presence for the last nine months.

The *Diario de la Marina* of this afternoon, in an extra, says:

It was announced in Vera Cruz by a messenger dispatched from the Capital on the 23d, that the movement of the French against Puebla had at last begun. On the 19th there left Orizaba the sappers and miners with the engineer staff; on the 21st, the General of artillery set out; on the 23d, the Commander-in-Chief, and on the 25th, Mr. DE SALIGNY, Gen. ALMONTE and others followed. According to our correspondent the French army was accompanied by a large number of wagons and mules, with a great abundance of munitions of war, and provisions. We are likewise informed that the park of artillery intended for attacking Puebla consists of two mortars of 14-inch, a battery of rifled cannon and several field-pieces. In Orizaba, Cordova, la Soledad and Tejeria, there remain garrisons, supposed to be sufficient to protect those military posts and the roads. The general depot of the French army had been fixed at Aguacochula. It was reported in Orizaba and Vera Cruz, by persons apparently well informed, that if the French took Puebla the Capital would not be defended, and that JUAREZ would move to Morelia with his Government. The last named place had been supplied with war materials, and it is added that a part of the archives had already been taken there.

President JUAREZ continued loading the Mexicans with new taxes. He had recently invented the contrivance of imposing a tax of one per cent. upon the value of all drafts that should be intercepted.

The *Narrador Imparcial*, of Vera Cruz, publishes the news that the so-called Reactionaries were pressing nearer and nearer on the Capital, with 25,000 men, of whom 20,000 were cavalry. Little credit was, however, given to this news.

Four hundred Egyptians had arrived at Vera Cruz, intended to garrison that place. The passage, it is added, must have been bad, for as soon as the vessel arrived, a hundred of them went into the hospitals. Some fatal cases of malignant small-pox had occurred at Vera Cruz. The French army, which had been put in motion, consisted of about 30,000 men. It is mentioned in a letter that eight or ten thousand would surround Puebla, and the rest go on to Mexico. On the 28th ult., a French steam transport, with fifty convicts on board, left Vera Cruz for Martinique. The *Independiente*, of Jalapa, a paper in the interest of JUAREZ, gives the following particulars in its paper of the 18th:

Deserters from the French camp arrived daily at Puebla, but lately the desertion has so much increased that they leave in bodies of 20 and 25. The invading army continued in the line that it has occupied for a fortnight, and was every now and then molested by our cavalry forces, as will be seen by the following dispatch from Gen. RIVERA:

FEDERAL ARMY—BRIGADE RIVERA.

To the Governor of the Estate of Vera Cruz:

That you may not be without news of my forces and of those of the invaders, I give you the following account:

Knowing that the enemy, to the number of 1,800 men, were advancing in the direction of Nopalacain with a convoy, I proposed to take it from him. Just as I met with his vanguard, and was commencing the attack, he received a reinforcement of 3,000 men, of the three arms, which had been previously placed in ambuscade. They immediately formed four columns with the corresponding batteries, and a desperate contest took place. As their force was considerable my object could not be attained, but, notwithstanding, their entrance into Los Llanos was prevented, and some soldiers and Arabian horses were killed, the loss on my part being 11 men wounded and 8 horses killed, leaving the honor of our arms untarnished.

AURELIANO RIVERA.

LLANOS, Feb. 14, 1863.

From Puebla de Zaragoza, we have received the following circular, in French:

ARMY OF THE EAST—COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

The citizen Minister of War writes to me under yesterday's date as follows:

By the declarations of the greater part of the deserters from the invading army it is understood that the soldiers who compose it are becoming persuaded that neither our Government nor our country is in the state of disorganization which had been described to them; on the contrary, they now comprehend that they are to be tools to establish oppression and despotism in a country in which the greatest and best regulated liberty reigns, based on a Constitution that proclaims the same principles as to individual liberty that these very soldiers have formerly defended with their lives in Europe, and that have also been proclaimed by their eminent writers in their works.

In consequence, the citizen President of the Republic desires that by all the means in your reach, you will let the French soldier know that the Government will continue affording resources, as it has hitherto done, to all who present themselves, and until they can find honest means of supporting themselves in the Republic, where all enjoy complete liberty, where principally the industrious and saving foreigner finds innumerable opportunities of acquiring, as is proved by a number of examples, a fortune difficult to make in Europe, and where besides he is free from military service, and placed under the protection of the authorities, who are particularly careful to be just. This Government recommends you then, to transmit your orders to the commanding officers of the advanced forces and to the civil authorities, so that the French who present themselves, with the intention of leaving the invading army, may be well received and provided with everything necessary to continue their journey to the capital, where, as before said, the Government will afford them resources, and attend to them till they find occupation to give them means to subsist and enjoy the quiet life of an industrious man.

And I communicate it to you, that, with the above directions, you may attend to the deserters from the invading army who present themselves, and also that you may take care that the present circular shall get to the knowledge of the said army, so that those who fear being badly received by the people and Government of Mexico may be convinced of the contrary, and decide to abandon a cause that Europe itself has declared dishonorable to the French people.

Liberty and Reform. ORTEGA.

PUEBLA DE ZARAGOZA, Feb. 1, 1863.

From Mexico we are informed of the complete defeat of the Reactionist ARGUELLES, in San Felipe del Obrage. He commanded 300 men. They took from him over 100 horses, a quantity of arms, and he lost 20 prisoners or killed, of whom 8 were officers. The Mexican paper *Siglo XIX.* affirms that the town of Zacapoaxtla has been declared in a state of siege.

Six thousand soldiers had left Mexico, to join the Army of the East. The Government had received 5,000 rifles at Matamoras. These proceeded from the United States. Gen. COMONFORT has nearly recovered from his sickness.

The *Monitor* of the 4th says:

"The patriotic and determined Secretary of the Treasury has made a collection of $607,000, considering, as far as could be done, the interest and the security of the capitalists who paid their quotas. Señor MIER and TERAN, put down at $30,000, when he has already given a million in a few years, with a patriotism that does him honor, reported himself immediately with $25,000, promising the balance in a short time."

News from the Isla of Carmen, received *via* Vera Cruz, comes down to the 18th ult.

The *Bandera Nacional* publishes, in an extra, the official accounts of a desperate fight, in which some 400 men of JUAREZ' army were repulsed on the 15th with rather heavy loss, by the commanders of the contrary party, Don EDWARDO AREVALO and Don PEDRO POCUNELL, who had not so numerous a force, but was assisted by the artillery of the vessel of war *Diana*, which went up the river some distance. The partisans of JUAREZ, proceeding from Jonuta had tried to intrench themselves in the *rancho* of San Joaquin, and to seize Palizada, both of which belong to the territory of Carmen. It appears that they lost about 25 men killed and wounded, and the reactionaries four of the latter.

The following is the

PROCLAMATION

by Gen. FOREY to the inhabitants of Orizaba:

INHABITANTS OF ORIZABA: Within a few days I am going to leave this city to undertake military operations the preparations for which, intended to insure a fortunate result, have detained me here so long; but I do not wish to set out without addressing some words to you, which I hope you will understand, for they come from the heart.

In the first place, I thank you for the reception which the expeditionary corps has found in your city during a residence of nine months, during which time good order has not ceased to reign in it, and our soldiers have enjoyed the same safety as if in their own country. If we do not owe it to your sympathies, (and I should be happy if it were so,) at least we owe it to a good disposition of mind, for which we ought ever to be grateful to you. I do not think it is a delusion of mine, to imagine that the sight and acquaintanceship of our soldiers, who, in all parts of the world have made themselves loved and regretted, even by their enemies, must have produced the same effect on you, who have witnessed their order, their discipline, and the mildness of their manners; nor is it possible that your countrymen, who have seen them in other parts of the country, can fail to recognize in them the sons of that beautiful France which marches at the head of civilization.

For this reason I harbor the hope that you will have understood the intentions of the Emperor, whose designs in sending us to Mexico have been no other, believe me, than to obtain by means of arms just amends for the injuries of which you are aware, and which negotiations could not obtain, and afterward to reconcile your country with Europe, and especially with France, with which your former sympathies would never have ceased had it not been for the conduct of your present Government.

As for me, if I beg Heaven to favor our arms, it is not so much on account of a vain ambition for personal glory as on account of the prosperity of your fine country, to which we have come, in order to bring, at the cost of our blood, these two precious blessings, without which society cannot exist—*Order* and *Liberty*.

Adieu, then, inhabitants of Orizaba, or rather, I would say, adieu for the present, because I hope to see you again.

God alone knows the future; but, whatever future is reserved for me, I shall never forget the hospitality that I have received here, and shall all my life preserve most pleasant remembrances of your city.

ORIZABA, Feb. 16, 1863.—General of Division, Senator, General-in-Chief of the Expeditionary Corps of Mexico,

FOREY.

CARE OF SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS.

Remonstrance Against the Passage of a Bill Before the Legislature.

UNITED STATES SANITARY COMMISSION,
NEW-YORK AGENCY, No. 823 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1863.

To Dr. Quackenbush, Surgeon-General of the State of New-York:

SIR: The attention of the United States Sanitary Commission has just been called to a bill soon to be brought forward in the State Legislature, entitled, "An act to provide additional means of relief for the sick and wounded soldiers of the State of New-York in the United States service."

Such a bill appeals so forcibly to the natural sympathies of our people, and to any, except the judgment of experts, presents such an aspect of humane interposition, to which no possible objections could occur, that we very much fear it may be hurried through the Legislature without due consideration. Persuaded that you, sir, must from the nature of your office, already feel the objection to any such bill, we have thought it our duty to ask you to oppose it, and would endeavor to strengthen your hands by stating briefly why it does not recommend itself to those who, like ourselves, have had a long and large experience of the wants and solaces of sick and wounded soldiers.

1. The National Government is the National soldiers' *best friend*, doing for him, at all times and under all circumstances, a hundred times over, all that any State Government, or any benevolent association of any kind or description can do. This is due to the fact that the United States Government has a great Medical Department, supported this year at an expense (including salaries) of at least $15,000,000, which is coextensive with the army, omnipresent, acting without reference to State troops, and therefore impartially, and in harmonious and coefficient relations with all the other army departments. To maintain the National Medical Department in the highest state of efficiency; to honor its rules and regulations; to strengthen its discipline, and the public respect and confidence for it; to look to it for the care of all our sick and wounded men while under the control of the Federal authorities—this, long experience has taught us, is the only thorough, humane and unexceptionable method of ministering to the health and restoration of our suffering troops.

No movements or schemes to succor our sick and wounded men, which are not national, which do not apply reform to the central source of relief, by improving the Medical Department of the United States Army itself—can be otherwise than illusive and superficial. Whatever has hitherto been effectually done to benefit, the cause of the sick and wounded soldier, has been done by increasing the force, improving the regulations, elevating the rank, or selecting more efficient presiding officers of the United States Medical Department. The vigilance of States should be directed almost exclusively to improving the general legislation of Congress in medical matters through their senators and representatives,—for as the New-York soldier is, or may be everywhere—at New-Orleans, Port Royal, Western Virginia, Vicksburgh, as well as near Washington—there is no chance or opportunity of taking care of him, except on some universal system which pervades the whole country—that is, not as a New-York soldier at all, but only as a National soldier. You must, then, invigorate the National Medical Department, and act through this, to be able to reach effectively your New-York soldier—who must commonly fall sick in places far beyond any State reach. If the State of New-York wishes to have *all* New-York soldiers who may fall sick, well taken care of, let her instruct her Senators to give their watchful and studious attention to whatever possible improvements, the general medical service of the army admits of. Nothing can secure any certain protection or care to the scattered and untraceable soldiers of this or any other State, except a general system, which contemplates and provides for the wants and perils of each and all our national troops. The slightest improvement at the centre is more efficacious than the largest at any given point of the circumference. Any general legislation at Washington for the improvement of the Medical Department is a thousand fold more effective than the most costly legislation respecting the comfort of their own troops in the National service, which individual States may devise or consummate.

2. But, more than this, State legislation is usually—not intentionally—either in opposition to or in rivalry with National legislation in regard to medical matters.

Already the great, beneficent, general system of the Government in its Medical Department has been constantly embarrassed by the well-meant efforts of benevolent associations, either representing States or communities, who have insisted on pursuing their humane work in their own way—confusing the regular system; disparaging and discrediting the responsible surgeons and nurses; exciting general suspicion of, and discontent with, their labors, and leaving the deluded public to imagine that voluntary associations, the Sanitary Commission, State societies, or local committees were the main reliance of the sick and wounded soldier. This is grossly unjust and mischievous. Three-quarters of all our sick are always beyond the reach and care of any State protection; and those who are not so, owe, and from the nature of the case must always owe, to the National Government itself, to its 3,000 responsible surgeons, and 15,000 hired nurses, and the regular national supplies, ten times (we think a hundred times) more than to all external or extra-federal sources of benevolence whatsoever.

State legislation and State interposition for the benefit of its own soldiers, after they pass into Federal or National hands, is purely injurious. It may have a show of benevolence and humanity, but it cannot have the substance of it. Let the States look well to their troops before they pass into National control! You know too well, Sir, as Surgeon-General of New-York, how much might be done, and has been done, and remains to be done, in regard to the new selection of regimental surgeons, of inspection, of care of troops *in transitu*, and before being mustered in, to doubt where State care ought to be applied. And, after the New-York soldier leaves the Federal wing, our State will have quite enough on her hands fitly to manifest her humane interest in his welfare. But any legislation which undertakes to look after him as a New-York soldier, while in the National army, is equally false in principle and ineffectual in practice. It emphasizes a distinction which, on patriotic grounds, ought to be smothered; it holds out a hope which cannot be fulfilled; it confuses and embarrasses a National system which should be cleared and facilitated; it sets an example of interference which, generally followed by other States, would clog, obstruct and shatter the great machinery of the National Medical Department, and disturb, to the universal loss and injury of all the sick and wounded, its beneficent and ever-improving workings.

We do not propose to examine the particular features of the bill, now threatening the welfare of the New-York national soldier. It is against the principle of it, and all similar bills, that we protest. We do not see, however, that there is a single provision of the bill which is not an attempt to do by State agents, what the National Government is either doing or is bound to do, and should and must be made to do by its own agents. The National Government is making provision at this very moment, to do for the New-York soldier, and every other soldier, precisely what this bill proposes—but could not do it if it were passed. It is arranging, and has already extensively arranged, for the transportation, at Government rates, of soldiers to the points nearest their homes, which it is possible to reach in public conveyances. It is preparing special *through* cars—the first arrived yesterday in Jersey City, with forty-two sick—for the easy and safe carriage of the sick and wounded between Washington and New-York—an advantage certain to accrue in a more than even proportion to the New-York troops. Registers of all the sick and wounded already exist in the offices of the Medical Directors, or the United States Sanitary Commission. Inspection of all hospitals is already systematically carried on by the new corps of Inspectors belonging to the Medical Department, but also a special kind by the United States Sanitary Commission—such as State agents could not properly be allowed to pursue, for with agents from each State ransacking each and every hospital at their will, only hopeless confusion and injury to the soldier could ensue.

The Medical Department of the United States army, at the outset of the war, asked for and received the aid of a Commission, appointed by Government, to organize and represent the voluntary benevolence and supervisory care of the homes and hearts of the whole country; to act with the Medical Department as a supplementary body, adopting its rules and regulations, sustaining its discipline, eking out its inevitable defects and pouring through its normal channels and machinery such extra supplies as the anxious affection and good-will of the public insisted upon contributing, as an expression of sympathy and love for the sick soldier. Thus originated the United States Sanitary Commission. The peculiarity of it is, that it is just as national as the Medical Department itself; as universal and impartial; that it proceeds by the same rules and principles; is a helper and friend, not a critic and rival. Its aim has been, and is thoroughly known and acknowledged by the Medical Bureau to be, purely supplementary, and in a spirit of entire subordination. Thus, it upholds its military discipline, supports all its rules and usages, sympathizes with and encourages the responsible authorities, aids the Medical Department in obtaining new facilities from Government, and in effecting beneficent universal reforms in its own general system. Thus sustained, the Medical Department has made prodigious strides in efficiency; it is now as well administered as any Department of the Army; it is steadily improving; it has the confidence of the civil medical profession; it is presided over by a man of consummate science, administrative ability and high personal integrity—a humane and progressive man—Gen. HAMMOND, Surgeon General of the United States Army. This semi-official Board, the United States Sanitary Commission, is the sole channel through which any extra-governmental aid can be given to the sick and wounded soldier, without violating the order, the discipline, the efficiency of the Medical Department itself. It has already earned such a confidence from the Government, the Surgeons, and the Generals in the field, that, next to the Medical Department, it is their main reliance, and it is not too much to say, that it has twenty times the opportunities, facilities and means of all other outside organizations combined, to aid the national soldier, whether in New-Orleans, Murfreesboro, Newbern, or near Washington. Its medical Inspectors, select and educated experts, accompany every column of the army; its supplementary supplies go with every expedition; its relief agents are wherever the sick soldier falls or lies—on the battle-field, in the hospital, with the transport; its homes and lodges, under the charge of the auxiliaries, are at Cincinnati, Louisville, Cairo, Nashville, Washington, and elsewhere. Thousands of soldiers—sick, wounded, convalescent, discharged—weekly receive its shelter and its food, its safe-conduct, its transportation facilities, its aid in securing their pay and pensions. Its special Hospital Inspection Corps, in which nearly a hundred of the most distinguished medical men in the country, from Wisconsin to Alabama, are enrolled, are on ceaseless rounds of rigid inspection of all hospitals, reporting to their chief, Dr. CLARKE, at Washington, who reports directly to the Surgeon General, himself, all existing defects, whether in the *personnel* or the general condition of hospitals, east and west. It has a great consolidated registration system, by means of which, on inquiry made, the whereabouts and condition of any sick or wounded soldier known to any department of the Government itself can be discovered by his anxious kindred and friends. It collects money on the largest scale ever known to volunteer benevolence, and gathers supplies in an equal scale of vastness—solely owing to the self-recommending nature of its methods and principles. Seven hundred thousand dollars have flowed into its treasury—not including the money in the treasuries of its auxiliaries—and supplies (including those received by its auxiliaries) to the value of three or four millions must have passed through its hands. Every dollar and every article is pledged to the watch and care and relief of the national soldier, and is impartially utilized for his benefit. Now, what State plan, what local effort can compete with so vast a national method and instrument as this? Why should State pride and local feeling be permitted to diminish its usefulness, by diverting any portion of the public sympathy or confidence from it; by encouraging other and obviously imperfect, partial, and competitive plans—not analogous with the Government system, or the Medical Department, and not acceptable to them? Is there not danger of impairing the usefulness of this tried system—of weakening the public confidence in it, and thus seriously injuring the national soldier in his sick-bed, or on his bloody battle-field? Nothing but a profound practical conviction, derived from thorough acquaintance with the subject, after two years' intense devotion to it—that every State movement, whether legislative or through popular organizations, which strives to discriminate among and separate out for special aid and attension, the soldiers of individual States, is a serious blow at the Government, the national cause, the Medical Department, the responsible surgeons and nurses charged with the care of the sick, the national soldier himself, and, finally, the very soldiers of the very State it is designed to bless—nothing but this solemn and well-considered conviction could embolden us to say so confidently and plainly what we have said in this letter, and what we earnestly commend to your intelligent and grave reflections, and through you to our State legislators. If it be suggested that we are speaking in the interest of the United States Sanitary Commission, let there be no doubt upon that point. We are so. But that Commission has no interest, except that of the Government, the cause and the national soldier—each and every one. It knows that whatever weakens its hands, weakens the Medical Department, the Government and the cause and injures the national soldier, whether sick or well. It claims the right to assert its disinterestedness in these statements, and flings itself boldly upon the character of its conductors, its allies, friends and supporters, for whatever weight these arguments may want beyond their own self-evident truth.

Very respectfully yours,

HENRY. W. BELLOWS, Chairman.
W. H. VAN BUREN, M. D.,
WOLCOTT GIBBS, M. D.,
C. E. AGNEW, M. D.,
GEORGE T. STRONG,
F. L. OLMSTED,
Executive Committee U. S. Sanitary Commission.

New-Jersey Legislature.

THE "PEACE" RESOLUTIONS AS PASSED BY THE HOUSE.

1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New-Jersey*, That this State, in promptly answering the calls made by the President of the United States, at and since the inauguration of the war, for troops and means to assist in maintaining the power and dignity of the Federal Government, believed and confided in the professions and declarations of the President of the United States, in his inaugural Address, and in the resolutions passed by Congress on the 25th day of July, 1861, in which, among other things, it was declared "that the war is not waged for conquest or subjugation, or interfering with the rights or established institutions of the States, but to maintain and defend the supremacy of the Constitution, with the rights and equality under it unimpaired, and that as soon as these objects shall be accomplished the war ought to cease;" and that, relying upon these assurances; given under the sanctity of official oaths, this State freely, fully and without delay or conditions, contributed to the assistance of the Federal Government her sons and her means.

2. *And be it resolved*, That this State having waited for the redemption of the sacred pledges of the President and Congress, with a patience and forbearance only equaled in degree by the unfaltering and unswerving bravery and fidelity of her sons, conceives it to be her solemn duty, as it is her unquestioned right, to urge upon the President and Congress, in the most respectful but decided manner, the redemption of the pledges under which the troops of this State entered upon, and to this moment have continued in the contest; and inasmuch as no conditions have delayed nor hesitation marked her zeal in behalf of the Federal Government, even at times when party dogmas were danuerously usurping the place of broad national principles and executive and Congressional faith; and as the devotion of this State to the sacred cause of perpetuating the Union and maintaining the Constitution has been untainted in any degree by infidelity, bigotry, sectionalism or partisanship, she now, in view of the faith originally plighted, of the disasters and disgrace that have marked the steps of a changed and changing policy, and of the imminent dangers that threaten our national existence, urges upon the President and Congress a return and adherence to the original policy of the Administration as the only means, under the blessing of God, by which the adhering States can be reunited in action, the Union restored, and the nation saved.

3. *And be it Resolved*, That it is the deliberate sense of the people of this State that the war power within the limits of the Constitution is ample for any and all emergencies, and that all assumptions of power, under whatever plea, beyond that conferred by the Constitution, is without warrant or authority, and if permitted to continue without remonstrance, will finally encompass the destruction of the liberties of the people and the death of the Republic; and therefore, to the end that in any event the matured and deliberate sense of the people of New-Jersey may be known and declared, we, their representatives in Senate and General Assembly convened, do, in their name and in their behalf, make unto the Federal Government this our solemn

PROTEST

Against a war waged with the insurgent States for the accomplishment of unconstitutional or partisan purposes;

Against a war which has for its object the subjugation of any of the States, with a view to their reduction to territorial condition;

Against proclamations from any source by which, under the plea of "military necessity," persons in States and Territories sustaining the Federal Government, and beyond necessary military lines, are held liable to the rigor and severity of military laws;

Against the domination of the military over the civil law in States, Territories or districts not in a state of insurrection;

Against all arrests without warrant; against the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in States and Territories sustaining the Federal Government, "where the public safety does not require it," and against the assumption of power by any person to suspend such writ, except under the express authority of Congress.

Against the creation of new States by the division of existing ones, or in any other manner not clearly authorized by the Constitution, and against the right of secession as practically admitted by the action of Congress in admitting as a new State a portion of the State of Virginia;

Against the power assumed in the Proclamation of the President made Jan. 1, 1863, by which all the slaves in certain States and parts of States are forever set free, and against the expenditure of the public moneys for the emancipation of slaves or their support at any time, under any pretence whatever;

Against any and every exercise of power upon the part of the Federal Government that is not clearly given and expressed in the Federal Constitution—reasserting that "the powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people."

4. *And be it Resolved*, That the unequaled promptness with which New-Jersey has responded to every call made by the President and Congress for men and means, has been occasioned by no lurking animosity to the States of the South or the rights of her people; no disposition to wrest from them any of their rights, privileges, or property, but simply to assist in maintaining, as she has ever believed and now believes it to be her duty to do, the supremacy of the Federal Constitution; and while abating naught in her devotion to the Union of the States and the dignity and power of the Federal Government, at no time since the commencement of the present war has this State been other than willing to terminate peacefully and honorably to all, a war unnecessary in its origin, fraught with horror and suffering in its prosecution, and necessarily dangerous to the liberties of all in its continuance.

5. *And be it Resolved*, That the Legislature of the State of New-Jersey believes that the appointment of Commissioners upon the part of the Federal Government to meet Commissioners similarly appointed by the insurgent States, to convene in some suitable place for the purpose of considering whether any, and if any, what plan may be adopted, consistent with the honor and dignity of the National Government, by which the present civil war may be brought to a close, is not inconsistent with the integrity, honor and dignity of the Federal Government, but as an indication of the spirit which animates the adhering States, would in any event tend to strengthen us in the opinion of other nations; and hoping, as we sincerely do, that the Southern States would reciprocate the peaceful indications thus evinced, and believing, as we do, that under the blessing of God, great benefits would arise from such a conference, we most earnestly recommend the subject to the consideration of the Government of the United States, and request its coöperation therein.

6. *And be it Resolved*, That His Excellency the Governor be requested to forward copies of these resolutions to the Government of the United States, our Senators and Representatives in Congress, and to the Governors and Legislatures of our sister States, with the request that they give the subject proposed their serious and immediate attention.

7. *And be it Resolved*, That the State of New-Jersey pledges itself to such prompt action upon the subject of these resolutions as will give them practical effect, immediately upon the concurrence or coöperation of the Government and Legislatures of sister States.

The New-Jersey Soldiers on the Action of the Legislature.

CAMP OF THE ELEVENTH NEW-JERSEY VOLS.,
Below Falmouth, Va., March 10, 1863.

Whereas, The Legislature of our native State, a State hallowed by the remembrance of the battles of Princeton, Trenton and Monmouth, fields stained by the blood of our forefathers in the establishment of our Government, has sought to tarnish its high honor, and bring upon it disgrace, by the passage of resolutions tending to a dishonorable peace with armed rebels seeking to destroy our great and beneficent Government, the best ever designed for the happiness of the many; and

Whereas, We, her sons, members of the Eleventh Regiment New-Jersey Volunteers, citizens representing every section of the State, have left our homes to endure the fatigues, privations and dangers incident to a soldier's life, in order to maintain our Republic in its integrity, willing to sacrifice our lives to that object, fully recognizing the impropriety of a soldier's discussion of the legislative functions of the State, yet deeming it due to ourselves, that the voice of those who offer their all in their country's cause, be heard when weak and wicked men seek its dishonor; therefore

Resolved, That the union of the States is the only guarantee for the preservation of our liberty and independence, and that the war for the maintenance of that Union commands *now*, as it ever has done, our best efforts and our heartfelt sympathy.

Resolved, That we consider the passage, or even the introduction of the so-called Peace Resolutions as wicked, weak and cowardly, tending to aid by their sympathy, the rebels seeking to destroy the Republic.

Resolved, That we regard as traitors alike the foe in arms and the secret enemies of our Government, who, at home, foment disaffection and strive to destroy confidence in our legally chosen rulers.

Resolved, That the reports spread broadcast throughout the North, by secession sympathizers, prints and voices, that the army of which we esteem it a high honor to form a part, is demoralized and clamorous for peace on any terms, are the lying utterances of traitorous tongues, and do base injustice to our noble comrades who have never faltered in the great work, and are now not only willing but anxious to follow their gallant and chivalric leader against the strongholds of the enemy.

Resolved, That we put forth every effort, endure every fatigue, and shrink from no danger, until, under the gracious guidance of a kind Providence, every armed rebel shall be conquered, and traitors at home shall quake with fear, as the proud emblem of our national independence shall assert its power from North to South, and crush beneath its powerful folds all who dared to assail its honor, doubly hallowed by the memory of the patriot dead.

(Signed,)

Robt. McAllister, Col.
Step'n Moore, Lieut.-Col.
John Schoonover, Adj't.
Garret Schenck, Qu'rm'r.
E. Bylngton, Ass't Surg'n.
Geo. Ribble, 2d Ass't Su'n.
Fred'k Knighton, Chap'n.
Luther Martine, Capt.
John T. Hill, Capt.
Wm. H. Meeker, Capt.
Phillip J. Kearny, Capt.
Thos. J. Halsey, Capt.
Wm. B. Dunning, Capt.
S. M. Layton, 1st Lieut.
Ira M. Cony, 1st Lieut.
Lott Bloomfield, 1st Lieut.
A. H. Ackerman, 1st Lt.
Ed. S. E. Newberry, 1st Lt.
W. H. Lord, 1st Lieut.
Miller S. Lawrence, 1st Lt.
E. L. Kennedy, 1st Lieut.
Sam'l T. Sleeper, 1st Lt.
John Oldershaw, 1st Lieut.
S. W. Volk, 2d Lieut.
E. R. Good, 2d Lieut.
John Sowter, 2d Lieut.
Alex. Beach, 2d Lieut.
Jas. Bulkley, 2d Lieut.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Adjourned to Monday, March 23. *Part II.*—Nos. 2176½, 8014½, 2429, 1672, 2867, 2536, 1917, Casey *vs.* Babcock, 2212, 2962, 3014, 2499, 2500, 3017. *Part III.*—Nos. 1776, 713, 1361½, 1908, 914, 1056, 181, 1599, 1161, 2150, 570, 2052, 2104, 2186.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1687, 3275, 1869, 1489, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915, 1923, 1925, 1927, 1929. *Part II.*—Nos. 1236, 1860, 1808, 608, 1934, 1132, 1506, 1052, 1632, 702, 1956, 1962, 1966, 1970, 1972.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1371, 1787, 1825, 1851. *Part II.*—Nos. 1666, 1628, 1766, 1858, 1861.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Ingraham.

In the Matter of Joseph W. Bradshaw, a supposed Lunatic; Shoe and Leather Bank vs. Feitner; White et al. vs. The Same; French vs. Elmer.—Motions granted.

McMonnies vs. Mackay et al.—Motion denied, without costs.

Church vs. Freeman, &c.—Motion denied. Costs to abide event.

St. Nicholas Insurance Company vs. Washburne et al.—Order granted.

New-York Life Insurance and Trust Company vs. Andrews et al.—Judgment granted.

Church vs. Freeman, &c.—Whether there should be an issue framed to try any question in this case, can be better determined by the Judge on the trial, who can then so order if he sees fit. It is not clear, from the pleadings, that any such issue will be necessary. Motion denied. Costs to abide event.

Julio vs. Ingalls.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Ohm vs. Wadsworth.—The services in the District Court were paid for. The subsequent charge should not exceed $30, and the balance should be paid over. Plaintiff may take order for payment of $89 and interest in twenty days, or that attachment issue.

Collins, &c., vs. Bloodgood et al.—Motion denied.

In the matter of the petition of Fackner et al.—Reference ordered to inquire, &c.

In the Matter of the Sullivan-street Church, in the City of New-York.—Application granted.

Williams vs. Williams.—Referred back.

In the Matter of Application of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Duane-street for leave to sell.—See memoranda for counsel.

Suydam vs. Munson.—Motion denied, with costs, with leave to defendant to renew motion on the merits, on disclosing his defence, if any.

Dickinson vs. Hoffman.—Motion granted and reference ordered.

Terbell et al. vs. Bunker et al.; Gibbs et al. vs. Davis.—Motion denied without costs.

Ryder vs. Hayward; The Market Bank vs. Gabriel et al.; Rogers et al. vs. Brown; Mead et al. vs. Denman; Lyon vs. Southwick; Haight vs. Hilton; Barnett vs. Balch.—Motions granted.

Mead vs. Millward, Jr.—Motion denied.

Ruston vs. Morris; Griffin et al. vs. Smith.—Motions granted fourth Friday March.

Before Justice Leonard.

Neill vs. Werest.—Case settled.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Moneli.

Warrin vs. Owen.—Motion for readjustment of costs denied.

Annie Byron vs. Benjamin Lloyd, sued as Benjamin Byron.—Motion for alimony and counsel fee granted.

Barnaby vs. Fettretch.—Referred to Daniel W. Clarke, Esq., to hear and determine.

Before Justices Bosworth, Robertson and Barbour.

Clark, Appellant, vs. Meigs, Respondent.—Judgment affirmed on cross appeals, costs to respondent in each case. Opinions by BOSWORTH and BARBOUR, ROBERTSON dissenting.

Leggett vs. Stevens.—Motion for a new trial on exceptions denied, with costs. Judgment ordered for plaintiff on verdict, with costs. Opinions by BOSWORTH, ROBERTSON and BARBOUR.

Brainerd vs. The New-York and Harlem Railroad Company.—Motion for a new trial on exceptions denied, with costs. Judgment ordered for plaintiff, with costs. Opinions by BOSWORTH and BARBOUR.

Milliken vs. Dekon, Executrix of Dehon, deceased.—Motion for a new trial on exceptions granted. Judgment on verdict refused. Verdict set aside, with costs to abide event. Opinion by ROBERTSON.

Iselin et al. vs. Gaydon et al.—Motion for readjustment of costs granted. Opinion with Clerk.

Falconer vs. Carpenter et al.—Motion for new trial on the Judge's minutes denied.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....MARCH 19, 1863.

$3,000	U. S. 6s, '68 Cou.	107	450	Quick'r Min. Co.	50
56,000	U. S. 6s. '81. Cou.	104	50	do. s30	49
2,000	do	104⅛	50	do	49
6,000	U. S. 5s. '74, Reg.	97	50	do b10	50
6,000	U. S. 6s, 5.20s. Cou.	102⅜	50	do	48
4,500	U. S. 6s, '81 Oregon W. L. ½ y'rly.	101¾	50	do b10	48
900	Treas. 7 3.10 p. ct. Notes small	106¾	50	do	47
5,000	do	106¾	25	do	47½
3,000	do. Feb. & Aug.	106¾	100	Pacific M. S. Co.	190
50,000	U. S. 6s, 1-yr. C.	99¾	100	do b10.	191
7,000	do	99⅞	250	do	191
35,000	do New	97¾	100	do	191¼
5,000	Tenn. St. 6s, '90	61¾	200	do	191⅛
5,000	do	61⅝	100	do	191¾
1,000	N. C. St. 6s	76	200	do s30.	188
5,000	Mo. St. 6s b30	62	10	N. Y. Cen. R.	116⅝
5,000	do	61¼	200	do	116¾
10,000	do b30	61¾	1500	Erie Railway	79⅝
7,000	Cal. State 7s	133	50	do	79⅛
3,000	N. Y. C. 6s	116	600	do b30	79⅝
1,000	Erie 3d M. B. '83	115⅛	50	do s10	79¼
1,000	Erie 4th M. Bs	110⅛	100	do s30	79¼
1,000	Hud. R. 3d M.	109	30	Erie Railway P.	99⅝
2,000	Harlem R. 2d M.	107	100	do	99¾
11,000	C., B. & Q. 8 ⅌ c. B.	128	450	Hudson R. R.	100¼
6,500	Hud. R. 1st m.	116	10	do	100¾
11,000	A. & T. H. 2d m. pr.	91½	50	do	100⅛
50,000	Al. & T. Ht. Inc. B.	81	400	do	100
1,000	La C. & Mil. L. G.	31	200	do b10.	100⅛
2,000	Ch. & N. W. S. F. B.	110½	100	Harlem R.	38
1,000	Ch. & N. W. 1st m.	72¾	300	Reading R.	90
1,000	Chi. & N. W. I. B.	98	100	Mich. S. & N. I. R. b30	61
2,000	Tol. & W. 2d m.	92	100	do	61
3,000	do	92¼	600	do s15	61⅛
7,000	do	92¾	1500	do	61¼
8	Bank of Commerce	98	500	do	61⅛
12	do	97½	550	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	108⅛
15	Bank of St. of N. Y.	98	100	Clev. & Pitts R.	71¾
25	Am. Ex. Bank	99½	1200	do	71⅛
15	do	100	400	do s30	71⅛
100	Metropolitan Bank	103	300	do	71¾
20	Continental Bank	90	100	do s30	71¾
10	Commonw'h Bank	91	30	Clev., Col. & Cin. R.	165
18	Imp. & Traders' Bk.	102	100	Gal. & Chi. R.	93⅛
10	Park Bank	120	150	do	93¾
50	Tradesmen's Bank	103	200	Clev. & Tol. Rd. s60	96⅛
10	Merchants' Bank	102	300	do	97¼
8,000	Amer. Gold	155⅛	100	do s10	97⅞
250,000	do	155	700	do	97⅛
100,000	do	154⅞	50	do	98
50	Canton Co.	24⅞	510	Chic. & R. I. R.	94
100	Bruns. C. Land Co.	5½	300	do	94¼
200	Cumb. Coal Pref.	19	350	do	94⅜
100	do	19⅛	25	Chi., Bur. & Q. R.	109⅛
50	Chi. & A. R. Prf.	84¾	50	T. & Wabash	50
100	do	85	300	P., Ft. W. & C. R.	65¼
150	do b60.	85¾	350	do	65
			10	Rome & Water. R.	84

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Reg.	103¾	250	N. Y. Cen. R.	116¾
7,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Cou	104	100	Erie R. Pref.	100
1,000	U. S. 6s, '66, Reg.	104⅛	200	do	99⅞
25,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ⅌ ct. Notes. Oct. & Apl.	106¾	300	Hud. R. R.	100¼
16,000	do	106⅞	100	do s60	99¾
5,000	do. F&Au ind.	105	100	Harlem R.	38
56,000	U. S. 6s, 1 yr. C	99¾	150	do	38⅛
10,000	do Jan.	99⅞	50	M. S. & N. I. R. s30	61
5,000	Mo. State 6s	61⅞	100	do	61¼
5,000	Mo. 6s, iss. to H. & St. Jo.	88	50	do	61⅜
2,000	Ill. War Loan	102	500	do	61⅛
2,000	N. Y. Cen. 7s	103⅛	300	do s3	61¼
9,000	Erie 4th M. B.	111	200	Harlem R Pref. s10	83¼
1,000	Ch. & N. W. 1st M	73¼	100	do s30	82¾
1,000	Mich. S. 2d M	104	200	do s30	83
500	P., F. W. & C. 3d.	79	100	do	83⅛
5,000	Mich. So. S. F. B.	113	20	Mich. Cen. R.	102½
150,000	Amer. Gold	155¾	100	do	103⅛
50,000	do	155⅞	100	do	103¼
6	Metropolitan Bank	103	300	do	103⅞
10	Ocean Bank	85	300	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	108⅛
50	Merchants' Bank	102½	150	do	108¾
10	Quicks'r M. Co.	50	100	do	108
500	do	49	400	Clev. & Pitts. R.	71¾
200	do s30	48	650	do	71⅞
200	do	48⅛	100	do b10	72
25	Canton Company	24¾	100	do b5	72
200	do	25	200	do s60	71⅛
100	Pac. Mail S. Co.	190⅛	2500	do	72
50	do	190	250	Gal. & Chic. R.	93⅛
100	do	189	50	do	93⅜
50	do b10.	189	850	Clev. & Tol. R.	98
5	do	187½	200	do s30	97¾
100	Cit. Gas. Co. Brook.	100	300	Chic. & R. I. R.	94⅛
100	Erie Railway	79¼	500	do	94¾
500	do	79⅜	900	do	95
100	do bnwk	79½	200	do s60	94⅛
1000	do	79⅜	300	P., F. W. & C. R.	65
100	do b30	79⅜	150	Mil. & P. du C. R. b60	39⅛
550	do	79⅝	150	do	39
300	do s10	79⅛	50	Chic., B. & Q. R.	109⅛
			50	Alt. & T. H. R.	33¾

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$100,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ⅌ ct. Notes	106¾	100	Erie Pref.	99¾
130,000	do	106¾	300	Harlem R	38
1,300	U. S. Dnd. Nts.	154½	300	do b3	[illegible]
10,000	Mo. St. 6s	61⅞	400	do b3	37⅞
1,000	Mo. 6s, is. to H. & St. J. R.	88	800	M. S. & N. I. R.	61⅜
110,000	Amer. Gold	155¼	100	do	61⅛
30,000	do	155¾	350	Clev. & Pitt R	71⅛
155,000	do	155	100	do	71⅞
100	Quicksilver M. Co.	47¼	250	Galena & Chic.	93⅛
200	do	47⅜	300	do	93⅞
200	do	48	600	do	94
400	do b10	49	100	do b10	94¼
1000	Bucks Co. Lead Co	3	100	do b3	94⅛
100	Pac. M. S. Co. b10.	192	200	do	94⅜
200	do	191¼	300	do	94¼
50	do	191⅛	100	do	94⅜
100	do s5.	191	300	Clev. & Tol. R.	97⅛
150	do	191	500	do	97⅜
200	Erie Railway	79⅜	500	do	97⅜
550	do	79½	300	Chic. & R. I. R.	94⅜
400	do b3	79½	1050	do	94⅛
			650	do	94⅝

PUBLIC BOARD—4 P. M.

$2,500	Treas. 7 3-10 ⅌ c. Notes	106¾	50	Quick'r M. Co. b10	[illegible]
5,000	Debt Certificates.	99⅞	100	do	49
5,000	do	99⅛	25	do	49½
170,000	Amer. Gold	156	500	Clev. & Pitt. R. bnw	72
80,000	do	155⅞	200	do	72
2,000	Mo. St. 6s	61¾	600	do	71⅞
150	Bucks Co. Lead Co.	2⅞	400	do s3	71⅞
50	Pacific Mail	190	100	do	71¾
300	Erie Railway	79¾	200	Gal. & Chi. R	94⅛
200	do b3	79¾	300	do b3	93⅛
350	do	79⅝	100	do	94¾
200	do s3	79⅝	500	Clev. & Tol. R.	98⅜
100	Harlem R.	38	100	do s10	98⅜
100	do b3	38	2400	do	98⅛
100	Harlem R. Prf. s10	83⅜	600	do b3	98⅛
200	do	83¾	300	Chi. & R. I. R.	94⅜
50	M. S. & N. I. R. s10	61¼	350	do s10	94⅜
300	do	61⅛	400	do	91⅞
200	do b3	61⅞	200	do b3	94⅞
100	do	61⅛	50	P., F. W. & Chi. R.	64¾

THURSDAY, March 19—P. M.

The price of Gold Coin advanced 1@1½ ⅌ cent. to-day, under the influence of the rebel reports, through the Richmond papers, copied here this morning, from Port Hudson, &c. The fluctuations of the day were 156@154⅞@156@155⅞ ⅌ cent., as against 154½ ⅌ cent. at the close of business yesterday. The rate of Exchange on London also advanced to 171@171½ ⅌ cent. for first-class Bankers. The market for Money worked very easy at 6 ⅌ cent. as the rule to the Brokers, with exceptions at 5 ⅌ cent., where large sums were tendered and accepted. The business in Government securities continues large, and at firm prices. The 6 ⅌ cents of 1881 were in request at 104 ⅌ cent., and the subscriptions to the new 6 ⅌ cent. Loan of 1882 (subject to redemption after five years) goes on actively. Treasury Certificates are 99⅞ ⅌ cent. for the old, and 97⅞ for the new issue. 7.30 ⅌ cents sold at 106⅞ ⅌ cent.

There is an improving spirit in the Share market, and the Western descriptions were firm, at higher prices, while the New-York Roads were higher on Erie, steady on Hudson and Central, and lower on Harlem. The speculation in Pacific Mail was at lower figures, closing 189½@190 ⅌ cent. At the 4 o'clock Public Board the following prices were made, as compared with last night:

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
Gold Coin	154⅛	155⅞	Harlem	38¾	37⅞
U. S. 6s, 1881	104	104	Harlem Pref.	84⅛	83⅛
Tennessees	62	62	Mich. Central	102⅛	103⅞
Missouris	62	61¾	Mich. Southern	60¾	61¼
N. Y. Central	116¾	116¾	Mich. Guarant'd	108	108¼
Erie	79	79¾	Illinois Central	92¼	92¾
Erie Preferred	99⅛	99⅞	Pittsburgh	71	71¾
Hudson	100¼	100¼	Fort Wayne	64¾	65
Toledo	97	98⅜	Rock Island	93¾	94¾
Pacific Mail	193⅛	189⅛	Treasury Certifs.	99⅛	99⅞
Quicksilver Co.	52⅛	49	7-30 Tr. Notes	106¾	106⅞

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	113½	Commerce	97
Manhattan	132	Commerce Sc'p Stock	95
Merchants'	101	Broadway	140
Mechanics'	107	Mercantile	120
Union	108	American Exchange	99¾
America	114	Bank of North America	101
City	126	Hanover	88
Tradesmen's	102	Metropolitan	103
Fulton	140	Citizen's	100
Greenwich	180	Nassau	103
National	101	Shoe and Leather	102½
Merchants' Exchange	88½	Continental	89¾
Seventh Ward	125	Importers' & Traders'	102
State of New-York	98	Park	120

And the following for the Railway Mortgages;

N. Y. Cen. 6s	116	Chi. & N. W. G. B. ext	94
N. Y. Cen. 6s, real est.	106	Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds.	97
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '64	103	Chi. & N. W. 1sts, assd.	72¾
N. Y. Cen. 7s, conv. '76	125	Chi. & N. W. seconds	41
Erie thirds, '83	115	Han. & St. Jo. firsts	70
Erie fifths, '88	106	Lack. & W. bonds	114
B., N. Y. & Erie 1ts, '77	112	Del., Lack. & W. 1sts	122
Hud. firsts, '69	115	Tol. & Wab. firsts	105
Hud. thirds, '75	109	Tol. & Wab. seconds	92½
Hud. convertible, '67	108	Tol. & Wab. Int. Bonds	90
Har. seconds, '64	103	Gal. & Chi. firsts, ext.	116¼
Har. thirds, '68	106⅛	Clev. & Tol. s. f.	112
Mich. C. n. f. 8 ⅌ c., '82	129⅛	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1sts	114
Mich. South. 7 ⅌ c. 2ds	104	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds	104
M. S. & N. I. s. f. 7 ⅌ c.	112⅛	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3ds	[illegible]
Ill. Cen. 7 ⅌ c., '75	125	Clev. & Pitts. seconds	[illegible]
T. H. & A. 2ds Pref.	91⅛	Clev. & Pitts thirds	103¼
Chi. & N. W. s. f.	110½	Clev. & Pitts. fourths	80¾

ILLINOIS CENTRAL COMPANY—JAN. 1, 1863.

Capital Stock paid up		$18,896,630
Full paid Shares	$9,735,000	
Scrip Shares, 90 ⅌ cent	7,389,360	
Bond Scrip	1,772,270	
Together	$18,896,630	
Funded Debt		15,060,500
Original Land Mortgage	$17,000,000	
Paid from Land sales	2,276,500	
Outstanding	$14,723,500	
Eight ⅌ cents, 1865	304,000	
Option Bonds, 1868	33,000	
Together	$15,060,500	
Total present cost		$33,956,130
Represented by:		
Cost of Road by actual expenditure		$27,675,671
Working Stock of Supplies	$616,136	
Miscellaneous Assets	559,751	
Cash and Cash Assets	935,329—	2,111,216
Together		$29,786,887
Proceeds 1,198,846 acres Land, sold for	$14,558,812	
Less Cash realized	4,291,602	
Leaving Land Notes on hand		$10,267,210
Total		$40,054,097
Surplus over cost of property		$6,097,967

And 1,396,154 acres Land unsold.

In the above calculation we have taken the cost of the Road and Equipment *by actual expenditure*, without the additional cost in the way of interest on the Land Mortgage and other debt, paid out in the process of construction over and above the net receipts of the Company applicable to Interest Account, which is stated in the balance-sheet at $4,512,470

Add actual outlay 27,675,671

Cash cost of Road and Equipment $32,188,141

The business of the Company in 1862 resulted as follows:

Gross Traffic of Road		$3,445,827
Cash from Land Sales		460,152
Gross receipts		$3,905,979
Expenses of Road	$1,615,256	
Purchase of Land Bonds	190,000	
Charter Tax to State	230,000—	$2,035 256
Leaving for Interest and Dividends		$1,870,723
Interest and Exchange paid		1,047,189
Balance of net earnings		$823,534

The preference rate of interest on the full paid Shares is 4 ⅌ cent. ⅌ annum. This was paid in cash, 2 ⅌ cent. each in July and January. A half-yearly Dividend on the Scrip Shares and Bank Scrip at the same rate was declared and paid on the 1st of February, when the July, 1863, Dividend on the full Shares was also anticipated and paid.

In reference to the recent visit of Mr. Secretary CHASE to this City, *Thompson's Reporter* of this week remarks:

"We shall be disappointed if his visit is not followed by the organization of a National Bank, with a very large capital—say some twenty millions. It is proposed that these National Banks, as they are organized, one after another, be designated by numbers, thus: The First National Bank, of New-York, the Second National Bank, of New-York, &c., and the organizations in other places to follow up the same style.

This will secure great uniformity in the appearance of the circulating notes of all the National Banks, wherever located. The city or town being in prominent letters, will sufficiently denote the locality of the institution, while in all other respects, all the National Bank Currency will be of uniform appearance. We commend this course and hope to see it adopted; then almost every person will become an 'expert' in detecting counterfeit and altered notes, whereas now, with five thousand varieties of paper money, not one in five thousand is a judge of its genuineness."

The statements of the Banks of the three principal cities of the Union for the last week compare with the previous one, and the corresponding time of 1862, as follows:

	Loans.	Deposits.	Specie.	Circulation.
New-York, March 14	$177,875,949	$172,944,034	$36,110,085	$8,657,018
Boston, March 16	79,656,134	32,955,149	7,609,938	7,780,069
Phila., March 16	39,206,028	30,549,587	4,247,817	3,531,880
Total	$296,718,111	$236,449,770	$47,967,140	$19,971,968
Last week	298,916,392	240,583,843	51,537,151	20,526,901
Last year	291,093,534	138,104,343	45,142,907	14,903,314

Annexed is a statement of the business of the Reading Railroad for the month of February:

	1863.	1862.
Received from Coal	$271,151	$147,025
Received from Merchandise	51,015	44,594
Received from Travel, &c.	39,666	25,541
Total	$361,834	$217,161
Transportation and all charges	178,935	102,689
Net profit for the month	$182,899	$114,471
Net profit previous month	391,703	234,817
Total net profit two months	$574,602	$349,289

The earnings of the Toledo and Wabash Railroad for the second week of March were:

	1862.	1863.
Passengers	$3.402	$6,708
Freight	9,002	16,400
Total	$12,405	$23,199

The earnings of the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railroad for the first week in March were:

1862	$10,710
1863	9,635
Decrease	$1,074

The earnings of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad for the second week in March were:

1862	$18,106
1863	29,252
Increase	$11,146

The earnings of the Michigan Southern Railroad for the same week were:

1862	$34,775
1863	66,530
Increase	$31,855

The earnings of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company, from March 9 to 13, were as follows:

	1862.	1863.
Freight	$15,141 47	$22,010 28
Passengers	5,266 13	7,829 04
Mails, &c.	1,250 00	1,200 00
Total	$21,657 60	$31,039 32
Increase		9,381 72

The gross earnings of the Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad were:

	1863.	1862.
For January	$15,254 61	$12,272 53
For February	15,302 93	8,577 21
Total	$30,557 54	$20,849 74
Gain in 1863		9,707 80

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was as follows: Receipts, $1,033,425 (including for Customs, $172,000;) payments, $1,475,806; balance, $13,739,783.

Sales of Real Estate.—MARCH 17, 1863.

BY ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.

House and lot No. 84 Monroe-st	$3,525
House and lot No. 312 Madison-st	3,900
MARCH 18, 1863.	
4 lots, s. s. 90th-st., 82 feet west of 4th-av, each	$1,390
6 lots, s. s. 124th-st., 100 feet west of 9th-av., each	2,854
MARCH 19, 1863.	
2 lots n. s. 38th-st., 75 ft. w. Lexington-av., 25x98, ea.	$5,750
Lot adjoining above on the west, 25x98.9	5,825
Lot adjoining above on the west, 25x98.9	5,900
2 lots adjoining above on the west, 25x98.9, each	6,000
House and lot No. 328 Spring-st., 20x55.6	8,650
House and lot No. 99 Varick-st., 21x80	5,025
House and lot No. 134 Charles-st., 25x95	5,300
House and lot No. 19 King-st., 25x75	6,100
House and lot No. 106 Varick-st., 21x66	4,850
House and lot No. 237 West 19th-st., 21.10x63.10	8,000
House and lot No. 218 West 19th-st., 21x92	7,150
House and lot No. 472 Greenwich-st., 18.9x80	5,950
House and lot No. 86 Watts-st., 20x56 3	5,300
House and lot No. 63 West 25th-st., 20x98.9	5,550

BY A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO.

2 houses and 1 lot No. 12 Thomas-st., 25x100	10,300
Lot e. s. 2d-av., 25 ft. s. 113th-st., 25x100	900
Lot s. s. 77th-st., 180 ft. e. 3d-av., 25x102.2	800
House and plot of ground on Jamaica Turnpike, 173x230	3,900
2 houses and plot of ground adjoining above, 162x282	2,800
House and lot s. s. 119th-st., 110 ft. w. 2d-av., 14.5x100.11	2,200
House and lot adjoining above, 14.5x100.11	2,250
House and lot adjoining above, 14.5x100.11	2,850
Country residence and ½ acre land, Peekskill, N.Y.	2,250
House and lot on 119th-st., south side, west of 2d-av.	$2,850
House and lot on 119th-st., s. side, w. of 2d-av., adj.	2,250
House and lot on 119th-st., s. side, w. of 2d-av., adj.	2,150
Premises No. 12 Thomas-st.	10,300
Property at New-Lotts, opposite Snediker's	6,700
1 lot on 2d-av., between 112th and 113th sts	900
1 lot on 76th-st., south side, east 3d-av.	800
House and grounds at Peekskill	2,250

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, March 19, 1863—2 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 30 bbls. Ashes, 5,989 bbls. Flour, 3,460 bbls. and 936 bags Corn Meal, 3,980 bushels Wheat, 20,015 bushels Corn, 200 bushels Rye, 6,070 bushels Barley, 13,800 bushels Oats, 3,847 bushels Malt, 10,780 pkgs. Provisions, 1,019 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales have been made of 30 bbls. Pots at $8 75 ℔ 100 lbs. Pearls are dull and nominal.

COFFEE—Has been in very limited request, and trifling sales have been effected at previous prices.

COTTON—Has been very quiet, and much depressed at from 78@80c. for Middlings ℔ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been reported somewhat firmer, to-day, the demand having been more active, especially for shipping brands. The reported sales since our last have been 13,200 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at $6 75@$7; poor to choice extra State at $7 50@$7 60, chiefly at $7 10@$7 25; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $7 45@$7 60 ℔ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$6 75	@$7 00
Extra State	7 05	@ 7 60
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 05	@ 9 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g br'ds	7 45	@ 7 60
Extra Ohio, trade brands	7 65	@ 9 00
Extra Genesee	7 65	@ 9 00
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri	7 70	@10 25

Southern Flour is in fair demand at rising rates; sales 1,600 bbls., at $7 50@$7 80 for poor to good superfine; $7 85@$9 25 for fancy to choice brands, and $9 30@$10 25 for very superior family brands, ℔ bbl. Canadian Flour is doing better; sales 750 bbls. Extra, at $7 15@$9 ℔ bbl. Rye Flour is quiet at $3 50@$5 50 for fine and superfine, ℔ bbl. Corn Meal is in limited request at $4 15@$4 20 for Jersey, and $4 95@$5 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been held with increased firmness to-day, but the demand has been limited. Sales have been reported of only 21,000 bushels, including White Western, at $1 90; Amber Western, at $1 77@$1 79; Red do. at $1 71@$1 77; Amber Iowa and Wisconsin at $1 64@$1 67; Milwaukee Club at $1 54@$1 64; Chicago Spring at $1 38@$1 58; Amber Jersey, at $1 80; and White Kentucky on private terms, ℔ bushel. Corn is doing better. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 69,000 bushels, at 90c.@92½c., in store and delivered, for shipping Mixed Western; 87c.@89c. for Eastern do; 80c.@86c. for Unsound; 94c.@95c. for Yellow Western, and 98c. for White Western ℔ bush. Rye is in demand, at $1 08@$1 12, according to quality, ℔ bushel; sales 5,600 bushels. Oats are in fair request, including Canada, at 82c.@84c.; Western at 83c.@84½c.; State at 84c.@85c. ℔ bushel. Barley continues quiet at $1 40@$1 55 ℔ bushel.

HAY—North River has been in good demand to-day, at 80c.@95c. ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—New are in more request at 21c.@27c., according to quality, ℔ lb.

METALS—The recent movements in this line, Mr. JOSEPH BYRNE alludes to thus: "Lower prices having been established in consequence of the unsettled and, at the moment, declining value of Gold, I take pleasure in giving you the current regular rates. It must not be lost sight of, that though prices generally were influenced by the rise in Gold, some articles, Tin Plate for instance, did not advance in proportion, and the subsequent decline is as great. The articles of Block Tin, Ingot Copper and Spelter advanced, mostly on speculative transactions, while on the contrary, the only sales of Tin Plate were for regular consumption. The importations have been considerably less than the corresponding months 1861-'62; and so long as the rate of Sterling Exchange continues to rule high, the supply will necessarily be light." Antimony—Best French closes at 17c., cash. Copper—Refined Ingot, 34c., cash; Braziers, 42½c., cash; Sheathing, 40c., cash; Bottoms, 45c., cash. Iron—Refined Bar, $90@$95, cash; Common Bar, $85@$90, cash; Scotch Pig, $40; Sheet, Double, 5¾c.@6c.; Sheet, Russia, 18½c., cash; Sheet, Belgian, 13½c., cash. Lead—Spanish, 9½c., cash. Tin—Gov. Banca, 57c.@58c., cash; Straits, 53c.@54c.; Lamb and Flag, 50c.@51c., cash. Tin Plate—1c. Charcoal, $14 50, cash; 1c. Coke, $12@$13, cash. Terne Plate—Charcoal, $13 50@$14, cash; second quality, $12 50@$13, cash; Coke, $11@$11 50, cash. Spelter—Silesian, 9¾c., cash. Zinc—Mosselmann, 13c., cash.

MOLASSES—Has been inactive at unchanged figures.

NAVAL STORES—Are dull and heavy; 50 bbls Strained Common Resin were sold at $24 ℔ 280 lbs. Spirits Turpentine, $3 15@$3 20 ℔ gallon.

OILS—Petroleum has been in moderate demand and sales have been made of 150 bbls. best quality refined at 41c., free; 200 bbls., fine do., in bond, at 35c.; 300 bbls. Crude Petroleum Spirits at 30c. for 60@64 gravity, ℔ gallon. Other kinds have been quiet.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more freely dealt in at $14 12½@$14 37½ for old Mess, $16 37½@$16 62½ for new Mess, and $11 50@$13 75 for old and new Prime, ℔ bbl.; sales 1,200 bbls. Cut Meats are in demand, at 7c.@8½c. for Hams, and 5½c.@6¼c. for Shoulders ℔ lb. Bacon is more active at 7c.@9¼c. ℔ lb.; sales 1,340 boxes. Lard is doing better; sales 1,750 tcs. and bbls., at 10½c.@11⅛c. ℔ lb. Beef continues depressed; sales since our last, 125 bbls., at $13@$15 for Extra Mess, and $11 25@$13 for Plain Mess, ℔ bbl. Prime Mess, $22@$23 ℔ tierce; India Mess, $24@$26 ℔ tierce. Beef Hams, $15 50@$16 50 ℔ bbl. Butter is in more demand at 17c.@23c. for poor to choice Western, and 22c.@28c. for common to very choice State, ℔ lb. Cheese is selling more freely to-day at 13c.@15c. ℔ lb.

SALT—Liverpool has been more sought after at uniform rates.

SUGARS—Sales 410 hhds., including New-Orleans at 10¾c.@12⅛c., and Cuba at 10¾c.@11c. ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Sales, to-day, 400 bbls., in lots, at 45c.@46½c., and 47c. for E. & D. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been somewhat brisker, to-day. For Liverpool, the engagements included 500 bbls. Flour at 1s. 6d. ℔ bbl.; 37,000 bush. Grain, in bulk and bags, part at 5¾d.@6½d. ℔ bushel; 300 bbls. Pork, at 2s. 6d. ℔ bbl.; and 1,500 pkgs. Provisions, at 19s.@27s. 6d. ℔ ton. For London—150 tcs. and bbls. Pork, at 5s. and 3s. respectively; 400 tcs. Beef, at 4s. ℔ tc.; 450 pkgs. Provisions, and 15 tons Butter, at 22s. 6d.; and 20 tons Maple Wood, at 25s. ℔ ton. For Bristol—1,000 bbls. Flour, on terms not disclosed.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

City of Baltimore	Mar. 21	New-York	Liverpool.
Teutonia	Mar. 21	New-York	Southampton
Anglo-Saxon	Mar. 21	Portland	Liverpool.
Australasian	Mar. 25	New-York	Liverpool.
Edinburgh	Mar. 28	New-York	Liverpool.
Europa	April 1	Boston	Liverpool.
Asia	April 8	New-York	Liverpool.

FROM EUROPE.

Edinburgh	Mar. 4	Liverpool	New-York.
Norwegian	Mar. 5	Liverpool	Portland.
Europa	Mar. 7	Liverpool	Boston.
Saxonia	Mar. 7	Southampton	New-York.
Etna	Mar. 11	Liverpool	Boston.
Hammonia	Mar. 11	Southampton	New-York.
Asia	Mar. 14	Liverpool	New-York.
Hansa	Mar. 18	Southampton	New-York.
Glasgow	Mar. 18	Liverpool	New-York.
Canada	Mar. 21	Liverpool	Boston.
Bavaria	Mar. 25	Southampton	New-York.
Hammonia	April 8	Southampton	New-York.
Borussia	April 22	Southampton	New-York.

European Mails.

The mails for Europe, per the *Anglo Saxon via* Portland, close to-day, at 12¾ P. M.

The mails for Great Britain, France and Belgium, per *City of Baltimore via* Queenstown, close on Saturday at 10½ A. M.

The mails for Hamburgh and the German States, per the *Teutonia*, close on the same day, at 10½ A. M.

For Havana, &c.

The mails for the South Pacific and Central America, per the *Ocean Queen*, close on Saturday at 10½ A. M.

The mails for Kingston, Jamaica, per the *Plantagenet*, close on Saturday at 12 M.

The mails for Havana, per the *Melita*, close on Saturday at 2 P. M.

PERSONAL.

THE MESSRS. AND MRS. MANSFIELD, Principals of the Rockland Female Institute, will receive their friends and patrons at the St. Nicholas Hotel, TOMORROW, between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

LOST AND FOUND.

$3,000 REWARD.—STOLEN ON TUESDAY, 17th inst. from our office, by a lad in our employ named Joseph Cox, $10,000 in gold coin. (two bags, $5,000 each.) The above named reward will be paid by us for the arrest of the lad and the recovery of the gold, or a proportionate reward for the recovery of any part of said coin. WESTON, DORIC & CO., No. 19 William-st.

LOST—ON THE 19TH INST., BELOW CORTLANDT-ST., a WATCH SEAL, containing the likeness of a deceased relative. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to the Collection Clerk of Van Vleck & Tucker, No. 8 Broad-st.

LOST.—A PAIR OF GOLD SPECTACLES, OCTAGON shaped glasses, on the 18th inst., west side of Broadway, between Canal-st. and Union Park. A liberal reward will be given if the finder will bring them to W. GIBSON, No. 362 Broadway.

$5 REWARD.—LOST, IN FOURTH-AVENUE, on Wednesday evening, between 20th and 8th sts., a lady's fur collar. The finder will receive the above reward by leaving it at No. 25 East 20th-st.

HARDWARE.

FILES.

SMITH BROTHERS & CO.,
Agents for
WHIPPLE MACHINE COT FILE,
No. 28 WARREN-ST., New-York.

METALS.—TIN AND TERNE PLATES, CHARcoal and coke. Also, sheet-iron of all kinds, assorted numbers, for sale by A. A. THOMSON & CO., No. 215 Water-st.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK. AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

SLOTE & JANES, Stationers, Printers and Blank Book Dealers, No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

Valuable and improved property on 8th and 9th avs., 33d and 34th-sts., in lots to suit purchasers.

The Managers of the New-York Institution for the Blind, offer at private sale, the entire block between 8th and 9th avs., 33d and 34th sts., excepting three lots on 33d-st., occupied by the church.

The property offered comprises the entire front on the 8th-av., 197 feet 6 inches by 100 feet in depth, with the improvements thereon, admitted to be the most valuable and best improved front on the avenue; 12 vacant lots on 34th-st., and 9 on 33d-st., adjoining the above; 12 lots on 33d-st., and 12 on 34th-st., covered by a large and expensive marble building, which runs from street to street, and 8 vacant lots on the 9th-av., each 24 feet 8½ inches in width, by 100 feet in depth, (the entire front.)

The centre of the block is the crown of the streets, the ground falling each way to the avenues, in each of which there are sewers. 34th st. is 100 feet wide, and the improvements already made on the north side, opposite to premises offered for sale, are of the first class, as are also those on the opposite side of 33d-st.

For terms and particulars apply to GEORGE F. ALLEN, President of the Board, at the office of Clarkson N. Potter, Esq., 61 Wall-st., between 12 M. and 2 P. M.

GREAT SALE OF LOTS AND CONTRACTS IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO, AT AUCTION—June 17, 1863.—The articles of Association of the CHICAGO LAND COMPANY require that the trust shall be closed, in the month of June, 1863, and that all the property and effects on hand at that time, belonging to the Association, shall be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, in the City of Chicago, on the third WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863.

The undersigned, Trustee of the Chicago Land Company, will, therefore, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863, offer for sale on the premises, in the City of Chicago:

749 lots in Sheffield's addition to Chicago.
686 lots in Elston addition, west side of North Branch.
382 lots in Elston addition, east side of North Branch.
67 lots in Wright's addition, west side of North Branch.
3 lots in original town Chicago.

Also mortgages, amply secured, amounting to about eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Fifty-four contracts, covering 96 lots, on which there are owing an aggregate of about $100,000.

Of these lots 6,732 feet front on a spacious canal of 100 feet wide, now being excavated through the property.

And 4,509 feet front on the North Branch of the Chicago River.

The sale will be continued from day to day until all the property and effects of the Company are sold.

MAHLON D. OGDEN, Trustee.

CHICAGO, March 16, 1863.

FORT HAMILTON LANDS FOR SALE.—The tract of land consisting of 132 acres, immediately adjoining the lands of the United States, and butting upon the Bay of New-York at the Narrows, is offered for sale. This property affords unusual inducements to capitalists, as it is not required for the United States, and has been released from all claims for such purposes. It is accessible by railroad, leaving each of the Brooklyn Ferries every ten minutes. It is capable of being improved in the same beautiful and profitable manner as the lands immediately adjoining the fort on this side thereof, and is equally useful for village and business purposes. For terms and particulars apply to WM. HENRY ANTHON, No. 16 Exchange-place, New-York City.

HOUSE IN 2D-AV.—FOR SALE BY ORDER of the Executors. The elegant 3-story, basement and finished attic house No. 136 2d-av., between 8th and 9th sts. Lot 26 feet 10 inches by 125 feet; house 57 feet deep, party walls on both sides, with an extension about 12x20 feet, and surrounded by buildings of a similar character; is in complete order, and well suited for the residence of a large genteel family. Possession can be given on the 1st of May. Apply to EDW. AUSTEN, Executor, No. 287 Pearl-st., or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—VALUABLE property at Orange, N. J.; a large store-house and three dwelling-houses, with 8 acres of land, situated in Orange, about 12 miles from New-York City and 3 miles from Newark, N. J., about half a mile from railroad; cars run every half hour. The store-house has been occupied as a store for 20 years past; a good stand for business. Corner property and valuable for improvement. Price $6,000. Half the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Inquire of SAYRE BROTHERS, near Centre-st. depot, Newark, N. J.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A genteel two-story and attic frame house, with wing two-story, the whole containing sixteen rooms; built in the best manner; pleasantly located on Evergreen-av. and Woodbine-st.; together with eight lots of ground, within two blocks of Broadway cars; three minutes to cars to Fulton Ferry; accessible at all hours. For further information apply to R. B. LOOMIS, No. 31 Pine-st., Security Fire Insurance Company, or to A. M. SUYDAM, on the premises.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THE 1st and VIIth Wards.

ALBANY-ST.—House and lot No. 7 Albany-st.

RUTGERS-ST.—Two story and attic brick house, No. 32 Rutgers-st.

EAST BROADWAY—Three story brick house and lot No. 111 East Broadway.

HENRY-ST.—Three story brick house and lot No. 181 Henry-st.

The above property will be sold low and on easy terms. Apply to A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE IN THE VILLAGE OF REDBANK, MONMOUTH CO., N. J.—The house is 22x28 feet, two-story, five rooms, with kitchen extension; lot 67x150 feet, running down to the river. A boat-house under the hill, 14x20 feet. Situation near the Hubbard bridge, crossing to Middletown. For further particulars, inquire of JOSEPH W. BORDEN, Esq., Redbank, N. J. Sale April 15—public or private.

FOR SALE—THAT ELEGANT BROWN-STONE house, southwest corner of 51st-st. and 2d-av.; size 21x60, three rooms deep, three-story and basement, high stoop, complete with all modern improvements, in perfect order, built by the recent owner for his own use, by day's work, at an expense of $16,000. Will sell it for $12,000. Can be seen during the day.

JOHN FOLEY,
No. 82 Lexington-av. and No. 169 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN STONE house and lot, No. 17 West 26th-st., opposite Trinity Chapel; house full size, 25 feet front, three rooms deep, all modern improvements; lot 100 feet deep; near Madison-square and Fifth-av. Hotel; finest location in the City, will be sold at a bargain. For terms and permits to see house, apply to D. S. DUNCOMB, No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DOUBLE framed house, with nice garden of eight lots and carriage-house attached, in Pacific-st., near New-York-av., Brooklyn; house is very convenient, garden and grounds in good order, with plenty of fruit-trees, grapes and shrubbery; makes a pleasant residence in an excellent neighborhood. Apply to C. L. BENEDICT, 74 Wall-st.

FULL LISTS OF HOUSES FOR SALE AND TO LET.—ALSO, STORES AND OTHER BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE AND TO LET. ALSO, COUNTRY SEATS AND FARMS FOR SALE AND TO LET, AND UNIMPROVED PROPERTY FOR BUILDING, AND ON AND NEAR CENTRAL PARK FOR SALE. CAN BE HAD AT THE OFFICE OF HOMER MORGAN, NO. 2 PINE-ST.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITE.—Six acres of good land on a pleasant hill-side, sloping to the south and the open sea, with a beautiful bathing beach; only one hour from Wall-st., on the south shore of Staten Island; to be sold cheap; price $450 per acre. Inquire of H. BRACE, No. 122 Broadway.

HOUSE NO. 5 FIFTH-AV., FOR SALE.—It is 27 feet wide by 60 feet deep, with a 15 feet extension; lot 27x100; house has all the modern improvements, and is in good order; the ground is a leasehold at $350 a year. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW HOUSES AND LOTS, brown-stone fronts, three-story, basement and under-cellar, with all modern improvements. Terms easy. Inquire on the premises, No. 152 East 53d-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Price, $6,000.

FOR SALE.—THE THREE-STORY BASEMENT and sub-cellar brown stone house, No. 19 Second-place, Brooklyn; has all the modern improvements; halls frescoed; will be sold on easy terms to close an estate. Price $7,500. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, executor, No. 139 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT cottage house, with four lots of ground, laid out in garden. Good river view. Building 28x36 feet, filled in with brick; in excellent condition; on 158th-st., North River. For further particulars, terms, &c., apply to JAMES CONDIE, corner 22d-st. and 9th-av.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—THE TWO ENGlish-basement brick houses and lots, Nos. 153 and 155 34th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

Also for sale, the brick store and lot, No. 93 John-st., near Gold. Inquire of

S. F. COWDREY, No. 67 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—
The dwelling-house
No. 152 West 15th-st.
ROBERT I. BROWN,
No. 192 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT 4-STORY BROWN-stone front house, 21x50 feet, situated at No. 22 West 35th-st., within about 300 feet of 5th-av. For cards of admission and price, apply to the owners, WM. R. and CHAS. B. FOSDICK, No. 31 Spruce-st.

DESIRABLE LOT FOR SALE CHEAP.—The valuable lot north side of 44th-st., 495 feet east of 6th av., being 25 feet front and rear by 100 feet in depth, being very desirable for investment. Apply, for price, to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWO BRICK HOUSES IN COMplete order, in 30th-st., near 2d-av.; a large portion of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years. For price, &c., inquire of WM. E. DODGE, Esq., No. 19 and 21 Cliff-st.

LARGE LIVERY STABLE FOR SALE—Corner Court and Union sts., Brooklyn, 25x100 feet, and an L 25x100 feet. Price $10,000; terms easy. Stock for sale, at $7,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 47 CARROLL-st., between Hicks and Columbia sts., Brooklyn. House three-story brick; rents for 10 per cent. on price. Apply to CHAS. L. BENEDICT, No. 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—SUPERIOR BROWN-STONE FRONT house No. 8 East 30th-st., 20x55; lot full depth; high stoop, brown-stone steps and railings; interal arrangements first-class; neighborhood unexceptionable.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS DWELLING-house, No. 56 9th-st., near 5th-av., 32 feet front and in all respects desirable as a family residence. Price $23,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A GOOD TWO-story house, with from one to 14 acres of land, about one mile from Astoria. House with one acre, $3,000; rent, $250. Apply to J. M. BLACKWELL, No. 61 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house No. 78 West 42d-st., 25x55 feet, all the way up, with all the modern improvements. Price, $22,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE PROPERTY, SITUated on West Broadway, Varick and Franklin sts., having 250 feet of frontage. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

VACANT LOT FOR SALE—ON 35TH-ST., BEtween 4th and Madison avs. Price $7,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

JOHN-STREET STORE FOR SALE.—Store and lot No. 58 John-st., near William-st., 25x94 feet. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

RARE CHANCE FOR MANUFACTURERS.—WATER-POWER FOR SALE—Now ready for any kind of machinery. The building is of brick, with stone foundation, four stories high, 50 by 133 feet; overshot wheel, all iron; will drive any machinery the building will hold; on a never-failing stream; about 13 acres of land, and houses to accommodate from 30 to 40 families; also a good storehouse, all in complete order, and now ready for use; situated in the town of Cornwall, Orange County, 60 miles from New-York, and within 20 minutes' drive of the dock on the Hudson River, and one-half mile from the Erie Branch Railroad. Parties wanting water power and everything ready to put in machinery, will find it to their interest to examine this property. For further particulars apply to WM. DEPEW, No. 53 Cedar-st., or to JOHN ORR & CO., Cornwall, Orange County, New-York.

TO CAPITALISTS—A VALUABLE CORNER PROPERTY ON CHATHAM SQUARE FOR SALE—The 4-story brick stores No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 Chatham-square, and No. 2 Oliver-st., situate on the north-easterly corner of Chatham and Oliver-sts., at the head of the Bowery extension, and one of the most desirable plots of land in that section of the city. Apply to A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—BROADWAY.—The extra large and valuable lot with the buildings No. 726 Broadway, 266 by 137 feet.

ALSO,

southeast corner 4th-av. and 41st-st., fine plot of ground. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON THE NORTH SIDE OF 38TH-st., between 5th and Madison avs., (with lot running through to 39th-st., on which is a first-class stable,) one of the most costly and handsomely finished houses in the City, built by the owner for his own use. It will be sold at a great sacrifice. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP, AND ON EASY TERMS, or to lease for a term of years, 10 lots, north side of 22d-st., between Av.-A and 1st-av. Also, for sale a Trinity Church lease of store No. 277 Greenwich-st. Inquire of the owner WM. M. BAXTER, No. 144 East 48th-st., before 9 A. M. or after 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE DESIRABLE THREE-STORY brown-stone front house, No. 78 West 26th-st.; is in perfect order, having been recently repaired, papered and painted throughout. Lot 22.6x100 feet; house 60 feet deep. Can be seen between 10 and 5 o'clock. Apply to GEO. W. VAN BOSKERCK, No. 121 Broad-st., near South-st.

FOR SALE—A NEAT THREE-STORY BRICK house, with high stoop, and modern improvements. Price $5,000, of which $3,000 may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply at No. 144 East 50th-st., between 1 and 4 o'clock P. M.

FOR SALE CHEAP—THE FOUR-STORY, handsome brown-stone basement and brick house, 20x60 feet, and lot 103 feet deep. No. 88 East 16th-st. Apply to FRANCIS MORGAN, No. 36 Pine-st.

LOTS FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—Desirable building lots on 1st, 2d and 4th places, between Clinton and Henry sts., Brooklyn. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, Executor, No. 139 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BROWN-stone front dwelling No. 32 East 25th-st., 20x56. Price $12,000. Apply to F. W. DOWNER, No. 48 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY KNOWN AS NOS. 164 and 166 Leonard-st., and Nos. 92 and 94 Greene-st. Apply to P. WALSH, No. 275 Mott-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE HOUSE, NO. 374 Henry-st., Brooklyn. Possession 1st May next. Inquire at No. 340 Broadway, third story.

ALLEN NEWMAN, REAL ESTATE BROKER, Tarrytown, N. Y., has a variety of houses and lots, country seats and farms in Tarrytown, Sing Sing, Yonkers, Bergen Heights, N. J., &c., to let, lease, sell or exchange on equitable terms.

FARMS.

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT FARM OF 31 acres, 3 minutes' walk from depot at Metuchin, and 1½ hours from New-York, via New-Jersey Railroad. The buildings are plain but comfortable; and the soil, location, convenience to churches and schools, and accessibility, make it one of the most desirable farms in market. It is well adapted for a suburban residence, or is equally eligible for subdivision into villa sites, as it overlooks the village and surrounding country. Will be sold very low to close an estate. Apply to S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st., from 11 to 2 o'clock, or M. DANIELS, Administrator, No. 177 Market-st., Newark.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 220 ACRES, IN HYDE Park, Dutchess County, N. Y.; location two miles from Hudson River Railroad, at Hyde Park Station. Title perfect, and a large proportion of the purchase money may remain secured at the option of the purchaser. For particulars, apply personally to the subscriber, on the premises, or address as above. THOMAS NEWCOMB.

FOR SALE—A FARM IN WESTCHESTER COUNty, containing 100 acres, 21 miles from the City, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad; the outhouses, &c., in good order; fruits of various kinds. Also, a valuable property corner of 20th-st. and 2d-av. Inquire at the Marble Yard, No. 343 Bowery, corner of 3d-st.

TO LET—ADJOINING THE EMINENTLY healthy and beautiful village of Plainfield, N. J., a fine farm of 50 acres, large new double house, running brook in front, mountain view, and in every way desirable. Inquire of HARRIOTT & MILLER, No. 486 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

FOR SALE.—A FARM OF ABOUT 121 ACRES IN the town of Hyde Park, Duchess County, New-York, near the depot; well wooded and watered, with stock and farming utensils. Terms very easy. Apply to L. HURST, No. 192 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—A FARM ON LONG ISLAND, three miles north of Suffolk Station; new dwelling-house, first-class outbuildings, two fish-ponds, &c., and about 300 acres of land. For terms and particulars, apply to G. C. & E. J. GENET, No. 10 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE—ABOUT 1½ HOURS' RIDE from New-York by rail; contains 43 acres, adapted to grain and grass; house with five rooms and kitchen; good barn. Price $2,800. Address or inquire at *Fredonian* Office, New-Brunswick, N. J.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—ELIGIBLE BOARD FOR AN INvalid or lady expecting to require medical care, kindness and home attention. No children or boarders. For location, terms, &c., apply to or address Dr. THIERS, No. 1,217 Broadway.

BOARD WANTED—IN THE COUNTRY BY A gentleman, his wife, two children and nurse, in a private family where no other boarders will be taken; must be within thirty miles of the City, and near the water preferred. Address G. S., Box 1,320 Post-office, New-York, stating terms and particulars.

BOARD WANTED.—WANTED, BY A GENtleman and his wife, a pleasant room with board; a front room preferred; location between 11th and 23d sts., and 6th and 10th avs. Will furnish the same almost entirely. References given and required. Address, stating terms, which must be reasonable, C. P., Station C.

BOARD WANTED—FOR THE ADVERTISER, wife, three children (one an infant) and servant, between 14th and 25th sts., and west of Broadway, in a private family who do not move in May. Address, with full particulars, UNION, Box No. 151 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED IN THE COUNTRY—for a family of seven persons, to be not more than half an hour's distance from New-York; on North River preferred. Address with particulars, "TYLER," Carrier's Department, New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BOARD FOR THE SUMMER IN A healthy locality, at a convenient distance from this City, for a small family, consisting of a lady, two small children with a nurse. Address, with full particulars, stating terms, which must be moderate, B. G. H., Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, NO CHILdren, wish a nice house up town, furnished wholly or partly, and board the owners, without other boarders. Address ERNEST, Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

STEAM POWER TO LET.

TO LET, WITH POWER—SEPARATELY or together, two adjoining rooms on the fifth floor, extremely well lighted, and fitted for a large business.

JOHN GAUDU,
No. 102 Walker-st.

STEAM POWER AND ROOMS TO LET—In the buildings Nos. 446, 448 and 450 Water-st. Nine lofts, 25x40 feet, with hatchways, hoistwheels, &c. Good light, front and rear; location good, and premises suitable for almost any manufacturing business. Apply at No. 224 South-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

ROOMS WANTED—IN THE VIITH, XTH OR XVIIth Wards; the second floor of 3 or 4 rooms and 2 rooms on the third floor, by an American family of three, (the youngest a girl of 12 years,) in a pleasant neighborhood on the north side; gas and water on second floor indispensable; rent not to exceed $300. Address A. M. C., Box No. 171 *Times* Office.

WANTED TO RENT IN BROOKLYN—Within 15 minutes' walk of one of the ferries, a three-story house with modern improvements, in a good neighborhood. The party desiring to rent will prove a good tenant. Rent must be moderate. Address R. C. W., Box No. 176 *Times* office.

WANTED—A SMALL STORE AND CELLAR, OR half of a store and cellar, between Broadway, Beekman, Water and Wall sts. Address Box 4,536 Post-office.

WANTED TO HIRE—A FOUR-STORY HOUSE in a genteel neighborhood; one with all the modern conveniences would be preferred. Address X. L. S., Box No. 135 *Times* Office, stating terms, &c.

BUILDING MATERIALS, &C.

LUMBER.

500,000 feet shipping box.
500,000 feet common box, for box-makers' use.
250,000 feet 1, 1½ and 2 inch spruce.
Also, pine flooring, and a general assortment of lumber suitable for carpenters' use.
For sale by

McGRAW & CO.,
Corner of Green and Bay sts.,
Jersey City.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the City, where the cheapest marble mantels, &c., can be bought, is at A. KLABER'S marble yard, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. (Cut this out.)

BOOTS AND SHOES

BOOT AND SHOE AND RUBBER

BUSINESS PAPER bought and sold on commission at lowest rates. Loans obtained on good securities. Also, Government claims and commercial paper bought and sold by P. W. GALLAUDET, 1 Wall-st., cor. Broadway.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A LOT OF ARMY SHOES, to close out a consignment. Apply to MEISSNER, ACKERMANN & CO., No. 48 Beaver-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

VALUABLE COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE at Westchester, N. Y., the house and grounds of the late Thomas Timpson, about ¾ mile from the village of Westchester, on the road from W. C. to East Chester, and two miles from Williams Bridge Railroad station, and twelve miles from City Hall, New-York, consisting of 40 acres of upland, all in a high state of cultivation, and 18 acres of salt meadows. On the place are two apple orchards of the best grafted fruit; also, a large number and variety of choice kinds grafted pear trees and other fruits. The place is beautifully situated for a suburban residence. Also, on the road from Williams Bridge to Westchester, corner of Saw-mill-lane, 16½ acres choice Woodland, high and dry, being the highest ground for miles around. For maps, terms, &c., apply to GEO. TIMPSON, Executor, No. 61 Wall-st., or to JAS. T. ADEE, near Williams Bridge.

FOR SALE—BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS OF PHILIP DATER, deceased, a very desirable country residence, 1½ miles above Harlem Bridge, in the town of Woodstock, Westchester County, containing 2½ acres of land, running through from Prospect to Union-avenue; a handsome frame house, with modern improvements; out-buildings complete; fine garden; plenty of choice fruit and ornamental trees. The place is near the residence of John McGraw, Charles Denison, Edward G. Faile and the late Philip Dater. Price $12,000. Terms easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or to A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., 5½ Pine-st.

TO LET IN FLUSHING—ROSE COTTAGE, within ten minutes' flagged walk of the depot, containing four rooms on the first floor—drawing-room, 23 by 20, with two bay windows; dining-room, parlor and bedroom; seven rooms on the second floor; basement under the whole, furnished with furnace, pump, range and dumb waiter. Stable and carriage-house, and a well of remarkably pure water. Grounds shaded with fine old trees. Butcher, baker and milkman attend daily. Is now occupied by J. V. Graham, Esq. Rent $300.

Inquire of WILLETT & CARLL, Real Estate Agents, Main-st., Flushing; WM. SMART, Jamaica-av.; or P. A. VAN BERGEN, No. 195 Broadway, New-York.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET IN FLUSHING.—Locust Cottage, situated on the farm of the subscriber, ten minutes' flagged walk from the depot. Contains drawing-room 20 feet square, dining-room on first floor, six bedrooms, well finished basement under the whole. Excellent water. Rent $350.

Likewise, near the above, a small cottage with garden. Rent $80.

Inquire of WILLETT & CARLL, Real Estate Agents, Main st., Flushing; WM. SMART, Jamaica-av.; or P. A. VAN BERGEN, No. 195 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET IN FLUSHING—THE LARGE 2-STORY mansion, formerly the residence of William Redwood, Esq., situated near the railroad depot, and now occupied by Mrs. Brooks. The house is very eligibly situated, has a fine garden, and grounds sufficient for the pasture of a cow, and is well calculated for a boarding-house or a large family. Will be let low to a good tenant. Apply to WM. SMART.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS country residence, situated on the east bank of the Hudson, five minutes' walk to Tubby Hook Depot, on Hudson River Railroad, and 25 minutes by rail to 31st-st. The house is large, and finished in the best manner, with all modern improvements; also, a stable, carriage-house and coachman's dwelling. The grounds are highly improved, and abound with fine shade, ornamental and fruit trees. Splendid river view. Apply to THOMPSON, WHITE & CO., No. 39 Broadway, or to JOSEPH THOMPSON, on the premises.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, WITH FARM AND PROFITABLE MANUFACTURING INTEREST, FOR SALE—A valuable water privilege, with mill in full operation, and farm of 80 acres, connected with a large and nearly new frame house, two stories, basement and attic, finished in the modern style, pleasantly located in Springfield, N. J., one mile from the Milburn Depot, on the Morris and Essex Railroad. For plan of the property and full particulars, apply to JENNINGS BROTHERS, No. 432 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR INVALIDS.—A HANDSOME COUNTRY residence, near the Hudson River, twenty-two miles from New-York, one mile from the village of Irvington, with twenty acres of ground well supplied with fruit and water in every form. The buildings are sightly, convenient and commodious, and the mountain scenery is beautiful. A rational and genteel family, knowing what health and comfort are, will find this property worth more than it costs them. Price $7,500.

C. G. PRATT, No. 32 Pine-st., Room No. 9.

OIL-PAINTINGS AND WORKS OF ART.—A French gentleman, long resident in the United States, and having a large collection of old and costly paintings, by celebrated masters and many pieces of rare statuary, wishes to purchase a good dwelling or country place of about $15,000 value, and pay for the same in a selection from his catalogue of paintings and statuary, which will be found very rare, and part cash. For further particulars, inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., near Broadway.

TO LEASE FOR FIVE YEARS—THE COUNtry residence of the subscriber, with 20 acres of highly cultivated land, at New Rochelle, Westchester County. The house is large, with wide hall, high ceilings, furnace, bath, &c., &c., and very convenient; the out-buildings, garden, &c., are in complete order, with abundance of choicest fruit, fine water, views, &c. For a desirable residence in this City, an exchange may be effected for five years. S. F. COWDREY, No. 67 Wall-st.

BEAUTIFUL SITES ON THE HUDSON FOR SALE—At Poughkeepsie, 2 miles south of the city and near Prof. Morse, with fine views of the river and the surrounding country, with large water front and embracing 72 acres of choice land.

Also,

For sale, in Greene-st., near Houston-st., in this City, a plot with buildings, 100x100 feet, or 150x100 feet. Terms easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.—ONE of the most healthy and beautiful villages in the State, two very neat cottages, for $1,000 each; also, two cottages, with one quarter acre of land, plenty of fruit and shade, at $1,200; also, two desirable residences of one-half acre, abundance of fruit and shade; price, $2,500. Inquire of HARRIOTT & MILLER, No. 486 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME RESIDENCE AT Morristown, N. J., pleasantly situated, a few minutes' walk from depot; size, 42 by 36 feet, three stories, with two story wing, 16 rooms, finished in good style, with furnace, gas, water, &c.; also, carriage-house, stable, poultry-house and ice-house; garden and fruit-yard of about 1½ acres, well stocked with choice fruit and shrubbery.

S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st., 11 to 2.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, NORWALK, CONN.—One of the most desirable locations in this village, situated on the hill at the head of the harbor, and commanding a fine view of the same; on said premises are a large barn, carriage house and other outbuildings, all in good repair. For further particulars inquire of Mr. M. O. BANKS, No. 418 Broadway, or of the subscriber on the premises. A. MALLORY.

FOR SALE AT FAIRFIELD, CONN.—THE beautiful residence of Isaac De Forrest, with two acres of land, near the depot; fine garden, good barn, carriage-house, and an abundance of fruit and shade trees. The house is 2-story, about 34x42, with wing 21x30, handsomely situated, and in perfect order. BULKLEY & FINK, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

A COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—CONSISTing of 20 acres of land, new house, containing all the modern improvements, outbuildings, stock and farming implements complete; situated at English Neighborhood, N. J., on the Northern Railroad, and within three minutes walk of the station. For further information inquire of DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD, No. 51 White-st.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—About 12 miles from this City by railroad. Three acres of land, fruit and shade trees, fine garden, good pasturage, barn, carriage-house, &c., &c. House in excellent condition, contains 12 rooms, beside kitchen, &c. For further particulars, inquire of J. S. SEABURY, No. 41 Water st.

TO LET—AT WESTCHESTER, THE COUNTRY residence of the late Capt. W. A. Spencer, situated about a mile from Williamsbridge, on the Boston post road, consisting of large dwelling-house, gardener's lodge, stable, dairy and carriage-house. The garden is large and tastefully laid out, and furnished with green-house. Apply at No. 53 Walker-st.

TO LET—A COUNTRY HOUSE, IN COMPLETE order, situated in the village of Tremont, 8 miles from City; pleasantly located, with garden, well of good water; the house contains 11 rooms, and is only 3 minutes' walk from the railroad and stage depots; rent $175 a year. Inquire of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—HOUSE AND lots in Yonkers, on Palisade-av., nearly new, with all the modern conveniences. Location unsurpassed, commanding a view of the Hudson for twenty-five miles. Apply to THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Vice-President of Security Fire Insurance Co., No. 31 Pine-st., or to W. T. HATCH, Nos. 79 and 81 Worth-st.

FOR SALE AT NEW-HAVEN—A BEAUTIful country-seat, with four acres of land, 1½ miles from the centre of the city. The house is new, and contains all modern conveniences; size 48x50, with an addition 45x17, with stable, ice-house, &c. It is delightfully situated on high land, west of Whitney-av., and commands a fine view. Terms reasonable. Apply to

ELI WHITNEY.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 26, 1863.

FURNISHED HOUSE ON THE HUDSON RIVER TO LET—Situated on the east bank of the river; one hour from the City, and three minutes' walk from Mount St. Vincent Depot. House 50x50; 10 acres land running to river; abundance choice fruit. ABRAM KNIGHT & SONS, No. 7 Coenties-slip.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished houses, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 48 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS country residence; location central, five minutes' walk from depot. House large, modern style, and very complete; fine garden, fruit trees, barn, &c., &c., all in excellent order. For an interview, address Box No. 843 New-York Post-office.

A COTTAGE TO LET AT WHITESTONE Point, Long Island, with stable and two acres of land, situated near the water, and only one hour from City by steamboat or railroad. Price $450 per year. Apply on the premises to EDWARD POST, or to JOS. T. MOORE, No. 290 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT, embracing a spacious house, built within the last two years, with every modern convenience; first floor finished in solid black walnut; large carriage house, &c.; five minutes' walk from depot; 12 miles from the City. Inquire at Gas office, 76 Nassau-st., from 11 to 2 o'clock.

TO LET IN THE VILLAGE OF PORTCHESTER—A large house with ten rooms, garden, barn and carriage-house, suitable for a large family for the Summer months or for a person wishing to keep boarders. Price $350. Apply to WILLIAM BATTIES, of Portchester, or STEPHEN C. GRIFFIN, Mamaroneck.

TO LET OR LEASE—IN RYE, NEAR THE depot, two pleasant residences—the one, a large double house; the other, a house of medium size; each with outbuildings, &c., all complete, and ample grounds. Rent, $750 and $425. Apply to J. E. CORNING, No. 30 Platt-st.

TO RENT—IN WASHINGTONVILLE, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y., a good stand for the boot, shoe and ready-made clothing business. Apply to JNO. JAQUES, Washingtonville.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

TO LET—ON STATEN ISLAND, FIVE MINUTES' walk from the Quarantine Landing, several cottages on Fiedler's Park. A healthy and pleasant locality; fine view and well shaded. Apply to ERNEST FIEDLER, No. 32 Broadway.

A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—At Darien, Conn.; four minutes' walk from the depot of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad; the buildings are commodious and conveniently situated on 1 acre; rent $275; more land can be had if required. Apply at City Dining Room, No. 335 Broadway, corner of Worth-st.

FOR SALE ON STATEN ISLAND—A DEsirable residence, eligibly situated, within a short distance of Factoryville Landing. The house contains ten rooms, is substantially built; the grounds contain about 16 acres. Will be sold on reasonable terms, or will be let for a term of years, and partially furnished, if desired. Apply to W. A. GALATLEY, No. 170 William-st., or to JAMES E. HADDEN, No. 755 Broadway, N. Y.

COTTAGE AND FIVE ACRES ON STATEN ISLAND—At auction, TUESDAY, 24th inst.; desirable in every respect, in perfect order; possession immediately; distance from Wall-st. one hour. Sale positive; terms to suit purchaser. For all particulars, with map and directions, apply to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 13 Pine-st.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, no children, a desirable country residence, well furnished, within a short distance of the City. The place must be well stocked with the different varieties of fruits, with fine flower-garden and lawn, also stable for horses. To one having an attractive place a good arrangement may be made. Address M. & B., Box No. 1295 Post-office.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE OR GARden farm of 14 acres; more land if desired; situated 15 miles from New-York, 2½ miles from Elizabeth, 15 minutes' walk from Mulford's Station, on New-Jersey Central Railroad; buildings all new; house contains ten rooms; fine brook and fish-pond. Inquire of GILPIN & HOAGLAND, No. 121 West-st.

ANY PERSON DESIROUS OF SELLING between 2 and 5 acres of land, with good house, outbuildings and fruit on it, situated within one hour's ride by cars from the City, may address, with full particulars of the property and neighborhood, L. P. W., Station D, New-York City. Hudson River or Long Island preferred.

FOR SALE—AT TARRYTOWN, N. Y., A HOUSE and lot commanding a fine view of Hudson River. House large and well finished. Plenty of shade and fruit trees of all kinds; good well and cistern; within five minutes of depot and steamboats. Will be sold cheap. Apply to T. G. SWARTWOUT, No. 208 Broadway.

NEWBURGH.—FOR SALE, BEAUTIFUL COUNtry seat, commanding a magnificent view of the Hudson River. Grounds 3 acres, well planted with fruit and shade trees. Stable, carriage-house, &c.

FITTON & JONES, No. 25 Wall-st.

WANTED TO HIRE FOR THE SUMMER—A furnished house, containing 10 rooms, within 1½ hours of the City. On the water preferred. Must be perfectly healthy. Address Box No. 1,222 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT ON Staten Island Heights, commanding an extensive view, with a large house, newly put in order; stable and outhouses. Apply to JAMES E. MAURAN, No. 315½ West 22d-st., or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

WANTED TO RENT FOR THE SUMMER months a small country residence, furnished, on Staten Island, near a steamboat landing, with a stable attached. Address JOHN, *Times* Office, Box No. 135.

WANTED TO RENT FOR THE SUMMER a furnished house within 30 miles of New-York. Address, stating particulars and price, Box No. 424 Post-office.

TO LET AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—A HOUSE next to the Methodist Church, garden and orchard. Inquire at Mr. PIERSON'S store, near the depot.

TO LET.

LARGE BOARDING-HOUSE ENTERPRISE IN BROOKLYN.—Two very large and commodious 4-story brick houses, connected and built expressly for the business. They have been successfully employed for years for boarding-houses and are now offered to let or lease on very favorable terms. The houses are 61 feet front and 65 feet deep; the lot 100 feet deep. Situation, State near Henry-st., in Brooklyn. With ability and some capital a first-rate opportunity is here offered. Call on Mr. HOWE, No. 132 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, or send a note to F. MARQUAND, No. 43 Exchange-place, New-York.

TO LEASE—THE MANSION HOUSE LATELY occupied by Wm. H. Paine, Esq., in Bloomingdale, between 89th and 93d sts., North River. The place contains twelve acres, with a large dwelling-house in good repair, a cottage for a gardener, carriage-house and ice-house, grapery, with grape vines in full bearing; green-house, filled with rare plants; kitchen and flower garden, and a large variety of rare fruit trees. Possession given immediately. Apply to JOHN PAINE, No. 47 Wall-st.

STORES, &c., TO LET.—THE 5-STORY IRON front building, No. 258 Canal-st.; the store floor and basement No. 256 Canal-st.; the first story above the store of Nos. 254 and 256 Canal-st., corner of Elm—splendid room 50 feet front, connected by archways; the building No. 5 Platt-st.; the buildings No. 1 Platt and No. 229 Pearl-st., with which it connects, together or separately. Also some offices in Chambers-st. and vicinity. Apply to GEORGE BRUCE, No. 13 Chambers-st.

TO LET IN YORKVILLE—IN A QUIET neighborhood, near the Central Park, a two-story and attic house, with kitchen and cellar; water in the house; the house is in complete order, and suitable for a genteel family. Rent, $250 per year. Inquire on the premises, 4th-av., between 84th and 85th sts., the middle house, east side, or of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row. Possession 1st of May.

TO RENT IN SOUTH BROOKLYN, NEAR Henry-st.:

No. 54 West Warren-st. Rent, $700.
No. 56 West Warren-st. Rent, $700.
No. 77 West Baltic-st. Rent, $600.

These houses have water, gas, and all modern improvements. Inquire of A. G. JEROME & CO. No. 20 Exchange-place.

TO RENT, IN BROOKLYN, NEAR CLINton-st., No. 68 West Baltic-st., and No. 72 West Baltic-st., first-class houses. Also, house and store, corner of Court and Centre sts.; house and store in Court-st., near Union-st.; No. 8 Harrison-st. A number of other houses to let and for sale. Apply to H. STEVENSON, No. 218 Court-st., Brooklyn.

TO RENT, FURNISHED, FOR BOARD.—A nice house, with 12 rooms, on New-York-av., Brooklyn, with a large garden, abounding in grapevines and pear, peach and cherry trees, &c. The owner will let the premises to a small family for the board of his wife and himself. Address R. S. A., Box No. 187 *Times* Office.

TO LEASE FOR THREE YEARS—THE 16 lots of ground, being 200 feet square, with all the buildings thereon, on the northeast corner of 3d-av. and 86th-st., being the entire frontage on 3d-av., from 86th to 87th sts., and 200 feet deep on each street. Apply to RICHARD L. SUYDAM, 158 Waverley-place, near 6th-av.

TO RENT—TWO SUPERB BUSINESS ROOMS, or large offices adjoining, in Park Building, corner of Park-row, Beekman and Nassau sts., one flight up; one fronting Park-row and the other Nassau-st. Apply to CHAS. MORRILL, Room No. 10, third floor, Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, No. 495 Broadway.

TO LET.—ONE OF THE MOST ELEGANT AND costly finished houses on 5th-av., first below 49th-st. House full sized, with every convenience. Will be let to a private family only. Rent, $2,250. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

TO LET—THE STORE, BACK ROOM AND BACK basement of house No. 704 8th-av., opposite the railroad depot; a fine stand for the boot and shoe business, or for a dry-goods or fancy store; rent $300 a year. Apply to EDWARD TIMPSON, No. 170 West 50th-st.

TO LET—ON ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH-st., between 3d and 4th avs., near Central Park, three well-finished cottage houses, with gas fixtures; eight rooms each; fine yard, fruit trees, outhouse, &c.; facilities good for getting down town. Rent, $200. Inquire at No. 254 Pearl-st.

OFFICES TO LET.—DESIRABLE OFFICES on third floor of No. 90 Beaver-st., near Wall-st. Two of the above front on Pearl-st., and will be rented together; three front on Beaver-st., and will be let separately if desired. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 139 Pearl-st.

DUANE-ST. STORE TO LET—THE STORE and cellar of the brown-stone front building, No. 159 Duane-st., between Hudson and West Broadway, 26x75. Possession immediate. Rent low. Apply to CHARLES HALL, No. 80 Vesey-st.

BROADWAY PROPERTY TO LET.—THE valuable property on the southeast corner of Broadway and 4th-st., extending through to Lafayette-place, will be let separate or together. Apply to A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—IN A FINE locality, Brooklyn; 3-story brick, with modern improvements; good neighborhood, and within 5 minutes' walk of the ferries—at reasonable rent. Apply to SANDFORD & CORNELL, No. 16 Court-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, THE ENGLISH basement house No. 126 West 25th-st., containing all the modern conveniences. The owner will take the rent in board, but other boarders are not allowed. For particulars, inquire on the premises.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brick house, No. 9 Lafayette-place, 28 feet in width, finished in modern style, and with all modern improvements. Apply to A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

APARTMENTS TO RENT.—AN ELEGANTly furnished apartment, parlor and large bedroom, with bath, &c., to rent without board, to a single gentleman, in the first-class private residence, No. 155 West 14th-st. Best of references required.

HOTEL TO LEASE.—THE MANHATTAN Hotel, No. 7 Murray-st., containing about 100 rooms, will be leased to a good tenant for three or five years. Apply to JOHN PAINE, No. 47 Wall-st., or to JOHN LLOYD, No. 15 Nassau-st.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN.—THE NEAT TWO-story and attic cottage house; water, gas, dumb waiter, speaking tubes, &c., suitable for a small genteel family; to a prompt tenant, rent $300. Inquire at No. 92 Vanderbilt-avenue, between Myrtle and Park avs.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY HOUSE, NO. 85 Varick-st.; also, the four-story building in the rear, well suited for any kind of mechanical business. Apply to G. W. CANDEE, No. 32 Barclay-st.

TO LET IN HOBOKEN—A FIRST-CLASS hotel, called the Park Hotel, situated on the corner of Hudson and 4th sts.; a fine view of the Hudson River. Inquire at No. 19 4th-st., on the premises.

TO LET, LEASE OR FOR SALE—THE building No. 391 Hudson-st., including balance of stock of furniture, horse, cart, &c., which will be sold at auction on April 1, if not disposed of previously.

BROOKLYN.—STORES ON FULTON-AV. TO LET.—Three first-class stores, with plate glass fronts and silver plated sashes, to rent. Possession immediately. Apply to R. G. LOCKWOOD, No. 155 Fulton-av.

TO LET.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF THE TWO-story house No. 93 Henry-st., consisting of three rooms on second floor, and one attic, with use of basement for washing. Rent $17 per month. Possession immediately. No moving May 1.

TO LET—THE LOWER PART OF NO. 526 Broome-st., consisting of front basement, front and back parlor, two rooms in third story, bath-room, gas, &c. Apply at the house, after 2 P. M. For sale, a 6-octave piano, $50, and an invalid's easy chair, on wheels, $15.

TO LET—ON ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH-st., between 3d and 4th avs., near Central Park, three well-finished cottage houses, with gas fixtures; eight rooms each; fine yard, fruit trees, out-house, &c.; facilities good for getting down town. Rent, $200. Inquire at No. 254 Pearl-st.

TO LET—PRIVATE DWELLING NO. 17 ST. Luke's-place, Leroy-st. Brown-stone, gas, bath, and all the modern improvements, in good order. Rent low. Apply at No. 15 St. Luke's-place, or No. 80 Carmine-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT brick dwelling houses, Nos 19 and 20 Mansfield-place, West 51st-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; rent $550 a year. Apply to EDWARD TIMPSON, No. 170 West 50th-st.

TO LET—FROM 1ST OF MAY, THE SECOND AND third stories (26x76) well lighted, with some steam power if wanted, in the brown-stone front building No 232 Water-st. Inquire of ALFRED B. SANDS, in the store.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE STONE HOUSE, No. 68 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st., full size, with all the improvements. Will be let or sold low to a good tenant. Apply to R. W. HOWES, at the Park Bank.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT UNDER THE TIMES Office, fronting Park-row, 32x16 feet. Inquire in office of the *Agriculturist*, No. 41 Park-row.

TO LET—THE EXTRA DEEP 5-STORY STORE No. 196 Broadway. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO MANUFACTURERS.—FIVE LOFTS, 50 feet by 23 feet each, in the well-lighted building No. 90 Ann-st. S. COCKCROFT, No. 4 Pine-st.

TO RENT—THE FIRST-CLASS, FOUR-STORY house No. 105 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Inquire of A. G. JEROME & CO., No. 20 Exchange-place.

AUCTION SALES.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.

SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, NO 35 WILLIAM-ST., } NEW-YORK, March 16, 1863. }

In continuation of the system of auction sales, this Company will offer at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the room now used as the Merchants' Exchange, Nos. 26 and 28 Exchange-place, corner of William-st., by SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer,

THIRTY THOUSAND TONS OF FRESH MINED SCRANTON COAL,

embracing all the usual sizes, and deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., after the 1st of April next. They will repeat such auction sales on or about the 20th of each month, during the year 1863.

The sale will be positive. Each lot put up will be sold to the highest bidder; no bids, in any form whatever, being made for account of, or on behalf of the Company.

Fifty cents per ton, in bankable funds, to be paid at the time and place of sale, and the balance in like funds, on receiving the order for the coal, which must be called for within ten days thereafter, and the coal taken away within thirty days from the day of sale, unless navigation is obstructed. Buyers who wish, however, can have an additional thirty days for taking the delivery of their purchases, by making a further deposit of fifty cents per ton, within the ten days above specified. Interest, at 7 per cent. per annum, will in such case be charged on the balance, from the time stipulated for payment until paid; and twenty-five cents per ton to cover the expense of stocking the coal,—both to be paid on delivery of order.

The other conditions of sale will be substantially those hitherto accepted by all purchasers, by private contract, of coal deliverable at Elizabethport, so far as applicable. The coal will be delivered direct from the cars on their arrival from the mines, when practicable—otherwise from the stock. These conditions will be modified to meet the wants of ocean steamers, whose arrival cannot be definitely fixed.

With a reliable avenue from the Lackawanna and Wyoming Valleys to tide-water, open every day in the year, (Sundays excepted,) requiring but 12 hours for the transit of the trains, the advantages of such sales, and the superior condition in which the coal will be delivered, are so apparent, they cannot doubt this mode of selling will commend itself to the favorable consideration of both the trade and consumers, whose coöperation is respectfully invited.

C. R. ROBERT, President.

EDWARD SINTZENICH, Auctioneer.

LARGE STOCK OF

CITY BUILT CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c.

By D. W. IVES & CO., at their salesrooms, Nos. 155 and 157 Broadway, THIS DAY, March 20, at 1 o'clock.

A stock of first-class City-built carriages, made by Lawrence, Mott, &c. Also, nearly 200 sets of harness, saddles, &c., &c.

The stock of carriages, built to order for the best class of retail trade, consists of bretts, barouches, coupes, rockaways, park phaetons, chaises, top buggies, open buggies, &c.; the whole of which are in splendid order. Also several second-hand carriages.

HARNESS.—About 200 sets of single and double fine and other harness, suitable for City and country. A large assortment of saddles, &c.

Catalogues day before, and goods on exhibition.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

VALUABLE COLLECTION OF OIL PAINTINGS.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, March 20, at 11 o'clock, in the gallery over the salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st., the valuable collection of oil-paintings belonging to John L. Weston, late of Broadway, who declines business in consequence of ill health; consisting of about 100 oil-paintings, mostly of a high class, both modern and ancient.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

SUPERB ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, &c.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at salesrooms, No. 141 Broadway, a large and varied stock of first-class City made furniture, of all the usual varieties. Catalogues at sale.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF 130 VALUABLE LOTS AND GORES, WITH VALUABLE WATER RIGHTS, AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 24, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of Wm. E. Dodge, Esq., Executor of the estate of the late Anson G. Phelps, Sen.:

1ST-AV., 29TH AND 30TH STS.—14 lots, being 6 lots and gore on the east side of 1st-av., between 29th and 30th sts., and 8 lots in the rear of above, being 4 on each street.

1ST-AV., 29TH AND 30TH STS.—10 lots and gore on the west side of 1st-av., being 8 on the avenue and 1 on each street in the rear.

Also, 8 lots the entire front on the east side of 1st-av., between 30th and 31st sts.

30TH AND 31ST STS.—29 lots, 15 on north side of 30th-st., and 14 on south side of 31st-st., in rear of above and extending to the East River, with a valuable bulkhead of about 300 feet and water right.

AVENUE A, 57TH AND 58TH STS.—8 lots, the entire front on the east side of Avenue A, between 57th and 58th sts.; 8 lots on the north side of 57th-st. and south side of 58th-st., in rear of above and extending to the East River, with the valuable bulkhead and water right.

AVENUE A AND 59TH-ST.—16 lots, 8 on the west side of Avenue A, entire front between 58th and 59th sts., and 8 on the south side of 59th-st., in rear of above; Avenue A, 8 lots being the entire front on the west side of Avenue A, between 59th and 60th sts.

Also—8 lots, the entire front on the east side of Avenue A, between 58th and 59th sts.

58TH AND 59TH STS.—10 lots on the north side of 58th and south side of 59th-st., in rear of above, and extending to the East River, with valuable bulkhead and water right.

AVENUE A AND 59TH-ST.—11 lots and gores on the east side of Avenue A, between 59th and 60th sts., and north side of 59th-st., and extending to the East River, with the valuable water right.

Many of the above lots are on and near 59th-st., the southern boundary of Central Park.

EVERY LOT WILL BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD.
TERMS WILL BE MADE KNOWN AT SALE.

Book, maps and full particulars may be had at the Auctioneer's office, E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON AVENUE A, 1ST AND 3D AVS., 28TH, 49TH AND 86TH STS. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on FRIDAY, March 20, 1863, at 12 o'clock M., at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the following described property:

28TH-ST.—2 four-story brown-stone houses and lots on south side 28th-st., 225 feet east of 5th-av.; modern improvements.

49TH-ST.—1 lot south side 49th-st., 325 feet east of 5th-av.

86TH-ST.—4 lots north side 86th-st., 175 feet west of Av. A.

AV. A.—8 lots west side Av. A, between 88th and 89th sts.; 2 three-story brick houses and lots on west side Av. A, between 88th and 89th sts.

1ST-AV.—2 lots northeast corner of 1st-av. and 88th-st.

3D-AV.—10 lots west side 3d-av., comprising entire front between 97th and 98th sts.

WM. H. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE—No. 11 Chatham-st., and No. 27 Howard-st.—WM. H. FRANKLIN will sell at public auction, on FRIDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) the valuable property, No. 11 Chatham-st.—together with the house and lot, No. 27 Howard-st., opposite Crosby-st. By order of

JOHN SIMPSON, Executor.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

FOUR LOTS CORNER OF BROADWAY and 63d-st., and three lots on 79th-st., at auction. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, March 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the four valuable lots, northeast corner of Broadway and 63d-st., near the Central Park; also, three lots north side of 79th-st., 300 feet west of 3d-av., with two gore lots in the rear. Maps at the office No. 5½ Pine-st.

A. VANDERPOOL & CO., Auctioneers.

MAGNIFICENT SALE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—THIS DAY, (Friday,) at private residence No. 48 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., at 11 o'clock, rosewood piano-forte, fully guaranteed; rosewood and black walnut parlor and chamber suites, brocatel and lace curtains, velvet and Brussels carpets, oak dining-room furniture, silver-ware, table cutlery, china, glassware, rich collection of oil paintings, mirrors, bronzes, &c., &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on SATURDAY, March 21, at 12 o'clock, at the salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st., a pew in Grace Church, No. 5, located in the south or right hand aisle; will seat four persons; well cushioned, &c.; without reserve.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

DELAWARE AND LACKAWANA COAL AT AUCTION.—BURDETT, JONES & CO. will sell, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11 o'clock, in front of store, No. 109 Wall-st. COAL—300 tons Delaware and Lackawana Coal, egg and grate size. Terms at sale.

WILLIAM WITTERS, Auctioneer.

WILLIAM WITTERS WILL SELL THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, at No. 454 Canal-st., the entire parlor, chamber, dining-room and kitchen furniture of a three-story house; 17 carpets, silverware, bedding, &c.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—La Favorita.

WINTER GARDEN—Dombey and Son—Loan of a Lover Slasher and Crasher.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—No Rest for the Wicked.

WALLACK'S—Money.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Enchantress.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—The Empress of Beauty—Com. Nutt—Hippopotamus, &c., at all hours.—Syro-Arabic Troupe.

BANVARD'S HALL OF ART—Four Panoramas in one Night.

GOUPIL'S—(No. 772 Broadway,) Cotopaxi.

THE NEW IDEA—Minstrels, Ballet and Pantomime.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

We have dispatches from Memphis to the 18th inst., embodying intelligence from the Yazoo Pass Expedition to Saturday morning last, which does not corroborate, in all respects, the reports which have previously reached us. Our fleet, consisting of the *Chillicothe*, *De Kalb*, five small gunboats and eighteen transports, had then only reached Greenwood, three miles above the junction of the Tallahatchie and Yallabusha Rivers. There, on Friday, the *Chillicothe*, which was in the advance, was fired upon by a rebel battery mounting five guns, and an engagement ensued, lasting till dark, in which only the *Chillicothe* appears to have been engaged, and which was without decisive results. She received sixty-four shots, one of which entered a port-hole, killing three and wounding fourteen persons. A few shots only were fired on Saturday morning, the *Chillicothe* being short of ammunition. The Richmond papers of the 16th, in noticing the affair, acknowledge the loss of "some valuable gunners and a few others." In addition to the Greenwood battery, the rebels are said to have strong fortifications at Yazoo City and at Manchester. Greenwood is one hundred and fifty miles from Yazoo City, and of course the report of the capture of that place, with twenty-six steamers, was at least premature.

From Vicksburgh we have advices to the 11th, which inform us that the canal at Lake Providence had been completed, and that the water would soon be let into it. The rebel gunboat *Webb*, which took part in the engagement with the *Indianola*, was lying close to the shore at Vicksburgh, supposed to be in a sinking condition from the injuries sustained by her in the encounter.

Further rebel accounts of the affair at Port Hudson are received, which prove that our conjectures regarding it were in the main correct. It was an attempt on the part of Admiral Farragut to obtain information of the enemy's position, and at the same time to run a portion of his fleet above the rebel batteries, preparatory to the grand combined land and naval attack under Gen. Banks and himself respectively. The Richmond *Whig*, of the 17th, states that the bombardment commenced at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of the 14th, and that at midnight a desperate engagement took place, the vessels attempting to pass the batteries under cover of the darkness. One gunboat—according to the rebel account—passed in a damaged condition, while the sloop-of-war *Mississippi* was burnt to the water's edge in front of the batteries; another large vessel—probably the *Hartford*—was completely riddled; a third was badly crippled, and the rest were driven back. Thirty-six men and one midshipman belonging to the *Mississippi* were secured by the rebel cavalry, several of them severely wounded. And all this—according to the rebel account—with no casualties on the rebel side. We shall have to wait for advices from New-Orleans, which may reach us on Sunday, before we can know how much reliance to place upon this account.

A rebel telegram from Raleigh, dated the 15th, states that Gen. D. H. Hill, who now commands the rebel forces in North Carolina, was moving against Newbern—date not given. A dispatch published by us, yesterday, announced his repulse from that place on Friday last. We now have full particulars of the affair from an eye-witness. On the 13th, the anniversary of the battle of Newbern, the rebels appeared in heavy force between the Trent and Neuse Rivers, and drove in our pickets. They were held in check by our cavalry, until Gen. Palmer advanced with a portion of his command, when they fell back. On the 14th they made a demonstration against Fort Anderson—an unfinished earthwork on the north of the Neuse River, on which no cannon were mounted. They commenced a bombardment, which did no particular damage, and then demanded its surrender, which was, of course refused. The enemy, who were commanded by Gen. Pettigrew, then opened their batteries again at short range, and after a brisk cannonade again demanded a surrender, which was again refused. Gen. Foster had by this time sent forward reinforcements, and when the rebels attempted an assault they were met with such a murderous fire from our gunboats and 20-pound howitzers on shore that they were forced to fall back. The action continued three hours, when the rebels finally retired, having lost heavily in killed and wounded, while our loss was but one man killed and two wounded.

We have this morning, from our Special Correspondent, a full account of the brilliant affair at Kelly's Ford, on the Rappahannock, in which our cavalry under Averill so completely defeated the rebel cavalry under Fitzhugh Lee and Stuart. It was the first real cavalry fight of the war, and proved conclusively that the rebel claim to superiority for their cavalry is not well founded.

The Richmond papers of the 16th contains a telegram from Chattanooga, expressing the belief that a battle is imminent in the neighborhood of Tullahoma. Skirmishing is said to have taken place on the 13th, on the Murfreesboro road. A telegram from Columbia, Tenn., states that four brigades of National troops attempted to hem in Van Dorn on the 13th at Duck River, but failed to secure him. The bridges, on the East Tennessee Railroad, destroyed by Gen. Carter some time ago, have only just been replaced by the rebels.

We have to-day an explanation of the report of fighting on the Blackwater. It appears that, on Tuesday, Col. Spear, of the Eleventh Pennsylvania Cavalry, with some artillery, attacked some rebel breastworks on the Blackwater, but failed to carry them. Our loss was 17 wounded and missing, and our gain was 10 rebels captured. How many rebels were killed and wounded is not known.

Two or three steamers are reported by the rebels to have run the blockade recently at Wilmington and Charleston, with valuable cargoes of merchandise.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, a unanimous report was made by the Railroad Committee in favor of a State interest in the Broadway Railroad bill. A unanimous report was made from the same Committee in favor of the Crosstown Railroad, striking out the streets in which stage lines exist. A report was also made in favor of Mr. Connolly's Gold resolutions, with some amendment. The bill amending the Charter of Brooklyn was passed; also the bill incorporating the Medical College for Women.

In the Assembly, a large number of bills were passed, among them the one increasing the salaries of Police Justices and Justices of the Peace in Brooklyn; the one increasing the compensation of jurors in Kings County; the one providing for the election of two additional Justices of the Supreme Court in the First District; the one authorizing a railroad in West Farms and Morrisania; the one relative to the collection of taxes in New-York City; the one to protect gas consumers in Brooklyn, and the one appropriating the surplus of the Canal revenues. Mr. Dean's Gold bill was then considered in Committee of the Whole until the recess. Both Houses held evening sessions.

GENERAL NEWS.

Gov. Andrew, of Massachusetts, has recommended the observance of April 2, by the people of that State, as a day of fasting and prayer, and Gov. Buckingham, of Connecticut, has named April 3.

The price of Gold Coin rose 1¼ ℔ cent. yesterday on rebel reports of disaster to the Federal cause on the Mississippi River. The price closed 155¾ ℔ cent. The Share market was firm, and Government securities in demand. Money easy at 5@6 ℔ cent. Exchange 171@171½ ℔ cent.

Breadstuffs and Provisions were in more demand, yesterday, at, in the main, firmer prices. A moderate business was reported in Whisky, Tallow, Petroleum, Tobacco, Hops, Hides and Clover Seed. Hay was in fair request. Wool was active and buoyant. Cotton was very quiet and much depressed. Groceries were lightly dealt in. The freight market was brisker and rather firmer.

A Loyal Legislature and a Copperhead One—The Difference.

Two State Legislatures have just made their mark, and with a difference.

The Legislature of Ohio has resolved "*That we will have no dissolution of the Union; that we will have no armistice; that we can fight as long as rebels and traitors can; that the war shall go on until law is restored; and that we will never despair of the Republic.*" This resolution was introduced by a War Democrat, and was adopted by a decided majority in both branches. It is explicit. It sets forth a principle and a purpose in a style no man can mistake. It has the sterling ring. The country sees at once there is nothing spurious in that loyalty. There are no qualifications, no disclaimers, no protests. It is whole-souled. It bespeaks a State that is in dead earnest—a State that is steadfast in its convictions, unfaltering in its devotion, indomitable in its spirit. That resolution, in this crisis of the struggle, is a grand thing for Ohio. It will hereafter be the proudest of all her titles to honor. It ought to stand in golden letters, on the front of her noble capitol, an imperishable memento of her fidelity.

In another part of this paper our readers may find resolutions which have passed the lower branch of the Legislature of New-Jersey by a vote of about three to one. To those who have an instinctive shrinking from any spectacle of humiliation, we have to say that these resolutions, on examination, will be found less repulsive than those originally introduced at the beginning of the session. They do not express such absolute abjectness of spirit. They are made up of a very fair mixture of scolding with whining; but the call for an armistice—as weak as the baby's cry for the moon—has been dropped. There has somehow been an accession of manhood sufficient—so far as this point in the matter goes—to incline the body to content itself with begging the National Government to appoint Peace Commissioners, "to meet commissioners similarly appointed by the insurgent States." Though the rebel authorities have iterated and reiterated that they would appoint no such commissioners except to negotiate on the basis of the independence of the Confederacy, and though the resolutions themselves, in avoiding all limitations to the action of the commissioners, would seem to consider that independence a foregone conclusion, yet the manifestation is really less ignominious, on the whole, than was first proposed. The Legislature should have the full credit of even the slightest change for the better.

But, all allowances made, these acts of the New-Jersey Legislature are positively, if not superlatively, disgraceful. They show that the body craves peace and is willing to pay almost any price for it. Their whole import and tenor is precisely the opposite of what is expressed in the Ohio resolution. They mean, if they mean anything, that we *may* have a dissolution of the Union; that we *may* have an armistice; that we *cannot* fight as long as traitors can; that the war *shall not* go on until law is restored; and that we *may and do* despair of the Republic. Their complaints, their protests and their propositions all, in reality, come to that. If their respective Legislatures are actually the exponents of the feelings of the two States, Ohio is at this day a war State, and New-Jersey is a peace State. The one is for maintaining the supremacy of the Government; the other is for making terms with the rebels. The one stands firm in the day of trial; the other bends.

A philosopher has said that "it makes a great difference to the force of any sentence, who is behind it." Ohio is the third State in this Union in population. New-Jersey is the twenty-first. We have no desire to make this an invidious comparison; for honor belongs, or ought to belong, to every State, irrespective of strength. But strength has something to do with influence; and if there is to be dereliction, it is better that it should come from a comparatively weak than a powerful State. Were the tables reversed—were Ohio to sink to the present spirit of New-Jersey, while New-Jersey elevated herself to the loyal level of Ohio—the change would not tell well for the public interests. It is deplorable that there should be a lapse anywhere; but, if it is to occur at all, it had better be found among the States which only count hundreds of thousands instead of millions.

Practically this action of New-Jersey will amount to nothing. Probably there is not another Northern State that can be induced to join in her solicitation for the appointment of Peace Commissioners. But even if some other States should so join, it would make no difference. The Federal Government has no such power. The President is sworn to defend the Constitution and to execute the laws. He could neither himself accept peace on any other ground than the Constitution and the existing laws, nor authorize any other man, or set of men, to do it. The bare attempt would justly expose him to impeachment. The only agents who can take in hand the matter of pacification and adjustment—as Mr. Seward instructed the French Minister—are the representatives of the States and of the people in Congress assembled. When the South shall resume its representation at Washington, propositions for terminating all sectional strife, and consolidating concord, may constitutionally be heard and acted upon. Until then, or until the Constitution itself is changed by a constitutional convention, the President has no constitutional alternative but to maintain the authority of the Government by force, whenever assailed. This obligation will unquestionably be fulfilled. If the Legislature of New-Jersey chooses to stultify itself, by devising other expedients and to dishonor itself by preferring peace to the vital principles of the Republic, of course it has the privilege; but, for all that, the war will go on, until its righteous object is accomplished.

The French in Mexico.

Quite a sensation was created in the City, yesterday morning, by the following announcement, which appeared in the journals of the day:

> "*The City of Mexico has been captured by the French.*"

This dispatch came from Fortress Monroe, but nothing whatever was known of its authenticity. To-day we have the intelligence from the same quarter that the report was based on the following statement in the Galveston (Texas) *News*, of the 2d inst.:

> "An official letter from the French Consul at Matamoras states that the City of Mexico has been captured by the French troops."

The Galveston paper which gave the statement, it will be noticed, is dated the 2d inst. The French Consul's letter on which it purports to have been based, must have been written at Matamoras a day or two previous; and as it would take some time for the news to travel from the City of Mexico to the mouth of the Rio Grande, it will be seen that the arrival of the French army at the Mexican capital must have been cotemporaneous with their departure from Orizaba—if not previous to it—as they did not leave the latter place until the 25th of February. The whole story is so palpably absurd, that we need waste no time in discussing the matter. To enlighten our readers, however, as to the probable position and movements of the French, we will state:

First, that according to the latest reliable advices, the various divisions of the French army had all moved out of Orizaba on the 25th ult. The distance from Orizaba to Puebla, by the great highway, is 35 Mexican leagues, or 95 English miles. We are told by those who have a personal knowedge of the country, that the road is in a horrible condition, and in some sections it will be extremely difficult for anything like heavy artillery to make its way.

From Puebla to the City of Mexico the distance is 33 Mexican leagues, or 90 English miles. From Orizaba to Mexico, therefore, the distance is 185 miles, and a great part of this route is traveled with much difficulty.

We know the French army to be in a thoroughly hostile country, short of supplies and quite deficient in all proper means of transportation.

If, under these circumstances, the French army, with its artillery, sits down before Puebla ready to attack the place by the middle of March, it will do a tolerably good business. If they attack the Mexicans, beat them, and capture Puebla by the 20th of March, the French army will do better still; and if they rush on and capture the City of Mexico by the 1st of April, and the news of all this reaches us by the middle of that month, it will cap the climax of French success in Mexico for the time being, and be more in accordance with public expectation in this country than any other result. We believe, however, that in this instance, as it has been in others relating to events in Mexico during the past two years, public expectation will be wide of the realized result.

Gen. Franklin and the Battle of Fredericksburgh.—We publish in another column a statement of the conduct of Gen. Franklin at the battle of Fredericksburgh, in reply to an impeachment of it contained in a letter from the Editor of the Times, written at Washington on the 24th of January. In that letter the impression was given, as our correspondent states, that Gen. Burnside intended his main attack to be made by our left wing, under Gen. Franklin, and that the battle was lost by Gen. Franklin's failure to make that attack, with the force and vigor contemplated by his orders, and which were essential to success.

It is due to Gen. Franklin, as well as to the public, to state that we have seen the orders, reports and other documents referred to in the article which we publish this morning, and that they sustain fully and completely the statements made by our correspondent, in that article. It seems to us clear, after examining these papers, that Gen. Franklin not only performed all the service enjoined upon him in his orders, but that he did more than was contemplated by them in pushing the attack upon the enemy in his front. It is to be presumed that the Government does not consider his conduct in that affair obnoxious to censure, or it would have given him a Court of Inquiry; and if this is the case, he ought to be relieved from any implied censure and placed in a position where the country can again have the benefit of his unquestioned ability in the prosecution of the war.

The Doctrine of Self-Restraint.

As our readers are already aware, the "diffusers of political information," who set about evangelizing the heathen of New-Hampshire and Connecticut some weeks ago, discovered a grand remedy for all the evils of our political condition, which they produced with becoming solemnity. There was a simplicity and originality and fresh flavor of the groves about it, which led us to imagine that it was one of those droppings of wisdom which Mr. Brooks heard when sitting round the stumps of the South, in one of those delightful communities, where the workings of the human mind are not trammeled by the arts of reading and writing. But whatever its origin, we all received it with the deference and humility which Northern barbarians like ourselves owe to the academicians of North Carolina and Mississippi. The great cure for our miserable condition, the bottle that was to purge the North of all its peccant humors, and make it fit company for our clear-skinned healthy "brethren of the South," was "*self-restraint*." We were deliberately and carefully to avoid touching either in the pulpit or on the platform, or in the Press, upon the subject of Slavery; we were, as Mr. Samuel J. Tilden warned us, to treat and consider Slavery in the Southern States absolutely as if it were Slavery in Brazil or Cuba, and preserve a profound silence about it in all its bearings. The South, however, was not, under this arrangement, to act toward us as if it were Brazil or Cuba. It was still to be at liberty to bring bills about Slavery into our Congress, to make speeches in its glorification, to seize slaves in our streets, and employ our soldiers in protecting slave property in our Territories, and our Ambassadors in preaching the Slavery gospel in foreign parts.

We confess this medicine was not swallowed as eagerly by the people of the North as the political doctors who compounded it could have desired. A large number of the ignorant mudsills and boors of New-England and New-York made wry faces over it, and some insolent fellows absolutely refused to touch it until they were informed why a drug which was said to be so good for their stomachs, was so entirely unfit for the intestines of slaveholders; why that repose upon the question of Slavery which was so necessary for Northern frames, was so entirely unnecessary for the Southern frame. In New-Hampshire, for whose special benefit the remedy was invented, the peasantry have proved positively obstinate; and at the last election it was discovered that the number of diseased persons was fully as great, and the delirious love of free speech on all subjects just as uncontrollable and alarming as before Messrs. Brooks and Tilden brought their "plantation bitters" into public notice.

We, however, have not, in spite of all this, abandoned our faith in the nostrum. Every drug is not good for every case, nor for every constitution. It is not fair to infer that because Mr. Tilden's great discovery has not operated on Republicans and Abolitionists as freely as it could be desired, that it is therefore not good for the distempers of Democrats and Secessionists. We are firmly persuaded, for our part, that if the Southerners had tried it before the war broke out, we should never have had the war; and why the political doctors of that happy region failed to recommend it from the stump to the illiterate philosophers who, if we are to believe Mr. Brooks, compose their audiences, we are at a loss to conceive. What if our anti-war Democrats now try it. The great hindrance to our success, it is admitted on all hands, is our dissensions here at the North. The Radicals, it is plain, won't be cured, for they won't take the dose. But why can the Democrats not try it, as Mr. Tilden wanted the Anti-Slavery party to do? It will be just as easy for them to stop denouncing the war and abusing the Administration, and discouraging enlistments, and counseling resistance to conscription and taxation, as it would be for the Abolitionists to hold their tongues about Slavery. All that is wanted in either case is a little self-restraint, and we are satisfied that sages like Mr. Brooks and his associates will find it far easier to practice that virtue than persons of such wild, undisciplined natures as Messrs. Greeley and Phillips, and Ward Beecher. Why does not our cotemporary, the *World*, put an end to its existence, or else change its tone? Why are the Democratic "headquarters" not shut up? Why do the "Conservatives" not desist from running candidates whose avowed object is to paralyze the Administration in the prosecution of the war? Why, in short, do not all the Copperheads agree on all public questions with their neighbors; for then the North would be united; and the North once united, everyone is agreed, we should not have long to wait for the extinction of the rebellion.

We shall probably be told that they cannot hold their tongues, because they believe their opponents are ruining their country, and their consciences will not allow them to look on in silence. But this is what the Anti-Slavery party said to the South, and we know from Mr. Tilden, that this way of looking at their position was a hallucination caused by disease. "Restrain yourselves," say we. Try your own precious mixture, and see how it works. Let the country alone for a few months, and see how it gets on without your advice. Struggle valiantly with your diseased desire to harass, irritate and discourage your neighbors. Abandon the useless arts of reading and writing, and give yourselves up for a brief period to the soothing influences of silence, and good behavior, and ignorance.

Our Cavalry.—The improved efficiency and spirit of our cavalry was admirably illustrated by the gallant fight they made on Monday on the Rappahannock. From the descriptions given by our correspondents yesterday and to-day, it would appear that the affair was one of the most daring, dashing and successful we have had in the war. As in the case of the cavalry fight reported by Rosecrans in his army the other day, Averill's men used their sabres freely upon the rebels, and taught them a lesson which they have long needed. They have always vaunted of the prowess of their horsemen; and their various successful raids during the war have given them at least a show of ground on which to base their claims. We think, however, that such exploits as those of Zagonyi, Carter, Pleasanton, Minty and Averill quite equal, and some of them far surpass anything that the rebels have ever done. We are glad to see such dashes as these. They hold the enemy in check and keep him on the defensive, beside their effect in inspiriting our own army. Our cavalry will continue to be of more and more use as the main armies of the rebels are beaten and driven back, and it should be kept in the highest state of efficiency by continual work.

Provost-Marshal-General—The Conscription Act.

One of the most important military offices in the country is that of Provost-Marshal-General, created by the recent act of Congress for enrolling and calling out the militia of the United States. The duty devolves upon the Provost-Marshal-General to put this act in operation and see to its proper enforcement in all the States and Territories. He must devise rules for the conscription, communicate orders, receive reports of men drafted, furnish lists of all deserters from our armies, who are to be arrested by his subordinates, and in all other respects take care that soldiers are provided for the public defence, and that those who are called out are kept in the service. His office is made a Bureau of the War Department, and it is apparent that among the most perplexing and important executive duties pertaining to that department will be thrown into the hands of the Provost-Marshal-General. The Conscription act makes it the duty of subordinate or District Provost-Marshals "to inquire into and report to the Provost-Marshal-General all treasonable practices." Upon the report of the Provost-Marshal-General to *his* superiors, the question of arrest in such cases will turn, so that the entire class of acts which have hitherto excited so much feeling—arbitrary arrests for alleged disloyal practices—will stand hereafter upon the supposed responsibility of the Provost-Marshal-General.

That the office is one calling for the most energetic business habits and the highest executive talent is evident. And the fact that Major-Gen. Butler was so generally named for the position, shows the importance attached to it in the popular mind. But the military rank given by the law to the Provost-Marshal-General, is only that of Colonel of cavalry. It was not possible, therefore, with any regard to the proprieties, for Maj.-Gen. Butler to accept the office. The President has settled the matter by the appointment of Col. James B. Fry, of the Adjutant-General's Office, to be Provost-Marshal-General. We do but repeat what is common fame, when we pronounce this an appointment eminently fit to be made. Col. Fry is an officer of thorough military education, of rare executive ability and much practical experience in organizing men. He was Chief of Staff for Maj.-Gen. Buell during the entire Kentucky and Tennessee campaigns of the latter, and it is admitted that no armies ever placed in the field, East or West, have surpassed in discipline and mobility the army of Gen. Buell.

The act of Conscription may soon be a practical fact. In a few weeks the enrollments will be perfected, and everything ready for a draft. The draft will be greater or smaller, in proportion to the good or ill success of the Government in reclaiming deserters. It is the direct personal interest, therefore, of every one to aid the Provost Marshals in their search after deserters. For every deserter returned to the army there will be one citizen less to be drafted.

The militia force of the country is divided by the Conscription act into two classes. 1. All able-bodied male citizens, married or single, between the ages of twenty and thirty-five, and, in addition, all unmarried men between the ages of thirty-five and forty-five. 2. All married able-bodied male citizens between the ages of thirty-five and forty-five. None of the second class are to be chosen till the first class shall be exhausted. The justice of the Conscript law is manifest in this, that it makes it the interest of all such as would escape the draft to give their active aid in the return of deserters; and when a draft does come, it makes it the interest of the second class to see that the enrollment of the first class is perfect, and the conscription therefrom thorough. Thus the law will have strong allies among the people, who will see it enforced.

But there is also humanity in the law. It allows every drafted person to furnish a substitute, or to pay a sum not exceeding $300 to the Government, which will purchase his own exemption. With the amounts thus received by the Government, it is expected that soldiers now in the field will be induced to re-enlist when their present terms of service expire. There is little doubt of the success of the plan.

Another Duplicated Battle.—The rebels seem disposed to fight nearly all their battles twice over. We have had innumerable instances of this in the war—both in the West and in the East—the two battles of Springfield, the two near Pea Ridge, the two of Fort Donelson, the two at Manassas, the two at Winchester, and, indeed, there are many more instances than we now recall. In most cases they have been drubbed even more terribly in the second battle than in the first, and in no instance have they come or stood for a third effort at one place, except, perhaps, in the defence of Vicksburgh. It is true it has been reported for some days that they were advancing for a third time to battle at Fort Donelson—as if the fearful defeat they met there in February of last year, and the smaller though equally effective defeat they got in February of this year, did not satisfy them. But the latest news would seem to indicate that they had given the subject a second thought, and determined not to risk a third Donelson defeat.

The battle of Newbern—fought on the 14th of March of last year—has also, it appears, had its practical anniversary. In the case of Donelson, we were the assailants in the first victory, and so it was at the first victory of Newbern; in each of the second battles, the rebels were the assailants, and in both of these also they were repulsed. In both instances, the second battles were much inferior in magnitude to the first. The affair at Newbern on Saturday last, however, as described by our correspondent, seems to have been quite a brisk and gallant affair, though the casualties on our side were insignificant. But it does not seem certain that the rebels will not make still another trial.

We trust that at Newbern, as elsewhere, they will show their sense by remaining satisfied with two drubbings on one field.

Another Union Demonstration.

Every few days now, we have a grand popular demonstration in behalf of the Union and the prosecution of the war, beside innumerable minor but not less valuable meetings held nightly in the various Wards of the City. The new vitality, the rising spirit, the hopeful unity, the growing determination of the people, is shown in nothing more strikingly than in this. The people never tire of them, but every meeting seems better and stronger than the one which went before.

The Loyal National League, which held its inaugural meeting at the Academy of Music last Saturday night, meets in its organized capacity at the Cooper Institute this evening. It is an Association open to all who are loyal, with no secrets and but one purpose, established to forward the interest of no man or party. Democrats, Republicans and Conservatives, men from the North and the South, meet together and join hands for mutual strength and support in upholding the great cause of national freedom and Union. It was two life-long Democrats who were the orators at the meeting last week, and two gallant Southern Unionists are to be the chief speakers to-night. We have no more effective popular orator in the country than Gen. Hamilton, of Texas, and the fact that he is to speak to-night is enough to fill any building in New-York.

Amusements.

Italian Opera in Brooklyn.—Managerial impositions are normal customs to the City of Brooklyn, and placid submission to them is a first-class specification in the creed of every devout opera-goer of that delightful city, who is glad if anything which approximates even the more elevated Gothamic luck. Never until last night have the *habitués* of the Brooklyn Academy witnessed the thorough rendition of an opera in that most charming theatre, and a sensation was experienced accordingly which will put ducats in Maretzek's wallet, and good music in the ears of the Brooklyn audience, than which no audience in America is so thoroughly well-informed as to what is good and what is relatively bad. The opera given is a favorite one in the City of Churches, and, from the opposition which was given its earlier representations, has become the standard opening-work of every troupe that goes there. The house brilliantly filled, the new style of bonnet, which eclipses in altitude everything this side of Trinity Church spire, was observable in every box and in every circle; young men and maidens—in fact, "every one who is any one" was there. The cast was the same as was given at our Academy, and we need not reiterate the statment that it is most admirable. Mlle. Brignoli did exceedingly well, but Mazzolini and Bellini shared the honors with her, receiving the orthodox *encores* and ovationary tributes at the end of each act. We congratulate Brooklyn on the sensation, and Mr. Maretzek on the continuation of a monied flow.

Movements of Gen. Wool.

Bridgeport, Conn., Thursday, March 19.

Maj.-Gen. Wool, Cols. Cannon and Howe, and Capt. Gray, of his Staff, visited this city yesterday. They were received at the depot by Mayor Sterling, the municipal authorities, and a large concourse of citizens. A salute was fired by the Bridgeport battery of artillery. The General was escorted to the Town Hall, where he was introduced by the Mayor, and made a most patriotic and effective speech, appealing to the people to stand by the Government in all its acts for the suppression of the rebellion, denouncing with the emphasis of an old soldier traitors and sympathizers with the rebellion. His remarks were received with tremendous enthusiasm. The fair sex was largely represented, to whom he appealed in the most earnest manner.

Immediately after the meeting Gen. Wool, Gov. Buckingham, and his Staff, proceeded to examine the harbor and shore line, attended by the Mayor and the city authorities, returning at 5 o'clock. A public dinner was given the distinguished party at the Sterling House, over which Mayor Sterling presided. Speeches were made by Gen. Wool, Capt. Deming, of the Tenth Connecticut; Col. Frank E. Howe, Elias Howe, Jr., and others. At 8 o'clock a public reception was held in the parlors of the State House, where the fashion and beauty of Bridgeport thronged for two hours. A fine band serenaded Gen. Wool at 9 o'clock, and afterward played for a long time at the hall. Late in the night he was again serenaded by a party of amateur musicians.

New-York, Thursday, March 19.

Gen. Wool returned to this City to-day. The General and suite were greeted at Bridgeport, Stamford and Norwalk stations enthusiastically by crowds of people. Gov. Buckingham returned to Hartford to-day, Cols. Bond and Madison of his Staff, accompanying the General to New-York.

This concludes, for the present, the inspection of the New-England fortifications.

The Missouri Legislature.

Jefferson City, Mo., Wednesday, March 18.

A bill passed the Senate to-day providing for calling a new State Convention, to take into consideration the gradual emancipation of Slavery in Missouri.

Mr. Ritchets opposed amendments to the Constitution regarding Slavery.

Several amendments were discussed, and Mr Ritchets' was finally adopted.

Patriotism on 'Change.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The paragraph copied by you, yesterday, from the *Evening Post*, did not tell the patriotic story quite correctly.

The gentleman alluded to is well known as a large dealer in the public securities of the country; his immense transactions are principally for his own account and not as a "broker" for others.

His public-spirited act of liberality in providing for the expenses of the last great meeting, did not satisfy his patriotic sense of duty. The Committee were requested by him to enter his name for the sum of two thousand dollars. It is true that this noble-hearted representative of the men on "'Change" does not "deal in gold," and equally so that he abstains from all operations in "*copper*."

P.

IMPORTANT REBEL NEWS.

A Battle Imminent at Tullahoma, Tennessee.

Rumored Attack upon Helena, Arkansas.

The Bridges Destoyed by Col. Carter in East Tennessee Repaired.

We find the following important telegrams in the Richmond papers of the 16th inst.:

FROM TENNESSEE.

CHATTANOOGA, Saturday, March 14.

A battle is imminent in the neighborhood of Tullahoma. Skirmishing took place yesterday on the Murfreesboro Road, at Old Fostersville. Fifteen Yankee deserters arrived this morning.

COLUMBIA, Tenn., Saturday, March 14.

Four brigades of the enemy, under Gen. ROSECRANS, endeavored to hem in VAN DORN yesterday, just across Duck River, knowing that he had no means of crossing.

Our artillery was kept in position and replied to the Yankee fire for some hours, and then escaped by way of White's Bridge, 26 miles above.

The enemy is greatly surprised and exasperated at VAN DORN's escape. They returned to Franklin after burning the houses that VAN DORN had occupied as his headquarters.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Saturday, March 14.

The bridges on the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, destroyed by the Yankees some weeks since, have been replaced. The regular schedule will be resumed to-morrow.

BLOCKADE RUNNERS.

CHARLESTON, Sunday, March 15.

A British steamer reached a Confederate port last night, loaded with merchandise. She brings Nassau dates of Thursday.

The steamers *Ruby*, from Charleston, and *Giraffe*, from Wilmington, had arrived safely at Nassau. Many new steamers had reached Nassau from England, intending to run the blockade.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Monday, March 16.

The British steamer *Britannia*, forty days from Glasgow, arrived yesterday with a valuable cargo.

The steamer *Gertrude*, from Greenwich, Scotland, arrived at a Confederate port this morning, with a valuable cargo of merchandise.

THE CHARLESTON BLOCKADE.

CHARLESTON, Saturday, March 14.

In addition to the usual blockading fleet, including the *Ironsides*, a Monitor iron-clad arrived to-day, and took her position with the fleet.

HELENA ATTACKED.

JACKSON, Miss., Saturday, March 14.

Tolerably authentic information says that Helena was attacked in the rear on Monday, the 9th inst. Heavy firing was heard there yesterday.

Thirty-three deaths have occurred from the explosion at the laboratory on Brown's Island. The total killed and wounded is 64. The explosion took place last Friday.

THE REPORTED CAPTURE OF MEXICO.

The Galveston *News* of the 2d inst., says an official letter from the French Consul at Matamoras states, that the City of Mexico has been captured by the French troops.

BY WAY OF FREDERICKSBURGH.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Thursday, March 19, 1863.

Among the bills pending in the rebel Senate is one for the confiscation of the lease, interest and stock owned by the American Telegraph Company, and other alien enemies in the lines of telegraph in the Confederate States.

A leader in the *Examiner* says:

"In numbers and supplies we have not the least pretension to rival the North. This is not a cause of regret. The Southern army consists of disciplined and veteran troops. The real number of Confederate troops is unknown. But 300,000 of such soldiers as are now near Fredericksburgh are abundantly sufficient to defend any country against the armies of the world. The destiny of the Confederacy is completely staked on the struggle of the next three months. To attain a complete success, it is only necessrry to *get together, and keep together, the officers and men who have been trained and inured to service.*"

The *Enquirer* strongly opposes the proposed State monopoly in salt.

The telegram from Port Hudson was read in the rebel Senate and caused a lively sensation.

The *Whig* of the 18th mourns over the reverses in the Southwest; but suggests that a day may come when Gen. HOOKER will receive a crushing blow, and every Union soldier will be needed to defend Washington.

RICHMOND, Tuesday, March 17.

Gold is quoted at $4@$4 25 premium; Silver at $4 @$4 10; Bank Notes 90 per cent. premium. $1,500 is offered for a two-years' substitute in the cavalry.

Our late raid near Culpepper was construed in Richmond into an advance movement on Gordonsville. It is admitted that STUART was compelled to fall back.

A dispatch from Charleston, dated the 16th, says: "All is quiet along the coast to-night."

BY WAY OF FORTRESS MONROE.

Richmond papers of the 16th contain the following extracts:

Hon. JAMES L. PETTIGREW died last Monday in Charleston, S. C.

CHARLESTON, Friday, March 13.

Capt. MICKLER, with a detachment, went to the Observatory on Hilton Head last night, where the Yankee signal corps were stationed, and captured the whole company keeping watch there, consisting of one sergeant and seven privates. The prisoners have arrived at Hareeville.

W. H. DILLARD, from Spotsylvania, has arrived in Richmond, with machinery for making cotton cards, and will commence operations in a few days.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, March 19.

THE LATE CAVALRY FIGHT.

Major BRECKINRIDGE, captured in AVERILL's cavalry raid, was brought here to-day, and is in the Capitol Prison. He confesses that his friends were thoroughly whipped; and says that this was the first square stand-up cavalry fight of the war, in which there was on both sides equality of numbers and of conditions. He describes it as a sabre fight purely, and the depression of spirit he betrays is partly due to the revelation of the battle, that in a fair field even our cavalry are an overmatch for theirs.

THE FINANCES.

Subscriptions for the five-twenty bonds are daily increasing. About half a million was received at the Treasury Department to-day, mostly from Boston, New-York and Philadelphia. Secretary CHASE, in a conversation with leading financial men to-day, stated that he would decide upon the policy he would pursue in reference to a loan, &c., in the course of four or five days.

PROVOST-MARSHALS.

The appointment of Provost-Marshals throughout the United States will be made immediately—one for every Congressional District, and where the district is very large, two or three. JAMES McMULLEN is appointed for the Second District of New-York, on the recommendation of the War Committee of Kings County.

ARIZONA.

Gov. GURLEY, of Arizona, in a conversation with Gen. HALLECK, was informed that Arizona had been added to the Department of the Pacific, under Gen. WRIGHT, and that a regiment was being raised in California, which would be sent there soon. The forces in the Territory are to be under the command of Gen. WEST, and will be sufficiently large to protect the Territory and suppress Indian hostilities.

BATTLES WITH THE APACHES.

Gen. HALLECK has advices from Col. CARLTON that he had fought two battles with the Apaches, in both of which he had been completely successful.

JUDGE WYLIE REAPPOINTED.

ANDREW WYLIE has been reappointed Justice of the new District Supreme Court, and was sworn in to-day.

REVENUE STAMPS.

No revenue stamps will hereafter be received in exchange for revenue stamps of other kinds or denominations, excepting at a discount of one (1) per centum on the amount so exchanged.

GEN. TOWER.

The wound received by Gen. TOWER in the second Bull Run fight has never healed, and for a long time the skill of his physicians has been baffled to ascertain the precise locality of the bullet which wounded him. This at last has been successfully accomplished by Surgeon MEREDITH CLIGMER, through means of the Nélaton probe, and a fragment of the bullet which remained in his leg, and rendered recovery impossible, extracted. The General is now in a fair way for speedy recovery.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, March 19.

ANOTHER CAPTURE.

The Navy Department has been informed that the gunboat *Sagamore*, on the 8th, captured off Hillsboro', Fla., the sloop *Enterprise*, loaded with cotton, having run out of Mosquito Inlet.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

An accident occurred this morning, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, at Accotinck Run, by which four soldiers were killed and seven wounded, all of the One Hundred and Forty-third New-York regiment. The train ran into a mule team, and two cars were thrown off, containing the soldiers, who were to load the train with wood. The following are the names of the killed: J. L. KRUM, GEO. LYON J. W. HOGAN, and Corp. ED. RAY. J. W. BLOOMINGBERRY will die of his injuries.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

JAMES S. GRINNELL, of Massachusetts, has been appointed Chief Clerk in the Department of Agriculture, in place of RICHARD C. McCORMICK, who has been appointed Secretary of the Territory of Arizona.

THE WAR IN TENNESSEE.

Operations of the Guerrillas—Gen. Rosecrans Not Yet Moved.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Thursday, March 19.

Capt. JULIEN, of the First Tennessee Cavalry, was killed, yesterday, by guerrillas, near Hillsboro, Tenn.

Sutler's wagons were attacked by guerrillas, on the Murfreesboro pike, to-day, six miles from Nashville, and drivers and horses captured and wagons burned.

The army has not yet moved forward, but is occupying its old quarters at Murfreesboro.

The river is falling rapidly.

Premium on Gold.—The Subscriber, who cannot change his prices with the fluctuations of gold without incurring enormous expense in advertising the changes, is compelled to sell his Pens at old prices. Thinking his customers entitled to the benefit of the premium on gold, rather than the Wall-street debasers of the best currency this country ever had, he now offers to all remitting the amount of their orders in gold, the full premium in this City on the day when received. In this way he hopes to do the country and his customers some good without injuring himself, for the MORTON PEN cannot be made without gold. When Paper Money is sent, United States is preferred over any other.
A. MORTON,
No. 25 Maiden-lane, New-York.

Bourbon Whisky.
ESTABLISHED 1839.
S. T. SUIT'S KENTUCKY WHISKY DISTILLERIES.—This whisky has been adopted by the Government for hospital use; it is for sale by every druggist in the City. Orders should be directed SUIT's Distilleries, Kentucky, or, SUIT's Whisky Agency, No. 48 Broadway, N.Y.

Pearl Mottled Soap is the best
And most economical for laundry and family use, being particularly adapted for flannels and all kinds of woolen goods. Manufactured and for sale by E. MORGAN'S SONS, No. 211 Washington-st., and No. 440 West-st.
Also FAMILY, PALE, and No. 1 Soaps.

Sore Throat Specific.
One bottle warranted to cure any case of SORE THROAT, or the money refunded. Price 50 cents.
DR. H. ANDERS & CO.,
Physicians and Chemists, No. 428 Broadway.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Relieves the child from pain, invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and vigor to the whole system. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Dust! Dust!! Dust!!!
The Patent Metallic Weather-Strip Company, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, take pleasure in informing the public that they are prepared to render doors and windows of every description, dust, air and water-tight, as well as putting the same in thorough repair, (as they employ none but experienced carpenters,) from the present date until Oct. 1, at a reduction of 10 per cent. from Winter prices, with Brown's Anti-Dust Window-Bands and Weather-Strips, now so universally used and approved of on the most elegant residences in this City and vicinity.
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1863.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway.—The most brilliant Hat for young Men.

Use the Best as well as the Cheapest.—Stafford's Writing Fluid and Jet Black Ink, used in all Government offices. Wholesale and retail at the factory, No. 10 Cedar-st., New-York.
S. S. STAFFORD, Manufacturer.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway.
Grand Opening.
Spring Styles,
Misses' Hats,
Boys' Hats,
Infants' Hats.
The largest assortment ever displayed in this City. French, English and American styles represented. New importation.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway,
Will open on THURSDAY, 19th inst., his new Spring styles of Children's Hats, which will comprise the latest French and English novelties for Infants', Boys', Girls' and Misses wear. The Millinery and Hatting trade dealt with on liberal terms.

Craig's Celebrated Microscope is Mailed, prepaid, with 6 beautiful mounted objects, for $3: with 24 objects, $5, by HENRY CRAIG, 180 Centre-st., 3d floor, New-York. Liberal discount to dealers. Sold in B'way by Fowler & Wells, 308; Shepard, 309; Low, 523; McFarland, cor. 23d-st.; Optical Inst., under Barnum's.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway.
Grand opening of boys', girls' and infants' Hats.

Ladies, Spring is Coming, and if you Wish handsome Gaiter Boots, Congress Gaiters, Balmorals, &c., with Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Children's Boots and Shoes, of all the various styles, patronize MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway.—Spring styles for Misses, Boys and Infants.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, Inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y. Also Philadelphia and Boston. Only houses of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Trusses.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss, Office No. 2 Vesey-st., (under Astor House,) opposite the church. No connection whatever with any other Truss Office of same name. A female attends ladies.

MARRIED

ATKINS—SHARDLOW.—On Thursday, March 19, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Mr. Leach, WILLIAM E. ATKINS and M. LOUISE, daughter of John C. Shardlow, Esq. No cards.

OAKLEY—MAGIE.—On Wednesday, March 18, by Rev. Dr. Magie, LEWIS W. OAKLEY, M. D., and ANNIE, daughter of the officiating clergyman, all of Elizabeth, N. J.

SMITH—ELWES.—In Elizabeth, N. J., on Wednesday, March 18, at St. John's Church, by Rev. Mr. Clark, ALBERT M. SMITH, of New-York, and ANNA P. ELWES, only daughter of the late Dr. A. W. Elwes, U. S. Army.

TRAIN—BULL.—In Milford, Conn., at Plymouth Church, on Tuesday, March 17, by Rev. A. M. Train, ABNER L. TRAIN and SUSAN A. BULL, both of Milford. No cards.

DIED.

BARRETT.—On Tuesday, March 17, JOSEPH BARRETT, in the 84th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his residence, Bedford, Westchester County, on Friday morning, March 20, at 11 o'clock.

BROWN.—In this City, on Wednesday morning, March 18, JOSEPH COOPER, infant son of Edwin J. and Mary S. Brown.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, March 20, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of its parents, No. 113 9th-st., without further invitation.

CLARKE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 17, MARIA, beloved wife of Geo B. Clarke, in the 50th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 253 Carlton-av., Brooklyn, on Friday morning, March 20, at 10 o'clock A. M.

CASE.—In New-Rochelle, Westchester, County, GEORGE CASE, in the 62d year of his age.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from Trinity Church, New-Rochelle, on Friday, March 20, at 2½ o'clock P. M.

DE BEVOISE.—In Newtown, on Wednesday, March 18, GEORGE A. DE BEVOISE, in the 26th year of his age.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at the house of his father, Andrew De Bevoise, without further notice, on Friday, March 20, at 2 o'clock P. M.

FOLSOM.—In this City, on Wednesday evening, March 18, MARGARET CORNELIA, wife of George Folsom, and daughter of the late Benjamin Winthrop.

The relatives and friends of her husband, and of her brother, Benjamin R. Winthrop, are invited to attend her funeral, at 5 o'clock, at St. Mark's Church, without further notice.

FITCH.—In this City, on Thursday morning, March 19, ELLA ELIZA, only surviving daughter of Dennis M. Fitch, aged 7 years and 9 months.

We loved them; yes, no tongue can tell
How much we loved them, and how well.
God loved them too, and thought it best
To take them home, to be at rest.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, from the residence of her father, No. 283 West 19th-st., on Friday afternoon, March 20, at 4 o'clock.

FOWLER.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 18, JAMES FOWLER, at his late residence, No. 31 Charlton-st., in the 79th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the Washington-square M. E. Church, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday morning, March 21, at 10 o'clock, from the Church in 4th-st., near 6th-av.

HYSLOP.—In this City, on Wednesday evening, March 18, Mr. ROBERT HYSLOP, in the 76th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday, March 21, at 3½ o'clock P. M., from Grace Church, Broadway, without further invitation.

HUNTER.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 18, after a long and painful illness, EMILY HUNTER, widow of the late Dr. Edwin Hunter.

The members of Lebanon Lodge of F. A. M., also the members of the late Norfolk-st. Baptist Church, and the friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this day, (Friday,) March 20, from her late residence, No. 6 Mangin-st., at 1 o'clock. Her remains will be interred in Cypress Hills Cemetery.

KIPP.—At Harlem, on fifth day morning, DEBORAH, wife of James S. Kipp, aged 63 years.

The funeral will take place at the residence of her brother, Samuel Thorn, Sing Sing, N. Y., on second day, at 1 o'clock P. M. The remains will be interred at Chappaqua. The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

LEE.—In this City, on Wednesday morning, March 18, N. APPLETON LEE, aged 34 years.

His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from St. Clement's Church, Amity-st., on Friday, March 20, at 2 o'clock P. M.

☞ Charleston (S. C.) and Rochester (N. Y.) papers please copy.

MARSHALL.—In Shanghai, China, JOHN W. MARSHALL and wife.

The funeral will take place at No. 184 Delancey-st., on Sunday, March 22, at 1 o'clock P. M. The F. and A. Masons and friends are invited to attend.

MATHER.—On Wednesday, March 18, of diphtheria, AUGUSTA H. MATHER, daughter of the late William H. Mather, of Middletown, Conn., aged 18 years.

Funeral at Middletown, on Friday, March 20.

MIRICK.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, March 18, LAURETTA, wife of Dr. H. G. Mirick, and only daughter of Elisha Horton, Esq., of White Plains, N. Y.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at her late residence, No. 79 Clinton-st., on Friday, March 20, at 12 o'clock, and at Grace Church, White Plains, on Saturday, March 21, at 1 o'clock. Cars leave 26th-st. at 10½ o'clock A. M., and return at 4 o'clock P. M.

MERRY.—In Stapleton, S. I., on Thursday, March 19, CHARLES THOMAS, son of William H. and Anne N. Merry, aged 19 years.

Funeral services at the residence of his parents, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Friday, March 20. His remains will be taken to Westchester, for interment.

PENNIMAN.—In this City, on Thursday morning, March 19, CORDELIA L. P., wife of Samuel J. Penniman, and daughter of the late Lewis K. Bridge, in the 25th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the Church of the Messiah, Dr. Osgood's, on Saturday afternoon, March 21, at 4 o'clock, without further notice.

POTTER.—In Woodbridge, N. J., on Thursday, March 19, Mrs. FANNY POTTER, widow of Ichabod Potter, of that place.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at Woodbridge, at 3 o'clock P. M., on Saturday, March 21.

REED.—In Spencertown, N. Y., on Wednesday, March 11, ABIGAIL REED, widow of the late Lebbeus Reed, Esq., aged 87 years.

ROYS.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, March 19, EUGENIE, daughter of Harlow and Huldah Roys, aged 4 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday afternoon, March 21, at 3 o'clock, from No. 142 Fort Greene-place, Brooklyn.

SCANLAN.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 18, JOHANNA, the beloved wife of Thomas Scanlan, aged 65 years.

Her remains will be taken from her late residence, 60th-st. and Broadway, on Friday morning, March 20, to St. Paul's Church, 59th-st. and 9th-av., where a solemn Requiem Mass will be celebrated at 9 o'clock, for the repose of her soul, and thence to St. Patrick's Cathedral for interment. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral.

SHEDEL.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 18, at the residence of her son-in-law, E. Walker, No. 5 Livingston-place, Mrs. DOROTHEA, relict of the late James Shedel, of England, in the 86th year of her age.

Notice of funeral will be given.

THOMPSON.—On Monday, March 16, at North Mountain, Va., Sergeant JOHN HANSON THOMPSON, of the 106th New-York State Volunteers, son of Rev. Joseph P. Thompson, D. D., of this City, aged 20 years and 6 months.

His funeral will be attended at the Broadway Tabernacle Church, on Friday, March 20, at 2 o'clock P. M.

WESTERVELT.—In Hackensack, N. J., on Wednesday, March 18, ABRAHAM WESTERVELT, aged 69 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, at his late residence, on Saturday, March 21, at 2 o'clock P. M.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 133.—March 19, 1863.
30, 34, 24, 1, 23, 5, 22, 52, 68, 55, 42, 16.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 134.—March 19, 1863.
16, 55, 13, 34, 43, 6, 40, 14, 25, 78, 37, 11.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

CABINET FURNITURE.
AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
$100,000 WORTH OF FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE.
In consequence of the falling off in our wholesale business, we offer our manufactured goods to the public at the lowest prices.
Consisting of Parlor, Library, Dining and Bedroom Suites, made of selected material, and in the latest fashionable styles. All goods warranted.
Please examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.
WEIL & BRAUNSDORF.
125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Essex and Norfolk.
Grand, Essex and Houston-st. stages pass close by.

ALBUMS! ALBUMS!! ALBUMS!!!
NEW STYLES
FRENCH ALBUMS.
AN
Immense variety,
At low prices.
PAUL & CURTIS,
No. 594 Broadway.

FANS, NEW STYLES,
FROM PARIS.
For sale by
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st.

AT A MEETING OF THE CLASS OF 1860, of the NEW-YORK FREE ACADEMY, held on the 18th day of March, 1863, the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Death has, for the third time since our separation, entered our ranks, causing us to mourn, not only that he has taken a friend and classmate, but also that in seeking for his victims he should have ruthlessly blighted noble prospects, and prematurely destroyed the results of long culture and preparation; and

Whereas, We know that our sorrow can but dimly shadow that grief which must arise, when for the relations of friend and classmate are substituted those of son and brother: therefore, be it

Resolved, That we hereby tender our condolence and sympathy to the family of our late companion, EUGENE F. TRAINOR, hoping to add thereby to the confidence and comfort which may be afforded them by a retrospect of the character and attainments of the deceased.

THOMAS ALLISON, President.
HENRY LOVERIDGE, Secretary.

DON'T SELL YOUR BOOKS FOR OLD PAPER.—Libraries, pamphlets, engravings, &c., bought for cash.
LEGGAT BROS., No. 119 Nassau, near Beekman-st.
1,000 old and rare works on American History.
500 works on Architecture Illustrated.
2,000 new works on Medicine and Surgery.
5,000 magnificently bound poets and gift books.
100 old and new on free Masonry.
20,000 Stereoscopic pictures; colored, $1 50 per dozen.
100,000 works on Science, History, Biography, &c.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF ENGLISH Carpets, at HIRAM ANDERSON'S old stand, No. 99 Bowery. Medallion, Brussels, Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets, Rugs, Coco and Canton Matting, Shades, Oil-Cloths, Table and Piano Covers, at reasonable prices. All goods guaranteed at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR "KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE," the healthiest, cheapest, and most agreeable; goes twice as far as any other. Price only 23c. per pound. Beware of spurious imitations, and see that the depot of the East India Coffee Company, No. 154 Reade-st., is printed on the package. Sold by nearly every grocer. Be sure to get KENT'S.

PHELAN'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES, with Patent Combination Cushions. Purchasers can now select from a stock of one hundred Tables, by calling at our manufactory.
PHELAN & COLLENDER.
Nos. 63, 65, 67 and 69 Crosby-st.

NEW-YORK, March 7, 1863.

EDITOR NEW-YORK TIMES—DEAR SIR: In the reported proceedings, in yesterday's *Times*, of a meeting held at Carmansville on Tuesday, viz: to urge the extension of the Eighth-av. Railroad to the Harlem River, it is stated that "Mr. Swackhamer reviewed the conduct of the Board of Aldermen and Common Council in the matter, denouncing in very severe terms, and condemning the movements of Ald. Boole, who had promised so much in their behalf, and had not done anything."

My remarks on the occasion referred to, being predicated solely upon the reports of committees appointed at a previous meeting of citizens, all of which were favorable to the Common Council, one gentleman stating that Ald. Boole had cheerfully prepared a report in consonance with the views of the people interested, it is evident I could not have made the remarks attributed to me; on the contrary, I had reason to approve the action of the Common Council, and especially of Ald. Boole, whose conduct in this matter, in connection with his general movements in requiring railroads and ferry companies to fulfill their obligations to the City, I cordially indorsed at the meeting in question.

Very respectfully,
C. SWACKHAMER.

Wm. B. Harrison, the Chairman of the Committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the public meetings held for the purpose of adopting measures to procure a speedy completion of the grading of 8th-av., and the extension of the Eighth-avenue Railroad to the Harlem River, respectfully report the following for adoption:

Resolved, That the necessities of the inhabitants of the west side of the XIIth Ward, from 59th-st. to King's Bridge, for greater facilities for reaching the lower parts of the City have become so pressing, and the present inconvenience so great, that they are compelled to take some action for speedy and permanent relief.

Resolved, That, inasmuch as the Legislature of the State of New-York has granted to individuals the *exclusive privilege* of laying a track and running cars upon certain avenues of our City, upon the understanding and express condition that such individuals should lay such tracks and run their cars as well *for the convenience of the public* as for their own emolument, it is the imperative duty of such individuals and the corporations created by such grants, to extend their tracks as far, and run their cars as often, as may be necessary for the convenience of the public, from whom they have received these invaluable franchises.

Resolved, That, inasmuch as the grant to the Eighth-avenue Railroad Company of the exclusive right to lay their track upon 8th-av., and run cars thereon, was upon the express condition that they should extend their track and run cars to the upper part of the City as rapidly as the avenue should be graded, and the inhabitants of the upper and westerly portion of the XIIth Ward have no other convenient means of access thereto, it is the imperative duty of the municipal authorities to urge forward the grading of the avenue, and hold contractors who have taken contracts therefor to a strict compliance with the terms of their contracts, and the Eighth-avenue Railroad Company to the full, faithful and most liberal fulfillment of the terms of their charter.

Resolved, That the inhabitants of the west side of the XIIth Ward have, from the time their charter was granted to the Eighth-avenue Railroad Company, been urgent in their appeals to the municipal authorities to have the grading of the Eighth-avenue completed, that they might enjoy the benefit of such railroad—that on the 28th day of April, 1855, an ordinance was passed by the Common Council, and approved by the Mayor, for grading the avenue between 114th to 125th sts., on the 16th day of August, 1856, from 82d to 102d sts., and on the 31st day of December, 1859, from 102d to 114th sts., that contracts for such grading were executed by the Street Commissioner during the year 1860, that the time limited for the completion of the work has, as we are informed, long since expired, but the work is not done.

That the avenue below 82d-st. is already graded and the rails laid up to or near that street, but the cars are not run up to that point, nor above 72d-st., and no cars are run above 59th st. after an early hour in the evening.

The inhabitants of the west side of the XIIth Ward, therefore, feel that they have just cause of complaint, that their rights, convenience and comfort have been wholly disregarded, and the growth and prosperity of their section of the City utterly paralyzed from the entire absence of convenient means of access thereto. That carmen, hackmen, expressmen, stage proprietors and all other business men who are obliged to pass over the roads in the upper part of the City, have suffered, and are now suffering, ruinous damage from the perfectly *horrible condition of all the roads*, and from the *numberless miles* they are obliged to travel, in their complicated meanderings, to avoid *sloughs* and *pit-falls* and *blocks upturned, and so kept for years*, to suit the convenience of delinquent contractors.

Resolved, That the *masterly inactivity* of the proper authorities in this matter of the Eighth-avenue Railroad, is working such oppression upon a large and heavy tax-paying portion of the community, that they can no longer submit to it *in silence*.

That we have *the right* to discuss all matters of public interest and *the conduct* of our representatives in the Common Council, and of the officers appointed to the various bureaus of our City Government, and where the interest, comfort and convenience of our immediate vicinity, long neglected and overlooked, compel us to give utterance to our complaint, no member of our City Government has the right to refuse to perform *his manifest* and long-promised official *duty to the public*, because *his official conduct* may have been the subject of *criticism*.

Resolved, That we mean no disrespect to the Common Council, or to any City official, by our public action in this matter of the Eighth-avenue Railroad, we hope rather to induce them to realize the urgent propriety of some action on their part, to insure to us the benefit of the railroad, and to relieve us from such inconveniences, discomforts and annoyances as are not experienced by the inhabitants of any other city in the known world.

A CARD.

To the Board of Aldermen, especially to Alderman Boole:

In the proceedings of the Board of Aldermen March 12, we find the *question of privilege*. Alderman Boole rose to a *question of privilege* in relation to a meeting held at Carmansville in regard to the extension of the Eighth-avenue Railroad, and, in such connection, moved that the Committee on Railroads be discharged from the *further consideration of all the papers* on the subject of the *extension* of the Eighth-avenue Railroad, and he moved that the same be made the special order for the next meeting of the Board, on the 16th of March. Alderman Boole took occasion to say that he had been one of the early advocates for *compelling* the Eighth-avenue Railroad to lay the track and run the *cars* so fast as the avenue was graded. As Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, he had instructed the Clerk to draw out a *full, complete* and *ample report*, embodying the *delinquencies* of the Company, and ordering the Company forthwith to run the cars to 83d-st., where the rails are now laid. *That* report wanted the signatures of the balance of the Committee, and when signed he intended to report *it*. *But* at the meeting in Carmansville, held on the 3d of March, which meeting was for the purpose of taking action and passing such resolutions as would further the extension of the road, speeches were made denouncing the Board of Aldermen, and him (Alderman Boole) particularly. *As* these charges had been made, he *should* vote *against* the extension.

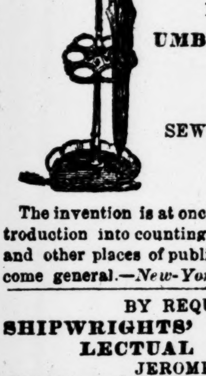
On the 16th of March it was made the special order, took up and passed upon, and on the resolution of Alderman Boole, it was *again voted back* to the Committee on Railroads.

This Association was formed, and the meetings are called and held for the purpose of urging the Eighth-avenue Railroad to lay their track and run their cars so soon as the avenue is graded to Harlem River. These meetings are public. We invite *all* to come and give us their counsel and influence; and the officers and members of the Association should not be held responsible for what is said at the meetings.

So far as the officers of the Association are concerned, both individually and collectively, we have made no charge against the Board of Aldermen, Board of Councilmen or Alderman Boole. We have urged our necessities in respectful language, and have only asked from the Board of Aldermen that the Eighth-avenue Railroad should be *made* to comply with the terms of *their charter*.

THOMAS MANSON, President
XIIth Ward West End Improvement Association.
WM. DUNNING,
W. P. DIXON, } Vice-Presidents.
ROBERT MARSHALL,
D. H. KNAPP, Secretary.

HONORABLE MENTION.
WORLD'S FAIR, LONDON, 1862.



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The invention is at once ingenious and useful. Its introduction into counting-rooms, hotels, offices and halls, and other places of public and private resort, must become general.—*New-York Times.*

BY REQUEST OF THE
SHIPWRIGHTS' SOCIAL AND INTELLECTUAL ASSOCIATION,
JEROME BUCK, Esq.,
Will deliver a lecture on the life and character of
HENRY ECFORD,
At Irving Hall, FRIDAY EVENING, March 20, at 8 o'clock.
Tickets, 25 cents.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
For sale by
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

LADIES' GILT COMBS,
NEW STYLES,
Just received from Paris. For sale by
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st.

SLEEVE-BUTTONS AND STUDS.
NEW STYLES,
Some as low as One, Two and Three Dollars a set. For sale by G. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

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POLITICAL.

CALL OF THE LOYAL NATIONAL LEAGUE.

We, the undersigned, citizens of the United States, hereby associate ourselves under the name and title of the Loyal National League.

We pledge ourselves to an unconditional loyalty to the Government of the United States; to an unwavering support of its efforts to suppress the rebellion, and to spare no endeavor to maintain unimpaired the National unity, both in principle and territorial boundary.

The primary object of this League is, and shall be, to bind together all loyal men, of all trades and professions, in a common union to maintain the power, glory, and integrity of the Nation.

The signers of the above pledge are respectfully invited to meet together on the evening of FRIDAY, 20th March, at the Cooper Institute, to consider plans of organization.

Tickets have been sent by mail to the signers of all the rolls which have been left at the offices of the TIMES, *Tribune* and *Evening Post.*

Persons who have not signed the rolls may do so and obtain tickets, to-day, at the offices of the TIMES, the *Tribune* and *Evening Post*, and at No. 544 Broadway.

Persons who have not received tickets may do so by signing at the above-named places.

The Ward organizations, under the above pledge, are requested to attend by delegations.

Among the speakers invited to address the League, most of whom have accepted, are Gen. John Cochrane, Wm. Curtis Noyes, Gen. Hamilton, of Texas; Hon. Roscoe Conkling, Henry B. Stanton, Gen. Benj. F. Butler, and Gen. F. Sigel.

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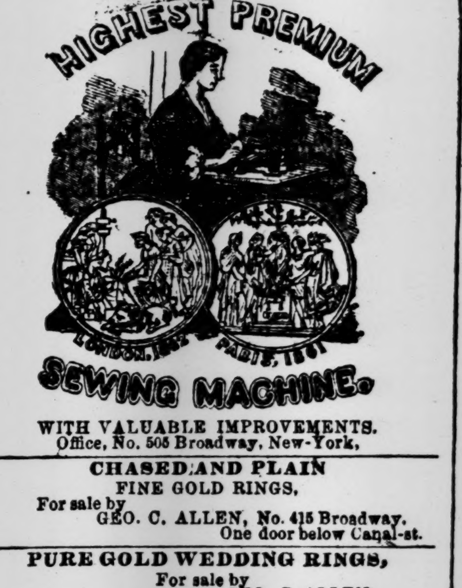

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TO TAILORS.—The Central Committee feel great pleasure in announcing the gratifying fact that no less than 70 of the first-class firms of the City have promptly and generously acceded to the proposals of their hands; indeed, of the whole number of employers applied to, but *one* exhibited less than a gentlemanly bearing. Proper action has, however, been taken in his case—the interest of the honorable portion of the trade demanding it. The following are the names of those employers who have signed the bill:

Cullin, Broadway,
Diefenthaler & Shaffer,
Spence & Co., Broadway,
McLeod & Rennie,
Powell, agrees to the bill,
Roberts, Broadway, signed,
Brown & Powers, do.,
Childs & Law, do.,
Feltman, do.,
Hadden, do.,
Jones & Hanniburgh, do.,
J. P. Hull, do.,
Hume, 6th-av., signed,
Chichester, Broadway, do.,
Watson, agrees to pay,
Leisure, late Wyman, do.,
Patterson, signs the bill.
Reed, do.,
Mann, Fulton-st., do.,
Devlin & Co., agrees to sign.
Watkins, agrees to sign,
Happy, signed the bill,
Hyndolf, 5th-av., do.,
Higham, signed the bill,
Lockwood & Dubois, do.
Vays, do.,
E. Miner, do.,
Potter & Gardner, do.,
Treadwell & Jarman, do.,
Wiley, Hudson-st., do.,
Arnoux.
Deperis & Petus, do.,
Derby & Co., Walker-st., do.,
F. D. Porter & Co., do.,
Sacket, Cooper Inst., do.,
Goss, Bowery, do.,
Vanderbelt Brothers, do.,
Lee, Walker-st., favorably.
Roger & Raymond, do.,
W. B. Fearn, signs the bill,
Croney & Lent, do.,
Hatfield, Broadway, do.,
Hosey & Friedenburg, do.,
Brested & Doherty, do.,
Minard, Hudson-st., do.,
Dunham & Brockaw, do.

N. B.—The remainder of those who have signed, in addition to those to be reported at our public meeting on SATURDAY EVENING, March 21, will appear on Monday morning next.

POLITICAL.

CIRCULAR.

LOYAL LEAGUE OF UNION CITIZENS.

NEW-YORK, March 18, 1863.

The organization of the League was commenced at the meeting of March 6, at the Cooper Institute, and completed on Saturday, the 14th, at the Academy of Music, by the election of the following officers:

PRESIDENT:
LIEUT.-GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT, U. S. A.

VICE-PRESIDENTS:
GEORGE OPDYKE,
JONATHAN STURGES,
DENNING DUER,
BENJAMIN W. BONNEY,
JAMES T. BRADY,
MORRIS KETCHUM,
ALEX. T. STEWART,
ROBERT H. McCURDY,
CHAS. H. MARSHALL,
JOHN VAN BUREN,
FRANCIS LIEBER,
JAMES WADSWORTH.

TREASURER.
NEHEMIAH KNIGHT, Nos. 56 and 58 Park-place.

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CHARLES GOULD,
GEORGE B. BUTLER,
EDWARDS PIERREPONT,
WILLIAM G. LAMBERT,
SETH B. HUNT,
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GEO. CABOT WARD,
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E. E. MORGAN,
WILLIAM ORTON,
JOHN WADSWORTH,
RICHARD D. LATHROP,
EZRA NYE,
LEONARD W. JEROME,
JAMES W. BEEKMAN,
The officers, *ex-officio.*

SECRETARY.
PROSPER M. WETMORE.

The objects of the League are to disseminate sentiments of loyalty to the country, to denounce treason, and to uphold the Government in its determination to suppress the rebellion. To the unwavering support of these principles it is solemnly pledged.

These objects have already been successfully promoted at two vast assemblages of the people of this City, and other meetings are contemplated, to the same end. Should the requisite means be supplied, the operations of the League will be extended to induce similar demonstrations in other cities and States. Your contribution in aid of the measures proposed is respectfully solicited, and may be inclosed to the Treasurer.

A Collector has also been appointed, and duly accredited, to wait upon loyal citizens, to invite their coöperation in this essential part of the duty of loyal citizens desirous to aid in preserving the National unity and the National honor.

No person is authorized to invite or receive contributions to the League, save the one who bears credentials from the undersigned.

The League is specially restrained, in its Articles of Association, from contracting any debt for any purpose whatever.

ROBERT H. McCURDY,
Chairman of Executive Committee.
NEHEMIAH KNIGHT, Treasurer, Nos. 56 and 58 Park-place.

LOYAL LEAGUE OF UNION CITIZENS, NO. 30 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, MARCH 19, 1863.—Those members of the League who were present at the COOPER INSTITUTE, on the evening of the 6th instant, and at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC on the evening of the 14th instant, are requested to call and sign the enrollment at this office. Badges will be supplied to the members as soon as possible. Those who are unable to call will please to send their names, with the address, without delay.

By order of the Executive Committee,
R. H. McCURDY, Chairman.
P. M. WETMORE, Secretary.

SECOND WARD LOYAL NATIONAL LEAGUE.—At a meeting of the members of the Loyal Union League, held at No. 66 Cliff-st., on Wednesday evening, March 18, 1862, it was

Resolved, That we indorse and approve of the Constitution of the Eighth Ward Loyal National League, and do hereby adopt it as the Constitution of the Loyal National League of the Second Ward.

After signing the Constitution, an election was held for permanent Officers and Delegates to the Central League, with the following result: Elias Dorlan, *President*; J. Davis, *Secretary*. *Delegates to the Central League*—Joseph Manning, Thomas Reardon, Thomas Parker, Jacob Carlton, Maurice Quinlan. A committee of five was then appointed to solicit signatures among the residents of the Ward. Ordered that the proceedings be published.

R. L. GILBERT, Chairman *pro tem.*
JAMES NORRIS, Secretary *pro tem.*

EIGHTEENTH WARD
LOYAL LEAGUE OF UNION CITIZENS.

In pursuance of public notice, a meeting of loyal citizens of the XVIIIth Ward was held at the Everett House, on Thursday evening, March 19, 1863, for the purpose of organizing a Loyal League.

Mr. JAMES G. KING was called to the Chair, and Mr. Henry D. Sedgwick was appointed Secretary.

Brief and eloquent addresses having been made by the Chairman and Secretary, and by Messrs. Wm. M. Evarts, Edmund Stephenson, Wm. H. Anthon, D. Hennessy, James Kelly, John C. Montgomrey, Henry Wilson and E. Delafield Smith, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we organize a Loyal League of Union Citizens of the XVIIIth Ward of the City of New-York, the same to be auxiliary to the General Loyal League of Union citizens established at the patriotic meetings held at the Cooper Institute and at the Academy of Music, on the 6th and 14th of March, inst.

Resolved, That the good people of the XVIIIth Ward, of all parties, and of every pursuit, who adhere to the flag of the great American nation, be cordially invited to enroll their names in this organization.

Resolved, That as the foundation of this League, we unanimously approve and adopt the resolutions passed at the two general meetings recently held at the Cooper Institute and the Academy of Music.

Resolved, That we recommend to the central organization a change of name from the "Loyal League of Union Citizens," to the "National League of Loyal Men," and that, provided such change be adopted, the name of this local organization be conformed thereto.

Resolved, That the Chair appoint five delegates from this body to the central organization, to act until the further action of this League.

The Chair appointed as Delegates Messrs. John C. Montgomery, James Kelly, D. Hennessey, William H. Anthon and Henry D. Sedgwick.

The meeting was attended by men of both political parties. After directing the publication of the proceedings, the League adjourned.

JAMES G. KING, Chairman.
HENRY D. SEDGWICK, Secretary.

SEVENTH WARD LOYAL NATIONAL LEAGUE.—At a meeting of the members of the Loyal National League, residing in the VIIth Ward, held on Thursday evening, March 19, 1863, Samuel T. McKinney was appointed temporary Chairman, and the following platform was adopted:

1. We, the undersigned, citizens of the United States, residing in the VIIth Ward, New-York City, hereby associate ourselves under the name and title of "The VIIth Ward Loyal National League."

2. We pledge ourselves to an unconditional loyalty to the Government of the United States, to an unwavering support of its efforts to suppress the rebellion, and to spare no endeavor to maintain unimpaired the national unity, both in principle and territorial boundary. The primary object of this League is, and shall be, to bind together all loyal men of all trades and professions in a common union to maintain the power, glory, and integrity of the nation.

3. It is hereby understood and agreed among the citizens signing this Constitution, that we do not in any manner pledge ourselves to any course of united political action; but that each member is left free to act in all elections in accordance with his political preferences, our only object in this organization being to unite to support the National Government in its efforts to suppress the rebellion now massed against its authority by a portion of the people of the Union, and not to organize or create a political party, it being the resolve of the members of the League to dissolve when the objects for which it was created have been accomplished.

A Committee of Six was appointed to effect a permanent organization, and report at the next meeting of the League.

On motion, the League adjourned.

SAM'L T. McKINNEY, Chairman *pro tem.*
D. LICHTENHEN, Secretary *pro tem.*

SIXTH WARD LOYAL NATIONAL UNION LEAGUE.—A meeting of citizens was held Thursday evening, at Golder's, No. 110 Centre-st., for the purpose of forming a permanent organization. Mr. George Pearson was chosen temporary chairman, Mr. Edward McGill temporary Secretary. The constitution of the VIIIth Ward Loyal National Union League was adopted as the constitution of the VIth Ward Loyal National Union League. The following gentlemen were then elected permanent officers of the League: President, Mr. GEORGE PEARSON; Vice-Presidents, Timothy Brennan, Joseph W. Hawks; Secretaries, Edward McGill, Edwin Nichols; Treasurer, Michael J. Ryan. Delegates to the General Committee, Joseph Breck, James Cameron, John Murphy, James McGowan, Lawrence Clancy.

GEORGE PEARSON, President.
EDWARD McGILL, Secretary.

FOURTH WARD LOYAL NATIONAL LEAGUE.—At a meeting of the Members of the Loyal National League residing in the IVth Ward, held at 463 Pearl-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, March 19, 1863, Mr. JAMES RYAN was chosen Chairman, and Mr. JAMES WICKHAM was chosen as Secretary. The Platform adopted by the VIIIth Ward Loyal National League, was adopted as the Constitution of the IVth Ward Loyal National League. The following gentlemen were duly elected as delegates to the General Committee: MARK METZGAR, J. W. KEATING, J. BARCALOW, RICHARD COOK, and A. TINCKNER.

JAMES RYAN, Chairman.
JAMES WICKHAM, Secretary.

UNION LEAGUE OF THE NINTH WARD.—At an informal meeting of the citizens of the IXth Ward, the following named gentlemen were selected as temporary officers for the IXth Ward League:

For President—JOHN W. THORNE.
For Vice-Presidents—John C. Hart, John Wilson.
For Treasurer—Andrew Hoogland.
For Secretaries—Norman Stratton, Wm. H. Van Tassel.
For Delegates—Oscar F. Hawley, Dr. Samuel Hall, Charles Church, Henry Wilson, William Dougherty.

An adjourned meeting will be held during the coming week for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization on the basis of the National League, of which due notice will appear through the Press.

NORMAN STRATTON,
WM. H. VAN TASSEL, } Secretaries.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE XXIST Ward Loyal National League will be held at No. 435 4th-av., on SATURDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Citizens of the Ward, without distinction of party, are invited to attend.
H A ROGERS, Chairman, *Pro Tem.*

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A SITUATION WANTED, by a respectable girl, as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and waitress. The best of City reference given. Call at No. 152 7th-av., between 20th and 21st sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted, by a respectable young girl, as chambermaid and nurse, or chambermaid and waitress; the best City reference can be given. Call at No. 226 Mulberry-st.; has no objection to Brooklyn or Williamsburgh. Can be seen for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation, by a young girl, to do chamberwork and washing and sewing, or would assist with waiting; is willing and obliging; good City reference. Call at No. 148 West 18th-st.-place, Thursday and Friday.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young girl, a situation to do up stairs work and sewing, or take care of children; would be willing to go to the country. Can be seen at No. 61 Douglass-st., Brooklyn, third floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a Protestant young woman, to do chamberwork and sewing; has no objection to assist with washing. The best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 80 West 17th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or do plain sewing; has good City reference. Call, till wanted, at No. 123 West 33d-st., second floor, front.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A WELL EXPErienced young woman wishes a situation as Chambermaid; has excellent references, and is thoroughly competent. Can be seen at No. 952 Broadway, near 23d-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A young woman wants a situation in a private family to do up stairs work; has got a Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine and would be willing to take it with her and do the family sewing on it; will go to the country. Can be seen at No. 61 Douglass-st., Brooklyn, third floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a young woman a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has no objection to do the housework of a small private family; can give good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 233 1st-av., between 14th and 15th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable young girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, in a small private family, or would assist in the washing; has good City reference; wages not so much an object as a good home. Can be seen for two days at No. 117 West 26th-st., first floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A situation wanted, by a respectable girl, as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to assist in washing and ironing; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 172 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable young girl, a situation to do light chamberwork and waiting; good reference given. Can be seen, until engaged, at No. 179 East 20th-st.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A MIDdle-aged woman as cook in a small private family; understands making bread, biscuit, game and soups; no objections to the plain washing and ironing. The best of City reference as to capability and sobriety. Call, for two days, at No. 135 Amity-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as cook in a private family; is a good baker of bread, and thoroughly understands her business; is willing to assist in washing and ironing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 224 East 19th-st., third floor.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A REspectable woman as cook in a private family; understands her business thoroughly, and can produce good references from her former employers, having lived with some of the best families in the City. Apply at No. 307 4th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A REspectable woman as excellent cook; one who understands all kinds of baking and pastry; the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 117 West 26th-st. Can be seen for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook; understands cooking and baking in all its branches; has no objection to assist with light washing; has good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 123 West 33d-st., 2d floor, front.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED, BY A REspectable woman, as cook; understands cooking and baking in all its branches; has no objection to assist in washing; has the best City reference. Can be seen at No. 179 7th-av., corner of 2d-st.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation to do plain cooking, washing and ironing, or chamberwork and waiting; is competent at either; has the best of City reference. Call at or address No. 313 Houston-st., corner of Greenwich.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT WOman, a situation as good cook; is a good baker, and will assist with the washing and ironing; good City references. Call for two days at No. 13 Union-court, University place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A COMpetent, tidy woman, with the best of City reference, as cook in all its branches; understands the French and American modes of cooking; wages $10. Call at, or address No. 192 East 21st-st., for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman, a situation as good plain cook; would be willing to assist with the washing and ironing; has the best City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 331 6th-av., near 21st-st.

AS COOK.—A YOUNG GIRL WISHES A SITuation as good cook; has lived for years in her last place; good city references given; willing to assist in the washing. Apply at No. 89 West 19th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly; best references. Call at No. 40 East 33d-st.

AS COOK.—A FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH COOK wants a situation in a private family; has the best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 55 3d-av., between 10th and 11th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A REspectable woman, as first-class cook; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 61 West 29th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a young woman, to do cooking, washing and ironing, or chamberwork and washing; has excellent City reference. Can be seen at No. 410 6th-av., near 25th-st.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—SITUATION wanted by a young girl as cook and laundress; has the best of references from her last place. Can be seen for two days, at No. 154 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER, OR AS GENERAL SERVANT.—Wanted, a situation in City or country, by a willing and obliging young woman in the above capacity; is a good cook and baker. Apply at No. 378 6th av.

AS COOK, WASHER, IRONER, &c.—Wanted, situations by two respectable girls, one as plain cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress, and make herself useful. Call at No. 210 West 25th-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A situation wanted, by a respectable girl as cook, washer and ironer; good City reference given. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 212 East 14th-st., N. Y.

AS DRESSMAKER.—WANTED, BY A FIRST-class dressmaker—an American—work by the day or week in private families; understands the making of children's dresses perfectly; the best of references. Call or address DRESSMAKER, No. 119 East 13th-st., near 3d-av.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—AN AMERICAN LADY wishes a situation as housekeeper; is capable of taking entire charge, or is willing to assist; understands marketing; best of City reference given. Call at No. 2 St. Luke's-place, or address C. W., Box No. 1,755 Post-office.

AS LAUNDRESS.—SITUATION WANTED, AS laundress, by a thoroughly competent person; understands fluting, and has lived from 3 to 9 years with the highest families in the City, to whom she refers. Can be seen at BOOKHAM'S, No. 311 4th av., near 24th-st.
W. E. CONNOR, Superintendent.

AS LAUNDRESS, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation as first-class laundress, or as chambermaid and to do fine washing; has the best of City reference from last place. Call at No. 36 West 13th-st.

AS FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS.—WANTed, by a respectable young woman, a situation as first-class laundress in a private family, or would be willing to do the chamberwork and fine washing; can do all kinds of fluting; no objection to the country; good City reference. Call at No. 94 8th-st., near 1st-av., St. Mark's-place. Can be seen for two days.

AS NURSE.—A YOUNG WOMAN, HAVING many years' experience in the care and management of children, wishes a situation as nurse; is fully competent to take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; can do plain sewing. Call at No. 37 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Please ring the middle bell; can give the best of reference.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS nurse by a young woman, having many years' experience in the care and management of children; understands the care of a baby from its birth; can do plain sewing. best of reference. Call at No. 204 23d-st., near 1st-av.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS nurse by an American Protestant woman; is competent to take charge of an infant from its birth; is a good plain sewer, and has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 81 East 23d-st., between Lexington and 4th avs., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.

AS NURSE, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES a situation to take care of children and do plain sewing in a small private family; two years' reference from her last employers. Call, for two days, at No. 51 6th-av., 2d floor, front room.

AS NURSE, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES a situation to take care of children and do plain sewing or chamberwork and to assist with the washing and ironing. Can be seen till suited at No. 163 East 24th-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A SITUAtion wanted as nurse and seamstress or as chambermaid and seamstress, by a Protestant. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 47 West 18th-st., for two days.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a Protestant young woman as seamstress; is willing to assist in light chamberwork; can produce the most unexceptionable reference as to ability, &c. Apply at the Servant's Institute, No. 3 ... 4th av. C. C. BEDELL.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A REspectable young woman a situation as seamstress; is a good milliner; does all kinds of family sewing; has good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 471 6th-av., in the fancy store, between 28th and 29th sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS OPERATOR.—WORK WANTED, BY A young person on a Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine, by the week, day or month; terms moderate; will bring her own sewing machine. Call or address Advertiser, No. 113 West 15th-st., near 6th-av.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a young woman as first-class waitress; she perfectly understands her business; has no objection to assist with chamberwork; is willing to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 37 West 13th-st. Ring the middle bell. Has the best of reference. Call for two days.

AS WAITRESS.—A PROTESTANT WAITRESS, extremely neat and thoroughly competent, wants a situation in a first-class private family; satisfactory references given from her last employer. Can be seen for two days at No. 194 East 13th-st.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG woman, a situation as waitress, or would do chamberwork and take care of children; has best of City reference. Can be seen at 184 7th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

AS WAITRESS AND LAUNDRESS.—A REspectable young woman wants a situation as waitress and laundress; can give the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 209 East 21st-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

AS GENERAL SERVANT.—WANTED, BY A neat tidy woman, a situation in the City or country as general servant; understands the care of milk and butter; washes and irons well; wages $6; good reference. Call at or address 192 East 21st-st., for two days.

WANTED.—BY TWO SISTERS JUST ARRIVED from Europe, situations, to take charge of young children; can teach them, if required, English, music, and rudiments of French. Apply in the fancy store, No. 196 3d-av.

AT THE LARGE FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS' INSTITUTE, corner of 11th-st. and 6th-av., are good situations and good servants, civil neat and capable, to suit all, German, English, Scotch, Irish, American and Protestants. Also, small girls, all ages. Mrs. Floyd in attendance. German and French spoken here.

AN AMERICAN WOMAN AS COOK, ALSO a Scotch woman as cook, washer and ironer, and a German girl as nurse, and several Protestant girls for general work, and other excellent servants, all want situations. Apply at the New-York Employment House, No. 482 Broadway, two doors from Broome-st.

MALES.

AS ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER, &c.—Wanted, a situation, by a young man, as assistant book-keeper or entry clerk, and to make himself generally useful. References satisfactory. Address E. W., Jr., care W. S. F., Nos. 23½ and 24 Fulton-st., for two days.

AS CLERK.—A YOUNG MAN, 19 YEARS OF age, is desirous of obtaining a situation as clerk in a store or office. He is willing to make himself generally useful. Salary moderate. Reference good. Address CLERK, Box No. 139 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a Protestant single man, as coachman, or to take care of horses, or to travel with a gentleman as groom; can give 15 years' City reference from good families. Can be seen, or address COACHMAN, No. 28 East 19th-st., near Broadway, in the feed-store.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG man a situation as coachman; perfectly understands the care of horses, and is a good groom and careful driver, and has the best of City reference. Call or address at Kenedy's Saddlery, corner 33d-st. and Broadway.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable single German, as coachman in a private family; understands his business in all its branches; is a plain gardener; can show good recommendations. Call at No. 19 Centre-st., for three days.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman by a smart young man who is a first-rate groom and careful driver; can produce the best City reference. Address M., Coachman, Box No. 191 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a young man as coachman; understands the proper care of horses, and is a good driver. Good City reference given. Address F. B., 480 Broadway, corner of 13th-st.

AS COACHMAN.—A YOUNG MAN WANTS A situation as coachman in or about the City; is a good hand; lived 7 years in the last place, and has the best of reference. Address C. H., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A MAN, A situation as coachman. Good reference from his last employer. Address J. R., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTestant man. Address J. D., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN, &c.—SITUATION WANTED as coachman or groom, by a young man, who can produce the best references of seven years from his last place. Address F. H. P., No. 13 East 19th-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A STEADY, sober man wants a situation as coachman and groom; understands driving and gardening; is willing to make himself generally useful; has good reference. Address R., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by a Protestant man, a situation as coachman and groom; understands his business perfectly; temperate; good references. Address W. J., Box No. 210 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A SITUAtion wanted, by a good coachman and groom, and gardener; is willing to make himself useful, with good reference. Call at No. 149 Grand-st.

AS FOREMAN FARMER AND VEGETABLE GARDENER.—Wanted, a situation in the above branches by a single man; has excellent reference. Any gentleman who wants such a man can address N. W., Box No. 206 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS FARMER.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED man wants a situation as farmer; with little incumbrance; has good reference from his last employer; his wife understands the management of dairy and poultry; also, a single young man, that fully understands farming in all its branches. Address by note, to N. O., Box No. 203 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS FARMER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a Protestant married man, as farmer; is capable of taking charge of a gentleman's place as foreman; understands the care of horses and all kinds of stock; his wife can take charge of the dairy; with five years' reference. Address, for two days, C. F. J., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER, &c.—A SINGLE MAN WANTS A situation in the country, to take charge on a small place; understands vegetable gardening and farming, the care of horses, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address M. C., Box No. 2.6 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER OR GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation by a married man without children, who thoroughly understands either business in all its varieties; good reference given for both, from last employer, for years. Address W. G., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER AND GARDENER.—WANTed, a situation, by a practical working man; is a Protestant; his wife as laundress or dairy maid. Address J. M. D., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

SHEEP AND STOCK FARMER.—AN ENGlishman, not objecting to locality, who had charge of a large farm, the stock, crops and dairy produce on which won numerous premiums, and who has been in this country seven years, is open to engage on shares or for a salary; in either case he would study the interest of his principal and as he is fond of good farming he would take great pleasure in producing first-rate results. Address H. H. SCOTT, Westbury, Queens Co., N. Y.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATIONS WANTED, BY two respectable men—one as first-class gardener, who understands his business in all its various branches, &c., &c.; the other as assistant; is a good plain gardener; understands farming, driving, and stock in general; or either would take separate places; both have eight years' recommendations from gentlemen of high standing, for honesty, capability and sobriety. Any parties wishing trustworthy men in the above capacity will address L. M. D., Goshen Post-office, Orange County, N. Y.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a married man; has no family; understands gardening in all its branches; also, the laying out of new grounds; would superintend a small farm; can produce the best City reference. Address D., Gardener, Box No. 197 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION as gardener, by a married man, who understands the management of greenhouse and vinery and vegetables, laying out or improving grounds; has had many years experience in England and this country. Direct P. O., Messrs. Thorburn's, No. 15 John-st., New-York.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a married man, (Scotch,) no family; has had many years' experience in this country, in all branches of his business. Refers to A. Smith, Seedsman, No. 65 Liberty-st., New-York, where I can be seen or written to.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener by a young man who understands the cultivation of vegetables, flowers, graperies, &c; is a Protestant, and can come well recommended. Address O., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

AS PLAIN GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUation, by a young married man, as plain gardener; understands the care of horses and cows, and is a good farmer; has the best of City reference from his last employer. Address J. F., No. 54 Chrystie-st., for one day.

AS KITCHEN GARDENER, &c.—A THORoughly competent man wishes a situation as gardener; understands his business thoroughly, and can give reference to that effect. Can be seen at No. 252 Broadway, near 23d-st.

AS GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—WANTed, a situation as gardener and coachman by a man who understands his business in all its branches, and laying out of new places; is a middle-aged man; can be recommended from his employer; will make himself useful; can be seen by addressing a note to M. H., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER OR FARMER.—WANTED, by a competent married man, a situation as gardener or farmer; can take full charge of a gentleman's place; is a good coachman, if wanted; can take care of greenhouse and plants; the best of City reference. Address M. Y., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER AND FARMER.—SITUAtion as gardener and farmer wanted, by a married man; the best of reference; his wife to care dairy and poultry if required. Call for two days at No. 125 West 24th-st.

AS GROOM OR PORTER.—WANTED A SITuation by a young man, 2? years of age, either as groom or as porter in some kind of store; is a good driver, and can give good reference. Address for two days C. D., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

AS PORTER.—A SMART YOUNG MAN DESIRES a situation as porter in a store, or coachman; lived seven years in his last place; can give good reference. Inquire at No. 35 Crosby, rear building, up stairs.

AS MAN AND WIFE.—AN AMERICAN MAN and wife desires a situation; the man is a practical farmer and good gardener; an excellent hand over horses and stock; the wife a first-class general house servant and good dairy-maid. Call at No. 318 6th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION IN A private family by a steady respectable man; understands his business in all its branches, and gives the best of City reference from the most respectable families in the City. Can be seen at No. 11 West 27th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, 23 years of age, in some respectable business; has had seven years' experience in the liquor and fancy goods trade; is a good penman, and willing to work for a small salary. Good reference. Address CLERK, Box No. 141 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND WIFE, who have been many years in this country. The man is a first-rate vegetable gardener; wife is a good cook and laundress; can give the best of references. Call on or address J. G., at Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st., New-York.

HELP WANTED.

A BOY.—WANTED, A BOY ABOUT 16 YEARS of age as valet to a gentleman visiting Europe during the Summer; he must be active, obliging, and of genteel appearance. Address P. C. B., Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

A COACHMAN.—WANTED, A COACHMAN TO go to the country; one who knows how to milk, and willing to make himself useful on a small place. Call at Union Club, 21st-st. and 5th-av., from 8 to 10 A. M., or 4 to 6 P. M., Friday.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A GARDENER; A first-rate man for vegetables and fruit, with wife who would attend the dairy. Apply at No. 333 West 15th-st.

A LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS laundress. Apply at once at No. 11 West 21st-st.

A COOK, &c.—WANTED, A COOK, WASHER and ironer in a small family, first class. Apply at No. 88 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.

A COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—WANTed, a smart, tidy and competent girl, that can come well recommended, to do plain cooking, washing and ironing in a small private family; will find a good home, and receive kind treatment and a full equivalent for her services. Call at No. 132 West 40th-st.

A NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, as nurse and seamstress, a competent Protestant young woman, to go a short distance in the country; good references required. Apply at No. 23 East 22d-st.

A SALESMAN.—WANTED, AN ACTIVE, INtelligent young man as salesman in a wholesale house. Address, with references, which must be unexceptionable, SALESMAN, Box No. 161 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN THOROUGHLY ACquainted with upholstery goods and curtain materials, to assist in taking charge of a large wholesale department. To a competent person a liberal salary will be paid, with a good position. Apply, personally or by letter, to A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

500 LABORERS WANTED—FOR GOVERNment work, 12 hours' distance from New-York. Pay, $1 per day, and found. Apply at No. 7 Bowling-green, between 10 and 12 o'clock.

CANVASSERS.—WANTED, A NUMBER OF good canvassers to sell a neat "Revenue Stamp-Canceling Machine;" useful to every merchant, Bank, Express and Railroad office. Apply immediately to FITCH & BROTHERS, No 3 Park-place.

WANTED—A MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS THE care of horses, carriage and harness, to assist in garden, and make himself generally useful; may be married, if without children. Apply before 11 A. M., to JOHN TAYLOR, No. 865 Broadway.

TWO STEREOTYPE FINISHERS WANTED by SMITH & McDOUGAL, No. 84 Beekman-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS WAITER; ONE who understands his business. Apply at Sweeny's Hotel, between 9 and 11 A. M.

WAITER WANTED—ENGLISHMAN PREferred. Apply at No. 121 9th-st.

$75 A MONTH!—I WANT TO HIRE AGENTS in every county, at $75 a month, expenses paid, to sell my new cheap Family Sewing-Machines. Address S. MADISON, Alfred, Maine.

$60 A MONTH!—WE WANT AGENTS, AT $60 a month, expenses paid, to sell our Everlasting Pencils, Oriental Burners, and 13 other articles. 15 circulars free. Address SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Me.

MISCELLANEOUS.

25 CENTS { GILLIES' OLD PLANTATION COFFEE. } PER POUND.

TO ALL LOVERS OF FINE FLAVORED COFFEE.

We have completed arrangements whereby we shall receive 500 bales per month of OLD PLANTATION COFFEE, Which we offer to the public as a superior beverage to any heretofore sold in this market

THE OLD PLANTATION COFFEE, Of which we are the only receivers and manufacturers, is superior to the Coffee usually sold, such as Mocha, Java, Maracaibo, &c.

Hotels, private families, boarding-houses, restaurants, &c., will find THE OLD PLANTATION COFFEE more reliable than ordinary Coffee, as by our new mode of preparation it will be found to contain a perfect uniformity of strength and flavor.

Put up only in one pound packages, sixty pounds in a case, with full directions on each package; and for sale by grocers generally. Price 25 cents per pound. Liberal discount to the trade.

WRIGHT, GILLIES & BRO.,
Nos. 233, 235 and 237 Washington-st.,
Importers and Manufacturers.

HYGIENIC WHISKEY,
EIGHTEEN YEARS OLD.

Highly recommended by the Faculty for all cases of PULMONARY AFFECTIONS and GENERAL DEBILITY.

At the celebrated Wine and Ale room, corner of Broadway and Liberty-st., under the Atlantic Bank.

WM. O. GILBERT, Agent.

TO GROCERS, DRUGGISTS, BAKERS, TEA AND COFFEE DEALERS AND OTHERS.
TIME, TROUBLE AND MONEY SAVED,
By using the
PATENT MACHINE-MADE PAPER BAGS,
Which entirely supersede the home-made article.

A large supply of the various sizes on hand; also, a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS OF PAPER.

L. T. VALENTINE & CO., Sole Agents.
Commission Paper Warehouse, No 45 Beekman-st., N. Y.

WATER-PROOF VIENNA AND STRELLA MATCHES.

These matches are made without sulphur, and being free from disagreeable odor, are not only very desirable but almost indispensable for use in the parlor and sleeping chamber. They are put up in fancy colored boxes and small packages for family use, and are also carefully packed in cases for transportation. For sale wholesale and retail by

JAMES R. DEY,
No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

P. S.—Country merchants will do well to call and examine our stock.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9, 1863.

VESSELS WANTED IMMEDIATELY TO carry COAL to the following points:

Tortugas,
Key West, Fla.,
Fort Monroe, Va.,
Alexandria, Va.,
Newbern, N. C.,
Port Royal, S. C. (Signed)
A. BOYD, Capt. and Ass't Quartermaster.

PATENTED FOR SALE.—PATENTED IN America, England and France. This article is not influenced by fashion or time. The best written references from authorities may be examined by the public in the store No. 351 Broome-st., New-York, from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M.

LEAKY ROOFS CURED WITH RUBBER Paint, 1 to 1½ cts. a foot, according to condition, and warranted. 596 Grand-st., 37 Park-row, 153 Bowery, 375 8th-av., 508 6th-av., 48 8th-av., and 11 S. 7th-st., Wmsb'g.

CORNS, BUNIONS, INVERTED NAILS, enlarged joints, and all diseases of the feet cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No 760 Broadway.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

I HAVE THE CASH.

Inventors and others wishing aid to bring into notice any novelty of beauty and usefulness, made at a small cost, will please address, with particulars, CASH, Box No. 5,024 New-York Post-office.

LUMBER-YARD FOR SALE.—THE STOCK fixtures, good-will and real estate of a well-established lumber-yard, doing a good business, for sale on easy terms; or, the yard would be leased, if preferred; a rare chance for any one desirous of engaging in a paying business. Apply personally or by letter, to the subscriber, on the premises, foot of 130th-st. and North River, Manhattanville, N. Y. W. DUNNING.

FOR SALE—TWENTY YEARS' ESTABLISHED grocery business, situated in one of the best locations on the west side of the City, now doing a good cash trade. Stock well assorted. The building to let or lease with or without the stock. Everything shown. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Inquire at No. 438 Greenwich-st.

FOR SALE—A LIME AND BRICK BUSINESS in Harlem; has been established for three years; is now doing a good trade. A lease of dock and premises with buildings may be had. Apply to No. 76 4th-av., corner 10th-st.

A FLOUR MILL TO LEASE AT AUCTION.—A lease of the Hope Mills, situated in the town of Westchester, 13 miles from New-York, will be sold at auction for a term of years, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY, March 23, inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—(2) TWO HYDRAULIC PRESSES OF 500 tons power, with double action pumps; also, (2) two do. 8½-inch ram; also, (2) two heavy chain presses; also, (4) four Bullock's patent presses; also, (2) two large iron stills, (21) twenty-one stands of candle moulds, Stainthorp's patent; also, (6) six iron boilers, and (2) two engines. For particulars, inquire of CHARLES FOX, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery, or of ISAAC K. JESSUP, Rossville, Staten Island. All will be sold at a low figure.

PORTABLE ENGINE AND BOILER WANTED—Boiler 10 to 16 horse power. Inquire for purchaser, and leave price and description at New-York *Argus* Office, No. 1 Park-place.

BOILERS WANTED.—TWO BOILERS WANTed for storage purposes, having capacity for 3,000 or 4,000 gallons each. J. A. COWING, No. 11 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

INSURANCE STOCKS.

SPECIAL ATTENTION
Given to the Purchase and Sale of
INSURANCE STOCKS
At Private Sale.
D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer,
(Late with ADRIAN H. MULLER,) No. 33 Wall-st.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY, JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Feb. 26, 1863.

Public notice is hereby given, in accordance with the terms of an agreement between this Company and the holders of its First Mortgage Bonds, dated April 14, 1859, that this Company will redeem on the 3d day of April next, at the office of the United States Trust Company, New-York City, at the lowest offer below par, forty one of said Jeffersonville Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds. Offers for the sale of said bonds may be addressed, under seal, to the United States Trust Company aforesaid, and indorsed, "Offers of the First Mortgage Bond or Bonds of the Jeffersonville Railroad Company to the Sinking Fund." Which offers or bids will be received until noon of the 3d day of April next. And public notice is also hereby given the holders of said First Mortgage Bonds that, in case there are no bids offered to sell said bonds, as provided in the agreement aforesaid, the United States Trust Company aforesaid will, upon presentation at their office, No. 48 Wall-st., redeem, at par and accrued interest, by consecutive numbers of outstanding bonds, forty-one of said bonds, beginning at No. 121 and running to No. 143, inclusive; Nos. 146, 147 and 149 to 152, inclusive; Nos. 158 to 162, inclusive; Nos. 165, 166, 167, and Nos. 170 to 173, inclusive; and that from and after the 3d day of April, 1863, interest on said bonds will cease, as provided in said agreement.

J. H. M'CAMPBELL, Secretary and Treasurer.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
AND
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
AGENTS FOR U. S. FIVE-TWENTY LOAN,

Are prepared to furnish the U. S. FIVE-TWENTY YEAR SIX PER CENT. BONDS, direct from the Government, at PAR and ACCRUED INTEREST, as heretofore.

☞ On and after July 1, the privilege of converting Legal-Tender Notes into the Five-Twenty Bonds at par will cease. Parties wishing to secure a United States Bond, paying six per cent. interest IN GOLD, AT PAR, should send in their orders before that time.

We also keep on hand a constant supply of all classes of Government Securities, for sale at the lowest market rates.

U. S. 7.30 Treasury Notes.
U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.
U. S. One-Year Certificates of Indebtedness, &c., &c.

FISK & HATCH,
No. 38 Wall-st.

UNITED STATES CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

Maturing Certificates of Indebtedness collected, and returns made promptly.

The gold received for interest remitted, or accounted for at the market price in currency, at the option of holders.

KETCHUM, SON & CO.,
No. 40 Exchange-place.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
NO. 34 WALL-ST.,
AGENTS FOR THE SALE
OF UNITED STATES 5-20 6 PER CENT. BONDS.

We are at all times prepared to deliver the above coupon and registered, in denominations of $50's, $100's, $500's and $1,000's, at par and interest.

EDWARD KING,
(Late of the firm of JAMES G. KING'S SONS,)
Offers his services at the Board of Brokers for the purchase or sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
No. 23 Wall-st.

STOCKS AND BONDS

Bought and sold on commission, at the Brokers' Board, by

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
Bankers, and Dealers in Government Securities and Gold.

UNITED STATES CERCIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.—The subscribers have completed arrangements at Washington to collect Certificates of Indebtedness as they mature, making prompt returns, and giving market value for gold received for interest, or remitting gold, as correspondents may desire.

Constantly on hand for sale at market rate, United States Stocks.

1 per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness. Interest payable in gold.

6 per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness, Interest payable in currency

6 per cent. Coupons Bonds of 1881.
6 per cent. Registered Bonds of 1881.
5.20 Coupons Bonds.
7 3-10 Treasury Notes.

VERMILYE & CO., No. 44 Wall-st.
MARCH 16, 1863.

MEETING OF THE BONDHOLDERS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Bondholders and Stockholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, will be held in the City of Chicago at the Office of the Company, on the 1st day of April next, at the hour of noon of that day, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors of said Company, and transacting such other business as may be brought before them.

J. W. FOSTER,
M. L. SYKES, } Commissioners.
A. C. BADGER,

JOSEPH PRICE, Secretary.
CHICAGO, Feb. 28, 1863.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1863.

PARTIES HOLDING THIRTY (30) OR MORE coupons on the three years seven and three-tenths per cent. bonds maturing on the 1st April next, are requested to hand them in, with schedules, for examination, at any time before that date. Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the Interest Desk of this office. Holders availing themselves of the above will receive checks for their coupons, after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 31st inst. ASSISTANT TREASURER U. S.

DAYTON AND MICHIGAN RAILROAD,
DAYTON OFFICE, March 9, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THIS Company will repurchase all of their outstanding 7 per cent. mortgage bonds, Nos. 937 to 1,200 inclusive, at 80 per cent. of their par value, as per contract made with the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad Company, dated Feb. 8, 1859, if presented at the Banking House of Messrs. WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, within sixty days from date hereof.

PRESERVED SMITH, Treasurer.

THE ST. MARY'S CANAL MINERAL LAND COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the St. Mary's Canal Mineral Land Company, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the New-York Central Railroad Company, in the City of Albany, N. Y., on FRIDAY, the 27th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of the Directors. J. N. DENISON, Secretary.
BOSTON, March 14, 1863.

BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, March 13, 1863.

THE J. N. WESTFALL & COMPANY'S Bank (Jordan) has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of the Park Bank, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851. H. H. VAN DYCK, Superintendent.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
NOS. 112 AND 114 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

AN ELECTION OF DIRECTORS WILL be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, the 6th day of April next. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 P. M. JOHN McGEE, Secretary.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
Bought and sold at Board of Brokers,
By A. G. HEMINWAY & CO.,
No. 53 Exchange-place.

LA CROSSE AND MILWAUKEE AND Horicon and Milwaukee Mortgage Bonds, assented and non-assented, bought by
F. P. JAMES & CO., No. 45 Wall-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE on property in this City and Brooklyn. Apply at the office of the Clinton Fire Insurance Company, No. 52 Wall-st., N. Y.

SAVINGS BANKS

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 3d-av. and 25th-st.
Chartered 1854.

Six per cent. interest allowed. Deposits made on or before April 1 will draw interest from that date. Bank open daily from 10 to 3 o'clock; also on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
AUGS. F. LEE, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK,
Open daily from 10 to 2 and from 5 to 7 P. M.

Deposits from 25 cents to $5,000 received. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID on sums of $500 and under—5 per cent. on larger deposits.

M. D. VAN PELT, President.
JOS. P. COOPER, Sec. CHAS. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 1 3d-av., corner 7th-st.
Open from 9 to 2 o'clock daily.
and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 8 o'clock.

THOS. B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK, NO. 1 THIRD-AVENUE.—Deposits made on or before 1st April will bear interest from that date. Bank open from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 8 o'clock.

THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

DENTISTRY

ALL PERSONS DESIROUS OF GETTING rid of decayed teeth or roots, positively without pain or danger, can do so through the agency of my new CHEMICALLY PURIFIED CHLOROFORM and ETHER. Gold sets inserted, $20. Vulcanite, $8. Gold fillings, $1. Silver and Dentine, 50c. Extracting, 25c.

Dr. B. L. WAIT, No. 98 4th-av.

DRS. GRIFFIN, NO. 258 GRAND-ST., N.Y. opposite Lord and Taylor's, and No 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are inserting full or partial sets of their improved Artificial Teeth, with or without extracting the roots; full sets on gold or platina, $25; on silver or rubber, $8; partial sets (gold) per tooth, $2; silver or rubber, $1; extracting, 25c.

PROPOSALS.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
No. 466 BROOME-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 9, 1863.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office up to 12 o'clock M., 20th March inst., for supplying the following articles, in the quantities required at this depot, up to the 1st of January, 1864:

DRESSINGS, &c.

Binders' Boards—2¼x12 inches.
Binders' Boards—4x17 inches.
Cotton Bats.
Cotton Wadding.
Flannel—Red, all wool.
Gutta Percha Cloth.
Muslin—Bleached, unsized, 1 yard wide.
Napkins for Ophthalmia.
Oakum—Fine picked.
Oiled Muslin—4½ yard pieces.
Oiled Silk—4½ yard pieces.
Silk—Green, for shades.
Tape—Cotton or twilled, stay binding.
Tape—Woolen or worsted binding.
Thread Linen Unbleached.
Tow.
Towels.
Toweling.
Toweling for Rollers.
Twine—Assorted.

STATIONERY.

Envelopes—Printed, large, medium and small.
Paper—Wrapping, white and blue.
Paper—Writing—Cap, letter and note.
Pens—Steel.
Penholders.
Pencils—Lead Faber No. 2.
Portfolios—Cap size.
Sealing Wax.

BEDDING.

Beds—Water, India Rubber.
Blankets—White.
Blankets—Gray.
Blanket Cases—Canvas.
Counterpanes—According to pattern.
Cushions—Rubber for air or water, open centre.
Cushions—Rubber, for air or water, small.
Gutta Percha Bed Covers, so made as to form, when united, a continuous covering.

FURNITURE AND APPLIANCES.

Basins, tin, small for dressers.
Basins, tin, Wash hand.
Bed Pans—Delf, shovel shape.
Bowls—Delf.
Bedsteads—Iron.
Brooms.
Brushes—Scrubbing.
Buckets—Leather.
Buckets—Wooden.
Candlesticks.
Cauldrons—Tin covers (20 gallons.)
Cleavers.
Clothes Line.
Close Stools.
Dippers—Tin, 1 pint.
Dishes—Assorted sizes.
Feeding Cups.
Flesh Forks.
Funnels—Glass, ½ pint.
Funnels—Tin, 1 pint.
Graters—Nutmeg, and large.
Hatchets.
Hones.
Knives and Forks.
Knives and Forks—Carving.
Knives—Butcher.
Knives—Bread.
Lanterns—Glass.
Measures—Tin, from 1 gallon to 1 pint.
Medicine-spoons—Delf.
Mess Chests.
Mills—Coffee.
Mugs—Delf.
Pill-boxes—Turned wood.
Pill Machines.
Pill Tiles, 5 to 10 inches.
Pitchers—Delf, ½ gallon.
Plates—Delf.
Pots—Chamber—Delf.
Pots—Chamber—Inodorous—Army pattern.
Pots—Tea—Delf.
Pots—Coffee—Tin.
Range—Size as required—Fixtures complete.
Razors and Strops, in cases.
Retort—Delf, 1 quart.
Scales and Weights—Shop.
Sheepskins—Dressed for plasters.
Slates.
Spatulas—3 to 6 inches.
Spirit Lamp.
Spoons—Table.
Spoons—Tea.
Spit Mugs—Without tops.
Spittoons.
Steel.
Stoves—Cooking, size as required, fixtures complete.
Tin Warmer—For stomach, for hot water.
Tin Warmer—For feet, for hot water.
Tubs—Bath.
Tumblers—Glass.
Urinals.
Vials—Assorted sizes.
Wood Saws.

FURNITURE AND APPLIANCES.

Bed Ticket Frames.
Chairs.
Gridirons.
Kettle—Tea, iron.
Ladles.
Pans—Frying.
Pans—Sauce.
Pans—Tin.
Pots—Mustard.
Pots—Pepper.
Refrigerators—Butchers'.
Sadirons.
Salt Cellars.
Tables—Bedside.
Tray—Butlers'.

HOSPITAL CLOTHING.

Caps, according to pattern.
Drawers, according to pattern.
Gowns, Dressing, according to pattern.
Shirts, Cotton, according to pattern.
Slippers, according to pattern.
Socks, Woollen, according to pattern.

Particulars as to sizes of packages, quality of articles, probable quantity, &c., will be given at this office.

The Medical Purveyor reserves the right to reject any and all bids, if not deemed suitable, and all contracts accepted will be subject to the approval of the Surgeon-General.

R. S. SATTERLEE,
Surgeon U. S. Army and Medical Purveyor.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 State-st.,
NEW-YORK, March 18, 1863.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M. on SATURDAY, the 21st instant, for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York, as follows, viz.:

175,000 pounds prime RIO COFFEE, to be roasted, and packed in barrels like samples to be seen at this office.

175,000 pounds prime RIO COFFEE, to be roasted, and packed in double sacks of one hundred pounds net each; inside sack to be of strong, close woven, twilled cotton stuff, or of other material equally adapted to the purpose, samples of which must be exhibited; outside sack of first quality new and strong gunny cloth; both sacks to be sewed close, and the package to be made very compact; corners of the outside sack to be drawn, wound and sewed strongly.

100,000 pounds prime RIO COFFEE, to be packed in barrels, as above.

100,000 pounds prime RIO COFFEE, to be packed in sacks, as above.

Parties offering to furnish Coffee, either green or to be roasted, are required to send in full chop-samples in the green state of all the coffee they propose to furnish.

25,000 pounds crushed SUGAR; barrels to be new, and of the best in use for the purpose; and to be full head lined.

Bidders will state in their proposals the earliest time at which their deliveries can be made.

Proposals for different articles must be on separate sheets of paper.

Samples to accompany proposals.

Each bid must have a printed copy of this advertisement posted at its head, and must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract with bonds to the amount of one-fourth the value of the stores proposed to be furnished shall be executed, if required."

Bidders may propose for the whole or a part of either article.

The seller's name, place of business, with date of purchase, is required on each package of every article.

All the stores will be carefully inspected before their delivery, and compared with the retained samples. Returns of weights signed by a professional Public Weigher must be furnished whenever required.

Payment, as heretofore, to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Proposers, whose bids are not accepted, are requested to send for their samples on THURSDAY, 26th inst.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

A. B. EATON,
Col. and A. C. G. S.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE.
$150,000 WORTH OF CABINET FURNITURE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
BY DEGRAFF & TAYLOR,
No. 87 Bowery,
Offer their entire stock at lower prices than any other establishment in the City,
FOR CASH.

Consisting of
ROSEWOOD, PARLOR AND CHAMBER FURNITURE,
In Brocatel, Delaine and Plush.
MAHOGANY, WALNUT AND IMITATION
FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
All goods warranted.

MINOR & SOMERVILLE, AUCTIONEERS—salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office, will give their special attention to sales of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, as usual for years past, at the residences of families declining housekeeping, or at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., where they will hold regular weekly sales.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON, No. 363 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

ENAMELED FURNITURE—ALL STYLES and prices. Also, chamber suites in walnut and chestnut, the best assortment in the City, wholesale and retail, at No 277 Canal-st. WARREN WARD.

SHOW CASES.—HOFFMAN & FERSH, MANUfacturers, 132 Chatham-st. All kinds of show cases on hand, or made to order. Old show cases exchanged.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, BOOKS, PAMPHlets and Libraries bought for cash at No. 123 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

PROPOSALS.

TO ARTISTS, ENGRAVERS AND OTHERS

Designs for National Currency Notes are hereby invited of the denominations of $5, $10, $20, $50, $100, $500 and $1,000, to be issued under the Act of Congress authorizing a National Currency, approved Feb. 25, 1863.

The designs must be National in their character; and none will be considered that have been used, in whole or in part, upon any currency, bond, certificate or other representative of value, and completed bills must all be of the uniform size of seven inches by three inches.

Designs must be for both the obverse and reverse of the note, and be susceptible of receiving upon their obverse the following legend: "National Currency, secured by the Bonds of the United States, deposited with the Treasurer of the United States," as well as the signatures of the Treasurer of the United States and the Register of the Treasury, together with the promise to pay of the association issuing the notes, signed by the President and Cashier thereof, and their place of redemption.

The reverse must be susceptible of receiving the following legend: "This note is receivable at par in all parts of the United States in payment of taxes, excises, and all other dues to the United States, except for duties on imports; and also for all salaries and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations and associations, within the United States, except interest on public debt."

And, also, to have suitable tablets for imprinting the following synopsis of sections 57 and 58 of the Act authorizing a National Currency, approved Feb. 25, 1863: "Every person making or engraving, or aiding to make or engrave, or passing or attempting to pass, any imitation or alteration of this note; and every person having in possession a plate or impression made in imitation of it, or any paper made in imitation of that on which the note is printed, is, by the Act of Congress, approved 25th February, 1863, guilty of felony, and subject to fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding fifteen years at hard labor, or both."

Designs will be received until the 28th day of March, 1863, and must in all cases be accompanied by models, or illustrative drawings, and the Department reserves the right to reject any or all that may be offered. For such designs or parts of designs as may be accepted, suitable compensation will be paid, not exceeding in the aggregate two hundred dollars for each note: and the accepted designs will then become the exclusive property of the United States. The designs not accepted will be returned to the parties submitting them.

Proposals will also be received for furnishing dies in accordance with the designs; stating the cost of the completed dies, and the date at which they can be furnished; the Secretary reserving the right to accept designs or parts of designs and causing them to be engraved by other parties than those submitting the designs if he deems it for the interest of the Government to do so. In all cases the dies and all transfers, or copies thereof, to be the exclusive property of the United States.

In the selection of designs, special attention will be given to security against counterfeiting and against alterations, as well as to suitableness for use as currency.

Proposals and designs must be inclosed in sealed envelopes and directed to the Secretary of the Treasury, and plainly indorsed "Designs and Proposals for National Currency," and will be opened on the 28th day of March, 1863, at 12 o'clock M.

S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

NAVY BEEF.

NAVY AGENT'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 16, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, the 27th day of March, at 12 o'clock, for supplying 2,000 barrels Navy Beef, free of all cost and risk to the United States, at the Navy-yard at Brooklyn.

The beef must be from well-fattened cattle, and must conform as near as possible in quality to the standard as sumed for Navy Beef, and pass the usual inspection of the Navy-yard. The barrels must be according to the Navy standard.

Every offer must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation immediately, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the article proposed. This guarantee must be accompanied by the certificate of the United States District Judge, District-Attorney, Collector or Navy Agent, that the guarantors are able to make good their guarantee. No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee. Full particulars may be ascertained upon application to the Inspecting Officer at the Navy-yard.

The above beef must be furnished forthwith.

I. HENDERSON, Navy Agent.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 14, 1863.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M. on SATURDAY, the 21st instant, for supplying, for the use of the United States Army SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:

For delivery on 6th of April, 1863:

1,900 barrels first quality new MESS PORK, or PRIME MESS PORK, to be full salted, 200 pounds meat, in full-hooped oak barrels, with two iron hoops; meat to be free from rust or stain.

Bidders to state whether their *Prime Mess* is packed *strictly* in accordance with "Getty's directions," and if not, will please describe the cut and manner of packing, and will also state where five barrels can be seen, to be examined as a sample before accepting the bid, and to be retained until all shall be delivered.

860 barrels of first quality NEW EXTRA MESS BEEF.—The meat to be packed in full-hooped oak barrels, with two iron hoops.

Five barrels to be examined as a sample before accepting the bids, and to be retained until all shall be delivered.

76 barrels of first quality pickled BEEF TONGUES; 200 pounds of meat, in full-hooped oak barrels, with two iron hoops.

51,875 pounds of first quality *thoroughly cured* SMOKED HAMS. Proposers will state whether their Hams are pickled-cured or dry-salted, also their average weight.

6,000 pounds first quality SUGAR-CURED HAMS. The Hams to be delivered in bulk for inspection and packing, at such points in the cities of New-York or Brooklyn as may be designated.

2,904 barrels of first quality extra superfine Southern, St. Louis, or other brands of FLOUR, suitable for keeping in a warm climate. The barrels to be full head-lined, and bungs sealed when required.

2,556 bushels of first quality NEW WHITE BEANS, well seasoned and dry—to be packed in good, bright, well-coopered flour barrels, to be full head lined.

112,500 pounds of prime RICE, in clean, good, stout oak barrels, like samples to be seen at this office.

12,500 pounds of carefully selected TEA, in half chests, ⅓ Green, ⅓ Souchong, ⅓ Oolong; boxes to be well strapped, and in perfect order. Cargo and Chopmarks to accompany the usual samples. Bidders are requested to offer not more than two samples of each kind of Tea.

185,000 pounds of dry, light yellow COFFEE SUGAR, or choice dry NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR, barrels to be new and of the best in use for the purpose, and to be full head-lined.

11,570 GALLONS of the best quality of PURE VINEGAR, made only from Cider or Whisky, free from all foreign acids and injurious substances, and of a uniform strength, the Whisky Vinegar taking thirty-five grains bi-carbonate of potash to neutralize one fluid ounce, the Cider Vinegar as near the same strength as may be; to be put up in half-barrels of 22 gallons capacity, like samples at this office. Each proposal must state distinctly the kind and quality of Vinegar offered.

27,200 pounds best quality of ADAMANTINE CANDLES, to be 16 ounces to the pound, one-half sixes, the remainder twelves

51,250 pounds of good hard SOAP.

720 bushels of good, clean, dry, fine SALT, in strong, tight barrels and half barrels adapted to the purpose, with full head lining; sixty pounds to the bushel.

6,250 gallons good MOLASSES or SYRUP, in cypress half barrels, with pine heads, and at least four iron hoops.

750 gallons of superior BOURBON WHISKY; barrels to be of good seasoned white oak staves and heads; to have twelve wooden and four strong iron hoops, heads and iron hoops painted.

3,000 gallons of good common WHISKY, to be full first proof, according to the United States Custom-house standard; barrels to be of good seasoned white oak staves and heads; to have twelve wood and four strong iron hoops; heads and iron hoops painted.

POTATOES—Such quantity as may be required during the month of April; 60 pounds to the bushel, in good, ordinary, well coopered barrels.

For delivery on the 13th of April, 1863, the same quantity as above.

For delivery on the 20th of April, 1863, the same quantity as above.

For delivery on the 27th of April, 1863, the same quantity as above.

Proposals for different articles must be on separate sheets of paper.

Small samples to accompany proposals for all articles except meats.

Each bid must have a printed copy of this advertisement posted at its head, and must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guaranty of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guaranty that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed if required."

Bidders may propose for the whole or a part of any article.

Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors, *other than the party furnishing the provisions*, will be required for all the meats, certifying on the part of the seller their present quality and condition, and the immediately preceding inspection. The meats will also be examined and passed upon by Robert P. Getty, Inspector on the part of the United States. The seller's name, place of business, with date of purchase, is required on each package of every article.

The Flour will be inspected at the date of delivery, and compared with the retained samples, by Henry Shields, President Association Flour Inspectors, whose certificate will be required.

All the stores will be carefully inspected before their delivery, and compared with the retained samples. Returns of weights signed by a professional Public Weigher must be furnished whenever required.

Payment, as heretofore, to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Proposers, whose bids are not accepted, are requested to send for their samples on THURSDAY, 26th instant.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

A. B. EATON,
Colonel and A. C. G. S.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 48 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 2, 1863.

25TH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable to the stockholders on demand. JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 27, 1863.
"PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO., NO. 2," PRIOR TO 1853.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A dividend of One and a-half per Cent. (1½) from the undivided assets, will be paid to the Stockholders of the Company, by applying at No. 88 Wall-st.

WM. H. ASPINWALL, President.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 60 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 9, 1863.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of $3 per share, (Ten per Cent.,) free from Government tax, payable on demand. SAMUEL E. BELCHER, Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR THE STATES and Notary—No. 5 Beekman-st., over Park Bank—Room No. 8—2d floor.

MEDICAL.

THE GREAT INDIAN MEDICINES.

"CHEROKEE CURE."—An unfailing Specific for Seminal Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Impotency, Pains in the Back, Stone in the Bladder, and all nervous diseases caused by indiscretions of youth. One bottle, $2; three bottles, $5.

"CHEROKEE REMEDY" AND "CHEROKEE INJECTION."—These two medicines, used in conjunction—the first internally, the latter as its name implies—never fail to remove all improper discharges, in male or female. One bottle, $2; three bottles, $5.

"CHEROKEE PILLS," OR FEMALE REGULATOR.—One box, $1; six boxes, $5. Sent by mail, free of postage.

All of the above medicines sent by express, on receipt of price, by the sole proprietor,

DR. W. R. MERWIN, St. Louis, Mo.

D. S. BARNES & Co., No. 202 Broadway, New-York, wholesale agents, who will supply the trade at proprietor's prices.

COUGHS, ASTHMA, AND INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION ARE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Judged by the immense demand, this Universal Remedy now stands the first in public favor and confidence; this result has been acquired by the test of fifty years' experience. These Lozenges may be found on sale in every British Colony, and throughout India and China they have been highly esteemed wherever introduced. For Coughs, Asthma, and all affections of the Throat and Chest, they are the most agreeable and efficacious remedy.

Prepared and sold in boxes and tins of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, No. 79 St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Retail by all Druggists, &c., in the world.

N. B.—To prevent spurious imitations, please to observe that the words "Keating's Cough Lozenges" are engraved on the Government stamp of each box, without which none are genuine.

Sold in New-York by Messrs. Hegeman & Co., Joseph Horsey & Co., Druggists; and Mr. Theodore Metcalfe, Druggist, Boston.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840. N. B.—Those who have used their Preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 12 Laight-st., near Canal, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much-neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance, failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to DR. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st., the only place. Call, send or write.

MAD. RESTELL, FEMALE PHYSICIAN can be consulted, as usual, at No. 162 Chambers-st., or by letter, and medicine sent by mail. Her FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS are the only medicine married or single ladies can rely upon with safety and certainty. Price $1 a box. Sold at No. 162 Chambers-st., No. 127½ Liberty-st. and No. 403 Hudson-st., New-York. Can also be obtained at No. 214 Grand-st., Williamsburgh, and No. 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, or by mail. All other "Female Monthly Pills" are counterfeit.

N. B.—Ladies who desire to avail themselves of Madame RESTELL'S valuable, certain and safe mode of removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., &c., from whatever cause, without the use of medicine or instruments, can do so at one interview.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weaknesses, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

THE VIGOR OF YOUTH IS RESTORED by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE OR INVIGORATING ELIXIR, and Dr. Powers' Radical Pills or Physical Regenerator. Young man! Are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease resulting from secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence and Radical Pills briefly cure the very worst cases, while innocent of anything deleterious, and are warranted a never-failing cure. Prepared and sold by Dr. POWERS, No. 12 Laight-st., New-York. Afflicted, try them! They will certainly cure. Send for circular; read it carefully, and then you will send for the remedies.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H RICHARDSON, No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body; with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of 25 cts., in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

MAD. DESPARD'S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS are the only medicine married or single ladies can depend on with safety and certainty. Can be sent by mail to any part of the United States and Canadas. N. B.—Ladies who desire to avail themselves of Madame DESPARD'S valuable, certain and safe mode of removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., &c., without the use of medicine, can do so at one interview. Residence, No. 101 6th-av., opposite 8th-st.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, designed for purely legitimate purposes—to restore the menstrual fluid—and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office. No. 12 Laight-st., where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially day and evening.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. Beware of bogus Dr. Hunters. The City is full of knaves, up to every trick to rob Dr. HUNTER of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. He has no other office but No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1834.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DISEASES OF females exclusively treated by Dr. THIERS, No. 1,217 Broadway, (near 29th-st.,) New-York. Remedies for female derangements from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed in all cases. Consultations and letters strictly confidential. Patients from a distance provided with private board, nursing and exclusive attendance. Send stamp for circular, and escape quackery. Medicines sent per mail.

DRS. GRIFFIN, 258 GRAND-ST., N. Y. OPposite Lord & Taylor's, and 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are inserting full or partial sets of their improved Artificial Teeth, with or without extracting the roots; full sets on gold or platina, $25; on silver or rubber, $8; partial sets gold per tooth, $2; silver or rubber, $1; extracting, 25c.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the Howard Association—sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

SULPHUR AND VAPOR BATHS—ESTABlished in 1820.—The only genuine baths in the United States, at No 1 Carroll-place, Bleecker-st., corner of Laurens, for cure of rheumatism, mercurial affections, &c. Given daily by Dr. A. L. TIMOLAT & CO,

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has, for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb, unless his remedy is used. That is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some pitiful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. Its popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attacked it; and when they find their lies are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 15 three-cent stamps, 300 pages, 100 colored illustrations. The best work out.

SHIPPING.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
WALTER PATON, Commander,
Will be dispatched

FROM LIVERPOOL,		FROM NEW-YORK,	
SATURDAY	April 4	SATURDAY	April 25
TUESDAY	May 19	TUESDAY	June 9

FIRST CABIN, from........$95 to $135

Each berth, according to size, situation and accommodation of the State Rooms—all having the same privileges in the Saloons, and in regard to meals and attendance. Suites of apartments for families may be engaged by special agreement.

EXCURSION TICKETS, out and back, in the First Cabin only, a fare and a-half.

Servants accompanying passengers, and children under twelve years of age, half fare. Infants free.

SECOND CABIN—State Room berths, meals furnished at separate tables	$70
THIRD CABIN—Intermediate State Rooms, passengers found with beds, bedding, table utensils and good substantial food	$50
STEERAGE, with superior accommodations	$30

All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in United States Currency.

Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage. An experienced Surgeon on board.

For freight and passage, apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
At the office, No. 26 Broadway.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

AUSTRALASIAN, COOK, leaves New-York, Wednesday, March 25.
EUROPA, MUIR, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 1.
ASIA, SHANNON, leaves New-York, Wednes'y, April 8.
CANADA, GRACE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 15.
AFRICA, MOODIE, leaves New-York, Weds'y, April 22.
ARABIA, ANDERSON, leaves Boston, Weds'y, April 29.
PERSIA, LOTT, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 6.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

NEW-YORK AND WASHINGTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Now receiving Freight at PIER NO. 15 EAST RIVER, foot of Wall-st.

THE FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS

BALTIMORE	Capt. HENRY GALT,
SALVOR	Capt. E. BROOKS,
EMPIRE	Capt. A. HUNTER,

Will form a SEMI-WEEKLY LINE between NEW-YORK, WASHINGTON and GEORGETOWN, taking FREIGHT and PASSENGERS at low rates.

☞ Shippers can have their goods delivered by this line in LESS TIME, in BETTER CONDITION and at LOWER RATES than by any other route.

Apply to
JAMES HAND, Agent, No. 117 Wall-st.
MORGAN & RHINEHART, Washington, D. C.

FOR HAVANA.

To sail on
SATURDAY, March 21, at 3 P. M.,
The A No. 1 British steamship
MELITA,
Capt. GEORGE CORBETT,
Carrying the United States Mail,
Will sail as above,
From Pier No. 14, foot of Cedar-st., North River.

Price of passage (in current funds)........$60

For freight or passage apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
No. 26 Broadway, or at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

N. B.—The British steamship SHELDRAKE will follow the MELITA, and sail on or about the 4th of April. Experienced Surgeons attached to these steamers.

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL

FOR
BEAUFORT, N. C., AND PORT ROYAL, S. C.
ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY'S
NEW STEAMSHIP,
MARY SANFORD,
CAPT. MORRILL,

will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on SATURDAY, March 21, at 3 P. M., for Beaufort and Port Royal.

For freight or passage, apply at any of the Company's Offices, or at the principal office, No. 59 Broadway.

One of the Company's steamers will succeed the *Mary Sanford*, and sail on or about the 31st.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 59 Broadway.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer
ANGLO-SAXON,
Capt. GRAHAM, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Portland next
SATURDAY, March 21.

Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $81 and $67. Steerage, found with good provisions, $32 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York.

SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.

STEAMSHIPS TO
SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON,
OVER
NICARAGUA TRANSIT.

The steamship
AMERICA OR ILLINOIS
Will leave for GREYTOWN, to connect with steamship MOSES TAYLOR, at NOON,
On SATURDAY, April 25, 1863.

For freight or passage, apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren.

FOR NICARAGUA, C. A.

The Central American Transit Company will dispatch the next vessel of their freight line, to San Juan del Norte, on the 22d inst. The fine British brig
BOREAS,
will take in cargo at Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st.

For freight apply at the office of the Company, No. 82 Broadway, to JOHN E. BODY.

Also, on the 25th inst., the schooner
G. L. ADAMS.

FOR MATAMORAS,

THE FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP
TUBAL CAIN,
now due, will leave for the above port immediately upon her arrival from Havana. She insures at the lowest rate. For freight or passage, apply to
FAUSTO MORA, No. 11 Broad-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS.

New propeller, POCAHONTAS, 800 tons, will sail for New-Orleans, on FRIDAY, the 20th inst, at 3 P. M.

For freight, or passage (which is $65) apply to
RUSSELL STURGIS, No. 68 South-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR). The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York, and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE	Saturday	M'ch 21
EDINBURGH	Saturday	M'ch 28
ETNA	Saturday	April 4

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
Payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$32 50
First cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	35 50
First cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40 50
First cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37 50

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40. From Queenstown, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE British and North American Royal Mail steamship BRITISH QUEEN, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, March 2; SATURDAY, March 28.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

Payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Passports issued through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce naturalization certificates.

MEDICAL.

NO. 3.
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

ALL SUFFERERS FROM THE ABOVE complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use BLAIR'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.

Prepared in England by PROUT & HARSANT, and sold by WELLS & CO., Franklin-st., New-York, and most other medicine venders.

Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, 229, Strand, London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

Price 50 cents and $1 per box.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured. N. B.—Dr. C. is a qualified physician and surgeon, and a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New-York. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

PILES, PILES.—EXTERNAL OR INTERNAL, blind or itching, and the worst cases can at once be relieved and entirely cured by a new invention that holds them up, and, by its use, produces their absorption and completely removes them, or money refunded. Sent free by mail on receipt of $1. Sold by all druggists. Address Dr. W. H. HALL, No. 696 Broadway, New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.

Director........MAX MARETZEK

SIXTH GRAND OPERA NIGHT.
THIS FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 20,
When will be presented Donizetti's Opera of
LA FAVORITA,
With the following unexceptionable cast:

Leonora	MLLE. SULZER
Fernando	SIGNOR MAZZOLENI
King Alphonso	SIGNOR BELLINI
Balthazzar	SIGNOR BIACHI
Inez........Mme. Ficher	Don Gaspar..Signor Rubio
CONDUCTOR	Signor J. NUNO

NOTICE.—All tickets purchased for the sixth Opera night are good for this evening.

The box office will be open for the sale of secured seats and tickets THIS MORNING, at 8 o'clock, at the Academy of Music, Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

SEATS SECURED FOR ANY EVENING IN ADVANCE during the day or at the inside ticket office on the evenings of performance.

On SATURDAY, at 1 o'clock,
THIRD GRAND GALA MATINEE.
Positively only time of
UN BALLO IN MASCHERA,
WITH ITS EXTRAORDINARILY BRILLIANT CAST.
Admission to all parts of the house $1.
NO RESERVATION OF SEATS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

OPERA MATINEE.

Director........MAX MARETZEK

SATURDAY, March 21, at 1 o'clock,
THIRD GRAND GALA MATINEE,
on which occasion will be presented
UN BALLO IN MASCHERA,
with its unprecedentedly superb cast.
ADMISSION ONE DOLLAR
to all parts of the house.
NO RESERVATION OF SEATS.

Tickets of admission can be obtained at the regular ticket offices, and at all the principal music stores and hotels.

On MONDAY,
SEVENTH GRAND OPERA NIGHT.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.

A brilliant engagement in Boston, (at the Academy of Music,) obliges the management to announce to the public that this theatre will suspend performances for two weeks,

REOPENING TUESDAY, April 7.

SATURDAY, March 21, at 12½ P. M.,
MATINEE FRANCAISE.
UN GENTILHOMME PAUVRE.
Comedy in two acts, by M. Dumanoir.
Admission 50 cents. No reserved seats.

SATURDAY EVENING, March 21,
REPETITION OF THE GREAT SUCCESS,
NOS INTIMES,
(original of Bosom Friends.)
Comedie in four acts, by M. Victorien Sardou.
Doors open at 6¾, curtain raised at 7½ o'clock precisely.
Carriages can be ordered for 11¼ P. M.
Office for subscriptions and reserved seats,
H. DARDONVILLE, No. 623 Broadway.

THE NEW IDEA.

THE NEW IDEA.
No. 485 Broadway, Late Wallack's Theatre.
IMMENSE SUCCESS OF THE NEW IDEA.
IMMENSE SUCCESS OF THE NEW IDEA.
GO AND SEE GO AND SEE
THE GREAT ENTERTAINMENT FOR FAMILIES,
THE GREAT ENTERTAINMENT FOR FAMILIES,
THE GREAT ENTERTAINMENT FOR FAMILIES,
Consisting of
MINSTRELS, BALLET AND PANTOMIME.
Tickets, 25 cents to all parts of the house.
Performance commencing at 7¾; terminates at 10½.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM & ALBANY R. R. FOR ALBANY, TROY, NORTH AND WEST. Winter arrangement, commencing Monday, Nov. 17, 1862.

For Albany—10:30 A. M. Express Mail Train, from 26th-st. station. Returning, leave Albany at 10:30 A. M.

For all local trains, see time-table.

JOHN BURCHILL, Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—CHANGE OF TERMINUS.—Passenger Dépôt at James-slip and foot 34th-st., E. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing FRIDAY, Oct. 24, 1862. Leave New-York at 9 A. M., for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Orient and Hampton.

At 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Syosset.

At 4 P. M., for Hempstead.

At 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Islip.

On Sunday, a train leaves Hunter's Point (34th-st. Ferry) at 9 A. M., for Yaphank and intermediate stations, at excursion rates. Returning, leaves Yaphank at 3:36 P. M.

On Friday and Saturday nights, the 4 P. M. Islip train will run through to Greenport, returning Saturday and Monday mornings, at 4:15 A. M., arriving in New-York at 9:52 A. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS from foot of Chambers-st.:

7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
9 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
12:15 P. M.—Accommodation, daily, for Port Jervis.
3:30 P. M.—Way, for Middletown, Newburgh, and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua and principal stations. Train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
6 P. M.—Emigrant.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M., and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M., (Sundays included.)
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:30 P. M.	10:57 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILRoad.—On and after Monday, Feb. 2, the staunch steamer J. D. BEERS will leave New-York, foot of Murray-st., at 6 A. M., for Long Branch, Manchester and Atsion, there connecting with the Camden and Atlantic Railroad to Camden and other points on that road; at 4 P. M., for Long Branch, Red Bank, Manchester and intermediate stations.

NORTHERN R.R. OF N. JERSEY.—TRAINS leave Jersey City for Piermont and Monsey at 9:15 A. M. and 4:20 P. M.; for Piermont, 12:15 and 6:05 P. M.; on Mondays, 4:45 A. M. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

STEAMBOATS.

NEW STEAMER FOR NORWALK—Landing at Greenwich each way. On and after THURSDAY, March 19, 1863, the steamer
MONTPELIER,
will run daily, (Sundays excepted,) leaving Norwalk at 8 o'clock, A. M., Fulton Market slip, N. Y., at 1½ P. M., connecting with the Norwalk and Danbury Railroad each way. Fare, 50 cents. Excursion tickets, to and from New-York the same day, 75 cents. Freights taken at reasonable rates.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north from New-Haven at 11 o'clock P. M., or remain on board over night without charge.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of the application of the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, in the name and on behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the acquisition of lands for a
PUBLIC PARK OR PLACE.
Between the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixth-street and One Hundred and Tenth-street and the Fifth and Eighth avenues,
IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

We, the undersigned, Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit:

FIRST—That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons whose interests are affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to LUTHER BRADISH, Esq., our Chairman, at the Office of the Commissioners, No. 6 Wall-street, in this City, on or before the 23d day of February, 1863.

SECOND.—That the Abstract of the said Estimate and Assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates, and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's Office of the City and County of New-York, there to remain until the 31st day of March, 1863.

THIRD.—That the limits embraced by the Assesments aforesaid are as follows, to wit:

Bounded on the North by the southerly line of one hundred and twenty-fifth-street; on the East by a line running northerly and southerly between and equally distant from the second and third Avenues; on the South by the northerly line of Ninety-sixth-street; and on the West by a line running northerly and southerly between and equally distant from the Tenth and Eleventh Avenues.

Excluding therefrom the lands embraced within the following description: "Between the southerly side of one hundred and sixth-street and one hundred and tenth-street and the fifth and eighth Avenues."

And

FOURTH.—That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term thereof, to be held at the City Hall in the said City, on Tuesday, the 31st day of March, 1863, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

LUTHER BRADISH,
MICHAEL ULSHOEFFER,
SAMUEL B. RUGGLES,
Commissioners.

New-York, Jan. 20, 1863.

BANK DEPARTMENT STATE OF NEW-YORK,
ALBANY, March 11, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, PURSUANT to chapter 236, Laws of 1859, that the circulating notes issued to the Bowery Bank, of the City of New-York, will be redeemed at par by the Superintendent of the Banking Department, at the New-York State Bank, Albany, for (6) six years from this date, and not thereafter.

The outstanding circulating notes of said Bank must be presented as aforesaid for redemption within six years from the date of this notice, and all notes which shall not be thus presented for redemption and payment within the time thus specified will cease to be a charge upon the funds in the hands of the Superintendent for that purpose.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Superintendent.

m13-law6m.F.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN B. MONTGOMERY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of BEEBE, MONTGOMERY & CO., No. 97 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before FRIDAY, the 3d day of April next.—Dated New-York, Sept. 25, 1862.

RICHARD W. MONTGOMERY,
ANTHONY W. WINANS,
Executors.

s26-law6mF*

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager........Wm. Wheatley

SUCCESS, SUCCESS, SUCCESS.
HOUSES CROWDED, HOUSES CROWDED.
FRIDAY, March 20, FIFTH NIGHT OF
The Magnificent Operatic Spectacle of the
ENCHANTRESS.
The distinguished American Prima Donna,
MISS CAROLINE RICHINGS,
in her celebrated character of
STELLA, THE ENCHANTRESS.
The eminent artist,
MR. PETER RICHINGS,
in his original character of RAMIR, THE PIRATE,
And a cast of great excellence:

Don Sylvio	Mr. L. R. Shewell
Duke d'Aquila	Mr. Mordaunt
Dr. Mathanasius	Mr. E. Lamb
Mushroom	Mr. W. Lenox
Pambo Poucho	Mr. Geo. Andrews
Numba Jumba	Mr. C. W. Wilson
Busiris	Mr. J. W. Blaisdell

&c., &c., &c.
THE GRAND BALLET WITH
Mlle. ANNETTA GALETTI
as the SPIRIT OF GOOD,
Mme. MARZETTI, Mlle. KATRINE,
Signor RONZANI AS THE SPIRIT OF EVIL,
and a FULL CORPS
NEW SCENERY BY J. H. SELWYN.
BEAUTIFUL MUSIC BY BALFE AND DR. CUNNINGTON,

Rendered by an increased Orchestra and full Chorus, under the direction of Mr. HARVEY B. DODWORTH.

Brilliant Costumes (entirely new) under the immediate supervision of Mr. PETER RICHINGS, by Mons. PHILLIPPE and Assistants.

The EXTENSIVE MACHINERY by RUNYON & DEMILT.

THE PARAPHERNALIA, DECORATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS BY Mr. S. WALLIS.

SEATS SECURED THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE.

Box book open from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

With the exception of the Press, no free list.

Doors open at 7: commence at a quarter to 8 o'clock.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.

Doors open at 7: performance begins at 7¾.
FIFTH NIGHT
OF MISS LAURA KEENE'S FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT.
LAST NIGHT
of the highly successful comedy of
NO REST FOR THE WICKED,
with all its fine cast and scenery, &c.
FRIDAY EVENING, March 20,
will be played for the last time in this theatre,
NO REST FOR THE WICKED.

Mons. Genet, the wicked	Mr. Blake
Mons. Fernand, the gay	Mr. C. Walcot, Jr.
Mons. Ponaire, the jealous	Mr. Stuart Robson
Mons. Courtaine, the sleepy	Mr. Stoddart
Mons. Castelle, the cold	Mr Marlowe
Mons. Montar, the henpecked	Mr. Rouse
Antoine, (valet to Genet,)	Mr. Peters
Mme. Fernand, the loving	MISS LAURA KEENE
Mme. Bidant, the austere	Mrs. Robertson
Mme. Clari Genet, the confiding	Miss Laura Leigh
Mme. Montar, the vixen	Miss Tyrrel
Annette	Miss Everett
Maid	Miss Henry

TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) EVENING,
RACHEL, THE REAPER,
With Miss KEENE as RACHEL, for the last time in this theatre.

On Monday evening—An entirely new piece, written expressly for Miss Keene, entitled
JESSIE McLANE,
will be produced with an immense cast, new scenery and novel effects.

COTOPAXI.

THE GREAT VOLCANO OF THE ANDES, painted by F. E. CHURCH, ON EXHIBITION AT GOUPIL'S No. 772 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

BANVARD'S PANORAMAS WILL SOON CLOSE.—Those who have not seen the four great panoramas—the Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio and the War, must do so soon, as they will shortly close. Exhibited EVERY EVENING at 7½, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 3 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents. Children 15 cents.

LECTURES.

LECTURE

BY REV. SAMUEL B. BELL,
Of California, at the South Congregational Church, corner of Court and President sts., Brooklyn,
On TUESDAY EVENING,
March 24, 1863, at 8 o'clock.
Subject:
Men, and Women, too.

Tickets 25 cents; for sale at the door, or at Dr. Chadwick's drug-store, opposite.

FASCINATION.—PROF. BRITTAN WILL GIVE the twentieth lecture of his present course, illustrated by interesting and amusing experiments upon persons selected from the audience, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at Stuyvesant Institute, No. 659 Broadway, at 8 o'clock. Admission 15 cents.

DRY GOODS.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

MAKE YOUR PURCHASES OF
CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS
AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT.

Having completed our orders and contracts previous to the recent important advances, we still continue to offer our entire stock of new Spring styles at less than importers' and manufacturers' prices.

Call early if you want
CHOICE STYLES AT A BARGAIN.
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 456 Broadway, near Grand-st.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

AT NO. 11 WARREN-ST.
2,000 DOZEN BLACK JOUVIN
KID GLOVES,
Elegantly Embroidered in White, Magenta and Solferino.
JUST RECEIVED,
which I guarantee to sell less than any other Importer in the United States.
GEORGE B. ENGLISH,
No. 11 Warren-st.

REMOVAL.

FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE, EIGHT HUNDRED AND FIFTY-EIGHT (858) BROADWAY, between 13th and 14th sts., second floor. Constantly on hand, a large Stock of India, Chinese, Japanese and American Indian Goods—such as Lutongs, Pongees, Seersuckers, Crapes, black and colored Pineapple Goods, Bandana, Madras and Grass Handkerchiefs, new Canton Tea Sets, Dishes, Vases, Tea Poys, Camphorwood Trunks, Curiosities, Antiquities, &c., wholesale and retail. A fine assortment of French Fans by every packet.

AT DE PERCIVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY.—All kinds of Children's Cloaks, Dresses, Blankets, Sacks, Corsets, Chemises, Infants' Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Baskets, &c., &c.; Ladies' Embroidered Chemises and Nightgowns, Yokes; Ladies' ready-made under-garments, fluted handkerchiefs, &c. Initials and coats-of-arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen and bed-clothes. Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order. Stamping for embroideries and braiding executed perfectly. Fluting for dress trimmings; laces done up like new.

PER STEAMER—JUST RECEIVED,
English Felt and Tweeds Hats and Caps,
London made.
JACKSON & PURDY,
No. 647 Broadway.

MME. DEMOREST'S GRAND SPRING opening of elegantly trimmed life size paper models of Paris fashions, for ladies' and children's dress, No. 473 Broadway, and all the branches. Spring number of the Mirror of Fashions ready March 10.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

ALTHAUSE IRON WORKS, No. 199 WOOSTER-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 2, 1863.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name of S. B. ALTHAUSE'S SONS, is this day dissolved by its own limitation.

J. J. ALTHAUSE,
S. B. ALTHAUSE.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name of S. B. ALTHAUSE & CO., and will continue the above business at No. 199 Wooster-st. till May 1, and after that date at No. 144 Greene-st., near Houston-st.

J. J. ALTHAUSE,
S. B. ALTHAUSE,
E. P. LEONARD.

NEW-YORK, March 2, 1863.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL, NEW-YORK.

THE FIRM OF MUIRHEID & CLARKE has this day been mutually dissolved by the retiring of W. MUIRHEID from same firm.

W. MUIRHEID.
B. G. CLARKE.

The business in future will be conducted by B. G. CLARKE and W. G. SCHENCK, who solicit a share of the patronage the house has so long enjoyed.

B. G. CLARKE.
W. G. SCHENCK.

MARCH 17, 1863.

NEW-YORK, No. 46 EXCHANGE-PLACE, Feb. 28, 1863.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF L. W. JEROME & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

LEONARD W. JEROME,
W. H. McVICKAR.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.

PRIZE MEDALS OF THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS, LONDON, 1851 AND 1862.

EVANS & STEVENS,

Manufacturers of Surgical Instruments to the English Army and the Honorable Council of India, patentees of the Rotary Trephine and Propelling Vaccinator, and sole makers of Evans' celebrated London-made Crown Lancets,

No. 12 OLD FISH-STREET,
ST. PAUL'S, LONDON.

Surgical Equipments, containing every requisite for field service, prepared under the personal supervision of a member of the firm, who, from his own experience with the English army during the whole of the Crimean campaign, can guarantee their completeness.

A large assortment of Surgical Instruments and appliances always in stock, and can be supplied at the lowest prices compatible with excellence of material and workmanship, in which particulars they cannot be surpassed.

ASTROLOGY.

LOOK HERE.—MME. ROSS, DOCTRESS AND Astrologist, was born with a natural gift. She tells past and future, shows likeness of future husband or absent friend; lucky numbers free. No. 78 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Begins at 8. Over before 11.
THIS EVENING, (FRIDAY,)
LAST TIME,
(In consequence of forthcoming novelties,) Bulwer's legitimate play,
MONEY,
WITH A SPLENDID CAST.

Alfred Evelyn	Mr. Lester Wallack
Benjamin Stout, Esq, M. P	Mr. Gilbert
Graves	Mr. Charles Fisher
Sir John Vesey, Bart	Mr. Mark Smith
Lord Glossmore	Mr. Reynolds
Sir Frederick Blount	Mr. Floyd
Captain Dudley Smooth	Mr. Norton
Sharpe	Mr. Browne
Toke	Mr. Parsloe
Tabouret	Mr. Parkes
Grab	Mr. Turner
Clara Douglass	Mrs. Hoey
Lady Franklin	Miss Fanny Morant
Georgiana Vesey	Miss Henriques
The new scenery by	Mr. Isherwood
The orchestra directed by	Mr. Stoepel

SATURDAY—(second time,)
SPRING AND AUTUMN,
WITH
SKETCHES IN INDIA.

MONDAY—
THE FINE OLD ENGLISH GENTLEMAN
AND
AMERICANS IN PARIS.

TUESDAY—(eighth time,) HENRIETTE.

WEDNESDAY—ERNESTINE AND THE LITTLE TREASURE.

THURSDAY—(third time,) THE BUSY-BODY.

FRIDAY—FAINT HEART NEVER WON FAIR LADY, and THE YOUTHFUL QUEEN.

SATURDAY, by universal desire, the popular and charming comedy of the
IRISH HEIRESS.

Box book open for any of the above evenings, from 8 to 4.

A NEW COMEDY, in four acts, with new and elegant scenery and decorations, and a most
POWERFUL CAST,
will be produced forthwith.

ROBERT GOLDBECK'S

GRAND ORCHESTRAL AND VOCAL CONCERT,
AT IRVING HALL,
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 21, 1863,
On which occasion will be produced
GOLDBECK'S NEW SYMPHONY,
VICTORIA;
PEACE, STRUGGLE AND TRIUMPH.

Mr. GOLDBECK will be assisted by
THE NEW-YORK GERMAN LIEDERKRANZ,
Messrs. S. B. MILLS, WM. MASON, THEODORE THOMAS, and the members of the PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

N. B.—Mr. S. B. MILLS, the Pianist, will perform (in combination with the orchestra,) Goldbeck's Morceaux Symphoniques, "IDYLLE" and "SCENE DE CHASSE," which were so favorably received last year at the Philharmonic concerts.

Tickets are now for sale at $1 each, at Messrs. Scharfenberg & Luis, No. 769 Broadway; Beer & Schirmer, No. 701 Broadway, and Schubert & Co., No. 98 Spring-st.

NOTICE—Tickets issued for the 27th of February will be good for March the 21st.

FIFTH-AVENUE SKATING POND.

Season Tickets for a Gentleman and Two Ladies	$10 00
Single Tickets for a Gentleman	5 00
Ladies' Tickets	2 50
Minors under 15 years of age	3 00

Apply at the Principal Office, No. 474 Broadway, and at the Pond, 58th-st. and 5th-av.

INSTRUCTION.

STAMFORD, CONN.—MISS TUCKER REceives young ladies to educate, assisted by German and French resident governesses, and by eminent Professors from New-York.

The Spring Term opens on Wednesday, April 8, and continues fifteen weeks.

REFERENCES.

Rt. Rev. JOHN WILLIAMS, D. D., Assistant Bishop of Connecticut, Middletown, Conn.
Rev. W. MITCHELL, Rector, Stamford, Conn.
Rev. JOHN LORD, Stamford, Conn.
Rev. J. G. BARTON, of the Free Academy, New-York.
Ex-Gov. HAWLEY, Stamford, Conn.
Ex-Gov. MINER, Stamford, Conn.
Capt. W. SKIDDY, Stamford, Conn.
T. DAVENPORT, Esq., Stamford, Conn.
J. FERGUSON, Esq., Stamford, Conn.; &c., &c.
FRANCIS SKIDDY, Esq., New-York.
GEO. W. QUINTARD, Esq., New-York.
G. HEINEKEN, Esq., New-York.
E. QUINTARD, Esq., New-York; &c., &c.
For terms, &c., apply to the Principal.

DEERPARK INSTITUTE, PORTJERVIS, ORANGE CO., N. Y.—Fifteen weeks from April 1, to the close of the year. Location exceedingly beautiful and healthy. Superior advantages for music. For circulars address the Principal, Rev. J. H. NORTHRUP. Rev. E. S. PORTER, D. D., a patron of the school, says in his paper, the *Christian Intelligencer*:

"Deerpark Institute, at Port Jervis, Orange Co., on the line of the Erie Railroad, is in all respects worthy of the confidence and patronage of parents having daughters to be educated. The building is of brick, large, well-furnished, and well-arranged. The board is better than is usually had in public institutions, and the care which the young ladies receive is constant, kind and judicious.

For personal and private reasons we recently rode up to Port Jervis, and made a thorough inspection of the Institute, its interior economy, and everything belonging to it; and freely and cordially say that in all the essentials of a good boarding-school for young ladies, it merits, as it has received, the confidence of parents."

THE MESSRS. AND MRS. MANSFIELD, Principals of the ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, Nyack, will be happy to see their friends and patrons at the St. Nicholas Hotel, on SATURDAY, March 21, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M. Persons desiring to make arrangements to enter the Institute at the opening of the Spring Term, March 26, will please call.

C. C. MARSH, AUTHOR OF THE POPULAR Works on Book-keeping, continues to give private lessons in
BOOK-KEEPING AND BUSINESS AFFAIRS,
At his rooms, No. 596 Broadway.

TERMS—For a short course of practice and instruction in double entry, with mercantile calculations, $25; for extra and finished course do. do., $40. Circulars on application.

MISS AIKEN'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, STAMFORD, CONN.—The Spring Term opens April 1, and continues thirteen weeks. The Circular of the school contains full particulars in regard to terms, advantages, course of study, etc., and may be had by application to the Principal, or to Dr. Weisse, (a Professor in the school,) No. 30 West 15th-st.

REFERENCE.—Rev. Robert R. Booth, Mercer-st. Church

SUMMIT SEMINARY, SUMMIT, N. J.—A family boarding-school for twenty-five boys. WM. B. STOUGHTON, Principal; Rev. GEO. N. SLEIGHT, Rector. Circulars may be obtained at Ivison, Phinney & Co.'s book-store, Nos. 48 and 50 Walker-st., or W. D. Smith's, No. 1 Ann-st.

ALONZO FLACK, A. M., PRINCIPAL OF Hudson River Institute at Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y., offers board and tuition for 14 weeks for $47. Term opens April 17, (both sexes;) 14 teachers; 60 Cadets in Military Department; superior Commercial College. Write for the new catalogue.

REV. BENJAMIN W. DWIGHT, (FORMerly of Brooklyn,) opens a School for Boys at No. 1,142 Broadway, near 26th-st., on April 13, 1863. Send for circulars to his residence, No. 4 East 30th-st.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The Fiftieth Semi-annual Session will commence Nov. 1. For circulars address the Principal,
D. S. ROWE, A. M.

TEACHERS.

"AMER. SCHOOL INST.," 1855,

Is a reliable and efficient Educational Agency
For giving parents information of good schools;
For supplying schools and families with the best teachers;
For aiding teachers in finding suitable positions;
For selling, renting and exchanging school properties.

TEACHERS WANTED.—Lady for English, piano and drawing for Boston family, which goes to the sea shore in Summer; salary is liberal, and the candidate must be first-class; lady for piano, singing, English and *French spoken*, for first-class family on the Hudson; salary liberal; graduate of West Point for military drill and mathematics; gentleman for partner in a good school near New-York; lady for piano, singing and drawing, in a school; personal interview required within four days; gentleman for classics and natural sciences, in a boarding-school; Professor of music for Western Female College; lady for French and music in Central New-York; salary moderate; French lady for school in Pennsylvania; lady for English, German and French, near City; lady as Principal of Female Department of Public School on Long Island; good penmanship required; German lady for City family; French lady for music, near Philadelphia; lady for English, drawing and piano, *Maryland*; gentleman for City boarding-school; must be good disciplinarian, and good English scholar; salary $700; gentleman for classics and piano, *New-Jersey*; lady for piano, drawing and French, in select school near City; lady for *French* and music, for Philadelphia; salary liberal, and candidate must be superior; gentleman to take on his own account first-class academy in New-York State; also, one for Pennsylvania. G. S. WOODMAN & CO., Educational Agents, Irving Building, No. 596 Broadway.

TEACHER WANTED.—THE PRINCIPAL OF a Boys' School requires an assistant. He must be competent to teach French. A Frenchman would be preferred, if a disciplinarian, but an American would be accepted, if possessing the necessary qualifications. To the right man a desirable and permanent situation is offered. Address PRINCIPAL, Box No. 320, Brooklyn, N. Y.

AS TEACHER.—A GERMAN LADY, EDUcated in France, experienced in teaching, wishes a reëngagement as French teacher, or for the instruction of the English branches and music. Best references given. Apply to B. S., Belleville Post office, N. J., Box No. 12.

AS TEACHER.—AN EXPERIENCED ENGLISH teacher wishes to give instruction in his own language to French or Spanish gentlemen. Private lessons given when required. Also, lessons in book-keeping and mathematics. Apply to A. BOURSAND, No. 84 South-st., New-York.

AS TEACHER.—A YOUNG PARISIAN LADY desires a situation as teacher in a school or private family. The highest references given and required. Address C. B., Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER, FOR an industrial school. A lady who has taught in a public school would be preferred. She must be a good singer, a thorough disciplinarian, and a pious lady, of a missionary spirit. None need apply except they have these qualifications. Address or call, between 3 and 5 P. M., on Mrs. S. B. JENKINS, No. 291 Cumberland-st., Brooklyn.

AS GOVERNESS OR COMPANION.—A young lady wishes a situation as governess or companion in a family; she is experienced in teaching French, German, Latin and Drawing, the higher English branches, &c.; excellent references. Address A. B. C., Brooklyn Post-office, Brooklyn, L. I.

WANTED—A TEACHER FOR A SELECT School in this State. Apply at No. 7 Chatham-square.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

LAST WEEK OF
LAST WEEK OF
LAST WEEK OF
LITTLE MINNIE WARREN,
LITTLE MINNIE WARREN,
LITTLE MINNIE WARREN,
THE EMPRESS OF BEAUTY.

This smallest, most beautiful and fascinating specimen of petite humanity, will be on exhibition at all hours, for only a few days more, in company with

COMMODORE NUTT, THE $30,000 NUTT,
COMMODORE NUTT, THE $30,000 NUTT,
the two together making by far
THE SMALLEST PAIR OF HUMAN BEINGS
ever seen on the face of the globe—smaller, even, than
GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE,
GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE.
ONLY A FEW DAYS LONGER
of those wonders of the world, whose astounding performances are absolutely beyond belief, the
MALE AND FEMALE ARAB GYMNASTS.
MALE AND FEMALE ARAB GYMNASTS.
MALE AND FEMALE ARAB GYMNASTS
JUGGLERS, ACROBATS AND CONTORTIONISTS.

They will appear at each performance, at 3 and 7½ o'clock, at which time will also be enacted the
NEW MILITARY DRAMA,
NEW MILITARY DRAMA,
NEW MILITARY DRAMA,
NEW MILITARY DRAMA,
with splendid scenery, music and mechanism, entitled
THE ROLL OF THE DRUM,
in which the entire company appear.

Mr. HARRISON, COMIC IMPROMPTU SINGER, appears at each performance in his inimitable songs. Also,
MASTER ROBERT HENRY HENDERSHOOT,
HERO DRUMMER BOY,
HERO DRUMMER BOY,
HERO DRUMMER BOY,
the first to cross the Rappahannock at Fredericksburgh.

Also to be seen,
THE GREAT LIVING HIPPOPOTAMUS,
or River Horse, from the River Nile, in Egypt.
THREE BEAUTIFUL ANGEL FISH,
with large Speckled Brook Trout, and other living Fish, swimming in the
CRYSTAL PONDS OF OCEAN AND RIVER WATER
in the Grand Aquarium. Also,
THE LEARNED MUSICAL SEAL, NED!
which plays tunes upon a musical instrument! THE GREAT ROARING BLACK SEA LION; WHAT IS IT? ALBINO FAMILY; BEAR SAMSON; MONSTER SNAKES; HAPPY FAMILY; WAX FIGURES, &c.

☞ SATURDAY NEXT—THREE PERFORMANCES, in order to accommodate the crowd, which is so large, as the time approaches for Miss Minnie Warren's departure.

Admission 25 cents; children under ten, 15 cents.

WINTER GARDEN.

Second night of the popular American Comedian,
MR. D. SETCHELL.
On THIS EVENING, (Friday,) March 20,
the beautiful and brilliant comedienne,
MRS. JOHN WOOD,
will appear, for the first time this season at this theatre, having most generously volunteered for
THE BENEFIT
OF
MESSRS. WALTER LENNOX AND J. RAYMOND,
in her favorite character of
GERTRUDE,
In
THE LOAN OF A LOVER,
in which she will introduce a variety of her most popular songs.

Peter Spyke	Mr. J. Raymond

Which will be preceded by the celebrated drama of
DOMBEY AND SON,
adapted from Dickens' beautiful story.
MR. SETCHELL
In his celebrated character of
CAPTAIN CUTTLE.
To conclude with
SLASHER AND CRASHER.

Slasher	Mr. Walter Lennox
Crasher	Mr. J. Raymond.

MONDAY, March 23,
MISS LUCILLE WESTERN.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,

No. 204 Fifth-avenue, New-York;
No. 137 Montague-street, Brooklyn.
Open for the reception of pupils, who can commence at any time.

MUSICAL.

WM. B. BRADBURY'S

FIRST-CLASS PIANO-FORTES.
427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.—427.

In withdrawing from the late partnership of Lighte & Bradburys, and by the purchase of the interest of one of the former partners, the subscriber has been enabled to secure

SPLENDID STOCK

of elegant piano-fortes, of the most thorough workmanship, beautiful tone, elastic touch, and perfect finish in all respects. These instruments he is now enabled to offer to cash customers at a trifling advance upon old rates, notwithstanding every kind of piano-forte material has advance from 20 to 60 per cent. The profession and the public are invited to examine. Every instrument FULLY WARRANTED.

WM. B. BRADBURY,
No 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.,
one block east of Broadway, New-York.

GREAT TRIUMPH.

STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., N. Y., have been awarded a first-prize medal at the Great International Exhibition, London, "for powerful, clear brilliant and sympathetic tone, with excellent workmanship, as shown in grand and square pianos."

There were 269 pianos from all parts of the world entered for competion; and the special correspondent of the New-York *Times* says:

"Messrs. Steinway's indorsement by the Jurors is emphatic, and stronger and more to the point than that of any European maker."

RAVEN & BACON,

Manufacturers of Grand and Square Piano Fortes, Wareroom No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, N. Y. The long experience and the many facilities we possess enable us to produce instruments unsurpassed by any other establishment. Our personal attention is given to the construction, improvement and introduction of all essential changes that may be required to make a perfect piano forte. Purchasers are invited to call and examine our large assortment of pianos which we are now offering on favorable terms. Descriptive circulars sent by mail.

THE HORACE WATERS MODERN IMproved overstrung bass full iron-frame pianos, are built of the best and most thoroughly seasoned materials. The tone is deep, round, full and mellow; the touch elastic. Each piano warranted for five years. Prices from $150 to $700.

TESTIMONIALS.

The Horace Waters Pianos are known as among the very best.—*Evangelist.*

Waters' pianos and melodeons challenge comparison with the finest made anywhere.—*Home Journal.*

NEW 7 OCTAVE PIANOS, of different makers, from $160 to $225. Second-hand pianos from $40 to $150.

WATERS' MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS, rosewood cases, tuned the equal temperament, with the patent divided swell. Prices from $50 to $200.

New and second-hand pianos and melodeons to let; monthly payments received for same. Instruments tuned.

HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 481 Broadway.

PIANOS.—A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF Pianos, at the new warerooms of HAINES BROS., No. 758 Broadway, just below Stewart's new store. These instruments embrace all the late improvements, overstrung bass, full iron frame, all made of the very best seasoned materials, and are now acknowledged to be equal to any made for depth and purity of tone, and are fully warranted for five years.

N. B.—First-class pianos to rent, and rent allowed if purchased within one year.

HAINES BROS., No. 758 Broadway, New-York.

REAL PROGRESS.—MRS. PAIGE'S ENTIREly New Method of Teaching the Use of the Pianoforte and Singing is far superior to any other. The labor of years can be accomplished in weeks, and the pupils interested from the first. It can be easily adapted for family groups, as may be arranged; and, in some especial cases, by correspondence. It can be used by other teachers, after being duly qualified by the inventor. Address JAMES CONNER & CO.'S Agency, No. 614½ Broadway, New-York.

MASON AND HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS, HARMONIUMS AND MELODEONS.—Price $60 to $500 each. Written testimony from the most eminent organists and musicians of New-York City and elsewhere, that these are the best instruments of their class in the world, may be seen at the New-York Warerooms, Nos. 5 and 7 Mercer-st., New-York.

MASON BROTHERS.

A MAGNIFICENT 7 1-4 OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE FOR SALE—Fully guaranteed; all modern improvements, overstrung bass, French action, made to order, cost $600, for $275, including stool and cover. Inquire at No. 48 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO., PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS—No. 421 Broome-st., second block east of Broadway. Mr. F. C. LIGHTE was the senior partner and only practical piano-forte maker of the late firm of LIGHTE & BRADBURYS. Pianos for sale and to let.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS—First-class, for sale low, to let, or by installments. PELOUBET HARMONIUMS, the nearest approach to an organ, in great variety, $80 to $400. J. M. PELTON, Nos. 841 and 843 Broadway, New-York.

PIANOS LOW FOR CASH.—SEVEN-OCTAVE pianos, superior in richness, depth and brilliancy of tone, with light, powerful and elastic touch, iron frames, overstrung bass, from $175 to $250. Also, durable second-hand pianos. J. G. DAVIES, No. 467 Broome-st.

GEORGE STECK'S INIMITABLE GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES.—Manufactory and warerooms, No. 113 Walker-st., corner of Centre, New-York. Every Piano warranted for five years.

MEETINGS.

VETERAN CORPS OF THE WAR OF 1812, will meet at the Bounty Land Office, No. 4 City Hall-Place, on FRIDAY, March 20, at 3 o'clock P. M., on business relative to your claims for the return of clothing and equipments you furnished in the war of 1812, '13-'14, now before our Legislature.

H. RAYMOND, Brig.-General.
ABM. DALLY, Colonel.
ISAAC M. PHYFE, Adjutant.

CHURCH CHOIR UNION.—THE SECOND Public Service will be held in Trinity Chapel, 25th-st., on SATURDAY, 21st inst., at 3½ P. M. Rev. WM. STAUNTON will preach. The public are invited. Clergymen and Choirs will assemble in the Sunday School Rooms at 3 o'clock. Rehearsal of Choirs on FRIDAY at 4 P. M.

NEW-YORK CORN EXCHANGE.—THE annual election of this Corporation for thirteen Trustees, and three Inspectors for the next ensuing year, will be held at the Exchange Room, No. 17 South-st., on Monday, April 6, 1863. Polls open from 1 to 2 P. M.

IMPORTANT FROM THE MISSISSIPPI.

Intelligence from the Yazoo Pass Expedition.

A Rebel Battery at the Junction of the Tallahatchie and Yallabusha Rivers.

AN ALL DAY BOMBARDMENT.

Sixty-four Shots Received by the Gunboat Chillicothe.

LOSSES ACKNOWLEDGED BY THE REBELS.

The Lake Providence Canal Completed.

THE REBEL GUNBOAT WEBB DISABLED.

REPORTS RECEIVED IN ST. LOUIS,

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, March 19.

A special dispatch to the *Democrat* from Memphis, says, intelligence has been received from the Yazoo expedition up to Saturday last. The fleet consisted of the *Chillicothe, Baron de Kalb*, five gunboats of the Mosquito fleet and eighteen transports.

At the town of Greenwood, at the confluence of the Tallahatchie and Yallabusha Rivers, on Thursday evening, the *Chillicothe* was fired upon by a battery of five heavy guns. The firing was continued all day on Friday, and a few shots were exchanged on Saturday morning. *The result is not yet known.* The *Chillicothe* received sixty-four shots, one of which, entering a port-hole, killed three and wounded fourteen men.

Besides the Greenwood battery, the enemy is said to be strongly fortified at Yazoo City and Manchester. At last accounts our fleet was three miles above the junction of the Tallahatchie and Yallabusha Rivers, 200 miles from Helena, and 150 from Yazoo City.

Dispatches from the Vicksburgh fleet of the 11th say that the Lake Providence canal was completed, and water would be let in in about a week.

The rebel gunboat *Webb* was lying close to the shore at Vicksburgh. She was supposed to be in a sinking condition.

REPORTS RECEIVED IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Thursday, March 19.

A special dispatch, dated Memphis, 18th, says:

"Intelligence from the Yazoo Pass expedition, to Saturday morning last, is received. The fleet consisted of the *Chillicothe, De Kalb*, five small gunboats of the mosquito fleet, and eighteen transports. The *Chillicothe*, in the advance, came upon a rebel battery of five large guns at Greenwood, at the confluence of the Tallahatchie and Yallabusha rivers. The fight only ceased at dark—the battery and the *Chillicothe* fighting all of Friday. The *Chillicothe* received sixty-four shots, one of which entered a port-hole killing three and wounding fourteen persons. On Saturday morning but few shots had been fired. The *Chillicothe* was said to be short of ammunition.

Beside the Greenwood battery, the enemy are said to be strongly fortified at Yazoo City and Manchester.

The fleet at last accounts was three miles above the junction of the Tallahatchie and Yallabusha Rivers, 200 miles from Helena, and 150 from Yazoo City."

REPORTS RECEIVED IN CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, March 19.

Special dispatches from Memphis announce that the Yazoo Pass expedition had met with a check. On Friday last the gunboat *Chillicothe* encountered a rebel battery at the junction of the Yallabusha and Tallahatchie rivers. The fight lasted all day. One shot from the battery entered a port-hole of the *Chillicothe*, killing four persons and wounding fourteen. The *Chillicothe* received sixty-four shots and was damaged seriously.

REBEL REPORTS.

Richmond papers, of the 16th, have this paragraph:

Fort Pemberton, at the mouth of the Tallahatchie River, was bombarded on the 13th inst. We have lost some valuable gunners, and a few others. Our loss is not heavy.

AFFAIRS IN THE WEST.

Soldiers Destroying a "Copperhead" Organ—Deserters to be Arrested.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, March 19.

The *Gazette's* Indianapolis special says, on the arrival of the Cincinnati train a party of soldiers seized and destroyed a package of Cincinnati *Enquirers*. Gen. CARRINGTON arrested the soldiers, and paid the agent for the copies destroyed.

OSGOOD & SMITH's peg and last factory at Indianapolis has been destroyed by fire; loss $15,000; insured for $5,000 in two companies.

Infantry were sent into Noble County, Ohio, yesterday, to arrest deserters. It is reported that the citizens have organized to resist them, and trouble is anticipated.

The Kentucky Convention—Capture of a Railroad Train.

LOUISVILLE, Thursday, March 19.

The Convention has nominated JOSHUA F. BELL for Governor, and RICHARD T. JACOB for Lieutenant-Governor.

Resolutions affirming the principles embodied in the joint resolutions on Federal affairs by the Assembly—agreeing to devote our whole resources to crushing the rebellion; opposing foreign mediation; denouncing the acts of the "Southern Confederacy" in Kentucky, and requesting the Federal and State Government to defend Kentucky against invasion, were unanimously adopted.

The train leaving here this morning is reported captured at Woodburn with Gen. BRANNON aboard. Severe fighting is said to have occurred. Further particulars are unattainable to-night.

The New-Jersey $200,000 Loan.

TRENTON, N. J., Thursday, March 19.

The bids for the $200,000 loan were opened to-day. A very large number were made from different parts of the country, amounting in the aggregate to about $400,000. Sales were made in various amounts, and at different premiums, averaging 13 per cent.

New Counterfeit.

PORTLAND, Me., Thursday, March 19.

Five $500 bills on the Central Bank of Worcester, Mass., were changed at different banks in this city to-day, under suspicious circumstances, by a stranger, who could not afterward be found. It is supposed they have been obtained by fraud, or are possibly counterfeits.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

The Salt Question—Gas in Brooklyn—A Suspicious Bill—The Stage Interest Broadway Railroad—The Cross-Town Railroad—Anti-Gold Speculation, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Thursday, March 19.

The salt question, which engaged so much of the time of the last, and has been one of so much interest at the present session, has, it is believed, been so thoroughly canvassed as to leave little or no doubt that it would be unjust as well as impolitic to impose an additional tax on the manufacture of salt. I understand that the Committee of Ways and Means, to whom was referred back the bill reported by Mr. ANDRUS, have, after a second hearing, and mature deliberation, concluded not to press the measure. The impolicy of such a measure at this time is generally concurred in. The testimony taken before the Standing Committee having charge of the subject generally, would seem to leave little doubt on this point, especially in view of the growing, not to say alarming, competition of the Saganaw Works. I think it may be safely concluded, therefore, that the question is settled, at least for the present session.

The House, after a protracted discussion, has passed the bill providing that no gas company in the City of Brooklyn shall charge more than one rate for gas. The case is this: The old company for many years had its own way, and became a monopoly. The new company was organized, and it proceeded to lay its pipes, thus proposing and inviting competition. A reduction of the price of gas by the old company, in such parts of the city as the new company supplied or proposed to supply with gas, was the immediate and necessary result. The public had the benefit. This competition went on for two or three years, when the new Company, finding that it could make no money, comes to the Legislature for a law practically to compel the old Company, which, in such parts of the city where there is no competion, adhere to its old rates, to charge the same all over the city, to the end that the new Company may do the same thing. In other words, it is proposed to legislate back the old rates for both Companies, which would raise the price of gas one hundred per cent. in more than half of the city, deprive the community of the result of the competition for which the new Company was organized and from which it now asks to be protected. The principle is wrong and at variance with the public welfare. The Senate will be likely to give the subject closer attention than it received in the House.

There has for some time been on the Assembly files an innocent-looking little bill of seven lines, with an inexpressive title, amendatory of "An act to confirm and make valid a certain ordinance of the Common Council of the City of New-York, passed Nov. 27, 1855," so that the Comptroller may pay certain contractors for filling in certain streets. The money now proposed to be paid directly from the City Treasury, by the law of 1855, was directed to be paid by assessment on the property benefited. The sum is not specified. On that point all is dark, and designedly so; and it is not a forced inference that this is a grand scheme for the payment of all sorts of claims to an unknown amount, made by contractors who either ought not to be paid, or who despair of getting their money in the only legitimate way. The bill is essentially African. If it will bear examination it certainly has not had it, and should not pass into a law before it has been thoroughly overhauled and the extent of its import ascertained. Credit is due to Mr. DARCY for calling the attention of the House to the character of the bill, and for the manful manner he contended for a more thorough examination into it.

The Committee on Railroads in the Senate, this morning, reported the Law-Stage Broadway Railroad bill, as it was introduced, and has already been printed, with the exception of a new section requiring the grantees to commence the construction of the road within a reasonable time, and to have it completed within three years from the time of commencing. The supporters of the bill have every reason to count with considerable confidence on its early passage. In the first place, there is no real opposition to a railroad in Broadway. It is true that Mr. STEWART started out on that tack, but stultified himself by concluding with an offer of two million dollars for the franchise. It is true, also, that at an early day a bill for a road in Broadway was introduced in the Assembly; but, either because no effort has been made, or from a lack of merit, it has not been placed forward or shown the least vitality. It is fair to presume, indeed, that the objects attaching to it do not contemplate its passage; in fact, this does not seem to have been seriously asked for or desired. So, in truth, the field is clear for the Senate bill.

The same Committee reported the Cross Town railroad bill, heretofore published.

Both bills took their places on the general order.

Senator MURPHY, from the Select Committee to whom was referred Senator CONNOLLY'S Gold Speculation resolutions, reported the same to-day with amendments calling for the terms on which such speculations have been prosecuted. It is understood that a bill with corresponding import will be introduced very shortly.

The Double-lock bill passed the House to-day. Its fate in the Senate is doubtful, where the Canal Committee have reported a different bill.

Mr. DEAN'S Anti-Gold Speculation bill came up in the Assembly to-day. The question was on an amendment, requiring that no certificates shall be issued except the deposits shall be made in gold or silver, and that such certificates shall be for the identical gold or silver deposited. Mr. CORNELL made a statement to the effect in a conversation with THOMAS W. OLCOTT, that gentleman proposed in substance this amendment as the most effective means of stopping the depletion of the currency. Mr. DEAN supported the amendment, which was opposed by Mr. P. H. HAVENS and Mr. MATTOON. The amendment was adopted, and the Committee of the Whole reported progress. In the House, Mr. FIELD moved that the bill he recommitted to the Committee on Banks, with instructions to strike out the enacting clause. Pending, the House adjourned.

I understand that Mr. THOMAS W. OLCOTT, of this city has, definitely determined to decline the position of Comptroller of the Currency, tendered him by the President. The whole country will sincerely regret this.

RODERICK.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Thursday, March 19.

Mr. CORNELL made a unanimous report from the Railroad Committee in favor of a State interest in the Broadway Railroad bill.

Mr. SANFORD made a unanimous report from the same Committee in favor of an across town railroad, amended by striking out the streets in which stage lines exist.

Mr. MURPHY made a report in favor of Mr. CONNOLLY'S Gold resolutions, amended by directing the Bank Superintendent to ascertain, under oath of the President, Cashier or Secretary of such bank, banking or trust company of New-York and Brooklyn, the information called for by said resolutions.

Mr. FOLGER reported in favor of incorporating the American and Mexico Telegraph and Railroad Company.

BILLS PASSED.

Amending the Charter of Brooklyn.

For a road through the towns of West Farms, Morrisania, and Yonkers, Westchester County.

Incorporating the Medical College for Women.

The Senate took a recess.

EVENING SESSION.

Sundry petitions were presented for a uniform price of gas in Brooklyn.

The bill amending the charter of the Corn Exchange Insurance Company was reported favorably.

The bill allowing soldiers to vote at elections was debated and progress reported.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Thursday, March 19.

BILLS PASSED.

Increasing the salary of Police Justice and Justices of the Peace in Brooklyn.

Increasing the compensation of jurors in certain towns in Kings County.

Providing for the election of two additional Justices of the Supreme Court in the First District; amended on motion of Mr. DEAN, so that no Justice elected or appointed under this act, or Chapter 374, Laws of 1852, can sit as a Judge of the Court of Appeals.

Amending the act incorporating the Kings County Savings Institution.

For the Improvement of Clinton-avenue, Brooklyn.

The bill authorizing the construction of a railway in the towns of West Farms and Morrisania.

The bill relative to the collection of taxes in New-York City.

The bill reimbursing the Manhattan Company the premium paid on coin to pay the interest on the Canal debt.

The bill protecting consumers of gas in Brooklyn.

The bill appropriating the surplus of the Canal revenues.

Mr. DEAN'S Gold bill was considered in Committee of the Whole.

An amendment was adopted allowing certificates to be issued payable in coin on coin deposits, such certificates to be payable only in the identical coin deposited. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

The Assembly met at 7 o'clock.

A communication was received from the Canal Board, resolving that it would be inexpedient to pass the bill fixing the uniform rate of canal tolls.

The bill appropriating $100,000 for the improvement of Hudson River was ordered to a third reading.

The Grinding Committee reported complete the following bills: Relative to the Orphan Asylum of New-York; relative to licenses in the City of New-York; amending the act relative to double-track railroads in Brooklyn; Senator CONNOLLY'S Catholic Church Property bill. Adjourned.

The Canal Board.

ALBANY, Thursday, March 19.

The Canal Board met to-day and appointed ten or twelve Weigh-Masters and Assistants, equally divided politically, and then adjourned until the 9th of April.

RHODE ISLAND POLITICS.

Ex-Gov. Hoppin Declines to be a Candidate for Governor—His Loyal Position—The Democratic Ticket as Finally Perfected, &c.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Wednesday, March 18, 1863.

The declination of Ex Gov. HOPPIN of the nomination for Governor, tendered him by the Democrats and the Conservatives, does him the highest credit. He could not swallow the proceedings of the Democratic Convention. "My expectations," he says, "of uniting the Democratic and Conservative strength of Rhode Island in support of the General Government *not having been realized by the proceedings of the Convention*, I must respectfully decline the nomination." In a letter to Gov. SPRAGUE, he said, that if his name was to be used as a candidate, "the canvass must be conducted on the platform of *absolute and unconditional loyalty and fidelity* to the Union of the States, its Constitution and Government." His single purpose was to bring together the loyal strength of all parties in support of the Government, and to secure this end, Gov. HOPPIN frequently declared to prominent members of all parties that he was willing to bear the opprobrium of having left his own party, "and thus, if by no other means, to help save the country from destruction." The course pursued by Gov. HOPPIN is, in the highest degree, honorable to his character and to his reputation. If he had indorsed the proceedings of the Democratic Convention and accepted the nominations, under the circumstances, he would have been politically sacrificed. But his conscientious convictions of duty, his honesty of purpose, and his pure patriotism conquered the well-laid schemes of shrewd politicians. In offering the olive-branch of conciliation, and in his efforts to secure a union of sentiment and action on the part of all loyal men in the State, Gov. HOPPIN undertook a work in which his whole heart warmly sympathized, and which the generous and genial impulses of his Christian character admirably adapted him to perform. No one can question his sincerity, his integrity, or his unswerving loyalty. He was for peace before the war—was a member of the Peace Conference, when the question of peace was fairly and honestly discussed among all parties. He has ever been attached to the Republican party, and since the first gun fired at Sumter, has been the unwavering supporter of the Government, and a noble friend to the army, visiting the hospitals and contributing to the health and comfort of the brave soldiers by liberal subscriptions and donations. The injurious manner in which Gov. HOPPIN's name has been employed in reference to his conduct in the pending State election, seems to claim, as a matter of simple justice, this recital of his political record, and this defence of his honorable character.

THE OPPOSITION TICKET.

The Democrats yesterday succeeded in effecting a nomination of a State ticket, the candidates on which agreed to stand. For a month, according to the statement of a leading Democrat, that party has been trying to get a candidate for Governor, but somehow nobody would take the nomination. Yesterday, however, having exhausted their patience with their own party men, they appealed to the Conservatives: "Give us a candidate—my kingdom for a Governor." The Conservatives, always ready for a bargain, sent them the present Acting-Governor, Hon. WM. C. COZZENS, of Newport, and Brig.-Gen. HENRY BUTLER, of Warwick, for Lieutenant-Governor. The Democrats embraced them—(strange vicissitudes—they were both formerly Know-Nothings)—they agreed to run, and to-day their names are flouted as the Opposition ticket. For Congress, the Democrats, the "adopted citizens" and the Conservatives have united on CHARLES S. BRADLEY, Esq., a life-long Democrat, and one of the ablest lawyers of the State. Mr. BRADLEY and Mr. JENCKES (Republican) were classmates in College, both lead the bar in this State, and are now pitted against each other for Congress in the same District. So far as qualifications are concerned, it would be difficult to distinguish the merits of the two. Both are men of rare abilities, of philosophic minds, and of fine oratorical powers. The former mild, graceful and polished; the latter distinguished for his Websterian style of eloquence, whose arguments strike the hearer like claps of thunder. One, the scholar; the other, the lawyer. One, a straight, radical, unswerving Republican, and the other, a genuine, old-school Democrat. The contest in this Congressional District will be a close one, and it is impossible to ascertain at present, with any degree of certainty, the prospects of the success of either party.

The Conservatives have not yet made any nomination in room of Gov. HOPPIN. Many will support SMITH, (Republican,) while those of Democratic proclivities are in favor of the Democratic nominations made yesterday. Party lines are being closely drawn. It is an issue of true loyalty against conditional loyalty. Everybody knows what this means. There can be no neutrality in this contest. The record which men will make in this election will live after them.

Daring Robbery of Adams' Express Company

BALTIMORE, Thursday, May 19.

The safe of the Adams Express Company was robbed on Wednesday night, between Baltimore and Harrisburgh. It contained various sums of money, in currency and gold, a large number of United States certificates of indebtedness, United States 5.20 bonds, and checks of the United States Treasurer on the Assistant Treasurer of New-York, payable to the order of the Adams Express Company. A reward of $5,000 is offered by the Company. The public are referred to the list of the numbers of the bonds and certificates published by the Company, and are cautioned not to negotiate any of them.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, March 19.

The following described certificates, &c., were stolen from Adams Express Company on Wednesday night, for the recovery of which *five thousand dollars* will be paid by the Company:

Numbers of the United States certificates of indebtedness stolen:

Four United States certificates of $5,000 each—numbers 21,449, 21,450, 21,451 and 21,453.

Forty-four United States certificates of $1,000 each:

Numbers 59,342 to 59,344 inclusive.
Numbers 59,212 to 59,213 inclusive.
Number 59,199.
Numbers 59,203 to 59,206 inclusive.
Numbers 59,200 to 59,202 inclusive.
Numbers 59,148 to 59,149 inclusive.
Numbers 59,140 to 59,147 inclusive.
Numbers 59,131—59,130—59,120.
Numbers 59,247 to 59,248 inclusive.
Numbers 59,190 to 59,193, inclusive.
Numbers 59,332 to 59,335, inclusive.
Numbers 59,330—59,318—59,319.
Numbers 59,320 to 59,324, inclusive.
Numbers 59,317—59,325.
Numbers 59,302 to 59,305, inclusive.
Ten 5-20 United States bonds, numbers 18,179 to 18,188, inclusive.

THE SPRING FASHIONS.

Opening Day in New-York.

St. Patrick's Day was mild and lovely, contrary to expectation—contrary to custom. "Opening Day" was the same. No one day in the whole year's round is of such interest to ladies of fashion, unless it be New-Year's Day, as the 19th day of March, the Milliners' "Opening Day" in the City of New-York. Bonnets and dresses, flowers and furbelows, are necessary to the existence of Gothamic ladies. To wear a hat during two consecutive seasons would be so great a trial to any one of them, that we feel it our bounden duty to chronicle the fact that all the milliners of the City are bountifully supplied with any quantity of new bonnets of new styles—if anything, a touch and a half beyond that which has reigned supreme in ugliness during the Winter. Whether it will be a possibility for gentlemen at church or opera to see anything that may be in pulpit or on stage, we regard as entirely a matter of doubt; in fact, so high have the fronts gone up, that, with the exception of some of the fancy stocks on Wall-street, we know of no parallel in altitude.

It is no easy task for one unversed in femininity, and femininity's mysteries, to describe the various conglomerations of tulle, feathers and silk, but with resignation worthy of the loftiest cause, we have endeavored herewith to present a few of the more prominent styles in full, and to mention several of the establishments whose material seemed to us to be the most attractive and the most elegant.

The two prime causes of Broadway's obstructions yesterday were, the rays of a Summer sun, and the promised sight of new rigs here, new rigs there, and new rigs everywhere. Everybody was out, everyone seemed terribly in earnest about something, and toward the several advertised emporiums of fashion every woman turned her steps.

Following the throng we visited many of them, of which the following seemed the most worthy of notice:

To the establishment of

MRS. SIMMONS,

No. 637 Broadway, our attention was particularly attracted. Her large and spacious rooms were crowded with the most fashionable ladies of our own and the adjacent cities, all of whom expressed their pleasure and satisfaction with the display. Among the most elegant of the very many superb bonnets, we noticed a white chip with rolled edge, tulle front, and cape covered with rich black thread lace, fastened and festooned with exceedingly narrow bows of chip. It was trimmed at the top with three quilling of white tulle, with chena rosebuds and leaves *au naturel*. The face-trimming was composed of white tulle, with flowers to match the outside. Over all was a fall of lace, while long rich white strings made this most exquisite bonnet complete.

Another was of fine white straw, white silk cape, thin in the centre, covered with white blonde, trimmed with a broad white ribbon, folded and fastened on the front and extending to the crown, finishing at the cape with long ends studded with jet ornaments. On the top a humming bird, whose rare and beautiful plumage drooped to the cape, nestled in a group of white blonde leaves. The face trimming was a combination of colored thistles in white tulle, with white blonde tabs and rich white strings.

A third bonnet was of white crape, half thin front, trimmed with folds of maize silk, terminating on top with quilling silk forming a bird's nest, in which lay half-concealed a real bird of the most minute dimensions. There were alternate falls of black and white lace. On the left side a black thread lace barb fastened in bow and ends finished at the cape. The inside trimming was of small scarlet berries in white lace; broad strings edged with lace and velvet. The French bonnets at this house are truly beautiful, and reflect much credit on the good judgment and taste of Miss SIMMONS.

At the house of

MRS. DAVIDSON,

No. 125 Bleecker, we observed several designs which we can with conscience recommend to our readers.

No. 1 was an elegant and lady-like bonnet of heavy white English crape and rich poult de soie ribbon of extra width. The ribbon is laid on in a novel and striking manner; from the left side of the bonnet it turns and forms an easy and graceful bow on the top, then being folded like a barbe it inclines over the centre and terminates in a fan-like fanchon of wide white blonde which covers the entire curtain. An exquisite Bouquet de jardinier of Spring flowers ornaments the top of the barbe; inside the bandeau is composed of white malines bouillionée, from which springs crimson coral wheats.

No. 2 was a rich, plain hat, of colored French chip, of the new tan-drab shade, trimmed with wide black Chantilly lace and ribbon to match. The front is ornamented with a large rosette of black and white blonde and ribbon, in which is embosomed a cluster of scarlet cherries au naturel; on the curtain of black and white blonde is a smaller cluster to correspond. The effect is brilliant and striking. A fall of rich white lace hangs over the bandeau in front, which is to match the exterior.

No. 3 was an exquisite bonnet of pure white French chip, of a novel design: the top and centre are alone made of this charming material; the side crowns and curtain being of a rich wide fringed blonde, of a new and elegant design, giving the whole an incomparably light and airy appearance. On the top is an elegant montune of blonde chip and vernal-grasses, in which is nestled a lovely real humming-bird; the whole forming one of the most novel and rècherchó designs of the season. The interior is composed of illusion chip and vernal grasses to match the outside.

No. 4 was a fancy bonnet of a delicate shade of lavender crape and silk. The falling crown is of lavender silk. The front is of numerous folds of crape, crossed at intervals by narrow barbes of white blonde, and a charming bouquet of moss roses and white elder flowers rests on the front, from which depends wide and flowing illusion strings. The curtain of wide fringed lace and lavender silk bandeau. Interior with moss roses and malines bouillonée.

The rooms of Mrs. DAVIDSON were crowded to such an extent that it was with difficulty we could obtain these particulars. Great good taste is manifested by the lady, and the elegance of the stock at her establishment is a matter of absolute fact.

But the pen wearies of individual description. Everywhere were rich and elegant bonnets, everywhere were temptations for a launching out of greenbacks, and there is little doubt that during the present week the heads of thousands of families will be called upon to warrant the incursion into their strong box, from which piles of currency will be needed to purchase even the most insignificant of these affairs, which are truly, and in double sense, the very *height* of fashion.

College of Pharmacy Commencement.

The thirty-third annual commencement of the College of Pharmacy of the City of New-York, but the first that has been celebrated in public, took place last evening in the large chapel of the New-York University. A large and intelligent audience was present, and the exercises were enlivened by music furnished by DODWORTH. Rev. Dr. FERRIS opened the proceedings with prayer.

HENRY T. KIERSTED, President of the College, previous to delivering the diplomas, briefly addressed the audience, giving a condensed history of the institution. The charter was granted in 1831 for 25 years, and in 1856 was extended permanently. The objects are to promote a thorough knowledge of pharmacy, and to teach the best method of preparing medicines and other compounds. This has been effected by courses of lectures on the subject, and by securing as tutors some of the most celebrated professors of chemistry, materia medica and botany. There have been over one hundred graduates of the college, who have received diploma certifying that they are capable of preparing and dispensing medicines. Through the instrumentality of the Society, Congress has passed a law restricting the importation of adulterated drugs, a National Pharmaceutical Association has been formed, and much useful knowledge has been disseminated by means of the lectures. The President delivered diplomas to the following graduates:

Gustavus Krehbiel	Assays of Saltpetre
Ernest V. Triolet y Le Lievre, Santa Isabel, Cuba	Iodine
C. B. Smith, Newark, N. J.	Indiginous Astringents
Theobald Frohwein, N. Y.	Sarracenia Purpurea
James S. Higgins, N. Y.	Styllingia Sylvatica
Henry Kimmel, N. Y.	Solubility of Alkaloids

Miss MARY C. PUTNAM, of New-York, has also passed a satisfactory examination, and her thesis on the subject of Dialysis, the President announced, will compare favorably with the productions of the other graduates. But, owing to a singularly stupid provision of the charter, she cannot receive her diploma, because, forsooth, she is not yet 21 years of age. Her diploma will be duly signed, sealed and delivered, when she has complied with the regulations in this respect.

The valedictory address was pronounced by Prof. JOHN M. MAISCH.

Extension of the Eighth-avenue Railroad.

A SPIRITED MEETING IN THE TWELFTH WARD.

Pursuant to a call inviting the citizens of the Twelfth Ward to meet *en masse* to lend their counsel and influence to the movement which is now being made to compel the Eighth-avenue Railroad Company to extend their line to that portion of the City, as originally specified in the charter, a large number of interested persons assembled, on Tuesday evening, at the hotel corner of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street and Eighth-avenue. The meeting was held under the auspices of the "Twelfth Ward West End Improvement Association," and was presided over by Mr. THOMAS MANSON, President of that body. Mr. A. M. LEWIS is one of the regularly appointed Secretaries, and officiated on this occasion.

The President urged vigorous action on the part of the officers of the Association to the effect that the "Ball should be kept rolling until we had compelled this Corporation to comply with the terms of its charter."

It was about a year since the Association was formed, and with the aid of the Common Council we had compelled them to lay the track two miles further toward Harlem River.

Mr. SWACKHAMER made a spirited and stirring speech, showing how recreant this monopoly had been to its chartered privileges.

Mr. HARRISON, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, reported a series of resolutions, which were adopted, and the meeting adjourned to meet at Carmansville on the 31st of March.

See resolution published in TIMES.

A NEW COUNTERFEIT.—Considerable excitement was created in Wall-street, yesterday afternoon, by the appearance of a well-executed counterfeit $500 bill, purporting to have been issued by the Central Bank of Worcester, Mass. It was so well done, and so nearly did it resemble the genuine, that Messrs. GWYNNE & DAY, money brokers, of No. 21 Wall-street, received it as genuine. The paper, engraving, and in fact everything about it, is so much an imitation, that good judges pronounce the spurious note to be a photograph. No arrests had been made up to a late hour last night. The police telegraph was immediately put into operation, however, for the purpose of warning the public against the new and dangerous counterfeit.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—The Stock Exchange yesterday appointed the following Committee, to act in concert with the Committees of the Chamber of Commerce and Produce Exchange, in procuring subscriptions for the Atlantic Telegraph: A. B. BAYLIS, President, A. W. Morse, E. H. Miller, H. G. Stebbins, Chas. S. Seyton, Edward Dodge, W. R. Travers, G. S. Rainsford, John B. Trevor, J. H. Gourlie, John O'Brien and P. Marie.

BRADY'S SOIREE "EN MASQUE."—Last evening, the pupils and friends of Mr. A. S. BRADY extended to him a complimentary *soiree en masque*, at the rooms of the Gymnasium. The guests were very numerous, and, as may be supposed, were attired in every conceivable costume—some to represent ludicrous and others sedate characters. The affair was admirably arranged by the floor and reception committees, and all present seemed to fully enjoy the festivities.

Arrivals in the City.

Senator Ira Harris and wife, Albany; Col. P. J. Glassen, U. S. Army; Rev. C. T. Berry and lady, Newark; and W. H. Irwin, Philadelphia, are stopping at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Gen. H. Tuthill and Hon. E. D. Tuthill, New-York; Col. E. B. Birchard, Milwaukee; J. P. Leavitt, Cincinnati; Capt. J. K. Hubert, U. S. Army; and W. H. Clements, Cincinnati, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Senator S. Foote and wife, Rutland, Vt.; Hollis White, Niagara Falls; Col. John C. Dodge, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and Lieut. S. W. Nicholas, U. S. Navy, are at the Astor House.

Sir Hollister McAllister, McAllister Hall, England; and B. Hammett, Philadelphia, are at the Everett House.

Baron Schele, Prussia; C. J. Anthony, Worcester, are at the Clarendon Hotel.

Wm. McCoy, Japan, and Job Dale, England, are at the New-York Hotel.

KINGS COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT CALENDAR, MARCH 20.—Nos. 68, 6, 83, 95, 97, 101, 102, 107, 43, 110, 47, 111 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 75, 81.

BROOKLYN CITY COURT.—Nos. 45, 48, 67, 68, 37, 47.

Obituary.

A brief notice is due of HENRY N. FISHER, M. D., a Surgeon in the army, who died on Thursday last, March 12, aged 29. After the disasters in the Peninsular campaign, in Christian zeal and love he promptly volunteered as physician and surgeon, to minister to the necessities of our wounded soldiers, and made several trips between Harrison's Landing and New-York, on one of the transports which brought away our suffering defenders. His faithfulness and efficiency commending him to those in authority, he received an appointment as Surgeon in the army; and since September last, he, with others, has been in charge of Eckington Hospital, in the suburbs of Washington. Here his devotion to the duties of his large care, when some days eighty and a hundred wounded at a time would come, finally wore upon him, and he was attacked by the fatal fever which has laid him in the tomb in the dawn of his manhood, and in the opening prospect of high honor and usefulness in his profession. He is but another among the thousands who have yielded themselves as noble sacrifices on the altar of their country's necessities. Though not fallen in the "battle that is with confused noise and garments rolled in blood," yet he fell at the post of noblest duty, in tenderly ministering to the wounded and dying among our brave defenders. Let his name be inscribed with honor upon the roll of our patriot dead.

G. L. P.

TIVOLI, Saturday, March 14, 1863.

[Advertisement.]

WIVES, MOTHERS, AND SISTERS, WHOSE HUSBANDS, sons, and brothers are serving in the army, cannot put into their knapsacks a more necessary or valuable gift than a few boxes of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT. They insure health even under the exposures of a soldier's life. Only 25 cents a box or pot. 219.

[Advertisement.]

Young men, who would learn their "real capabilities," and what they can do best, would find it most useful to have a phrenological chart written out in full, by which they may know in advance in what they can and cannot best succeed. Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS make examinations daily at No. 308 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam transport Dudley Buck, from Newbern, N. C.—Mr. and Mrs. Phillips, Miss Hastings, Lieut. Cady and wife, O. M. Pettit, H. W. Stocker, Col. R. P. Classen, Capt. George W. P. Bowers, Lieut. George Tetterman, Capt. A. W. Smith, Lieut. S. Lawrence, Capt. J. W. Marble, Lieut. H. R. Heeley, A. J. Leland, R. H. Tallman, C. G. Curtis, G. W. Lewis, M. C. Cole, A. Baldwin, T. M. Maymond, George R. Crawford, H. F. Sherman, T. Weir, Sergeant J. S. O'Neil.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises	6 03	Sun sets	6 12	Moon sets	7 44

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook	8 20	Gov. Island	9 09	Hell Gate	10 31

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, March 19.

Arrived.

U. S. steam transport Dudley Buck, Elwood, Newbern, N. C., via Hatteras Inlet March 17, with passengers to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamer Martha Stevens, Dougherty, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Steamer J. R. Thomson, Chance, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Steamer Sea Gull, Kenny, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer Anthracite, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer F. W. Brune, Foster, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Barge Marina, Crosby, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Dalzell.

Ship Lawrence, Johnson, Liverpool 38 ds., with coal to Lawrence Giles & Co. Has had strong westerly gales most of the passage.

Ship Jenny Lind, (U. S. transport,) Linnekin, New-Orleans March 1, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Ship William Rathbone, Pratt, Liverpool Feb. 4, with mdse. and 207 passengers to Lawrence, Giles & Co.

Bark Mollie Metcalf, (of Bangor,) Ames, St. Thomas 17 ds., in ballast to Metcalf & Duncan.

Bark Geestemunde, (Hanov.,) Kulkan, London and Deals Feb. 5, with mdse. to Unkart & Co. Has experienced heavy gales most of the passage.

Bark Anna Delino, (Brem.,) Hattendorff, London 38 ds., with mdse. to Carver & Paull.

Bark Atalanta, (Brem.,) Houtmann, London Feb. 5, with mdse. to Garrells & Myer.

Bark Humboldt, Wilpke, London 63 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brig Catharine Rogers, Yeaton, Bath, lumber to master.

Brig Black Hawk, (Br., of P. E. I.,) McLeod, Ponce, P. R., March 1, with sugar to Tynes & Smyth.

Brig Admiral, (of Boston,) Hatch, Messina Jan. 29, and Gibraltar Feb. 8, with fruit to order. Has had strong westerly gales the latter part of the passage.

Brig W. J. Treat, (of Bucksport,) Parker, Matanzas 12 ds., with sugar to R. P. Buck & Co.

Schr. Moses B. Bramhall, Delany, Washington 4 ds., with coal.

Schr. Phebe, Morrow, Havana 10 ds., with oranges to J. T. Pearsall.

Schr. Billow, Emery, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. A. Anderson, Kenyon, Newport, in ballast.

Schr. Utica, Thorndike, Portland 4 ds., with heading to master.

WIND—Sunset, S. W.—9 P. M., N. E.

BELOW—1 ship unknown.

Sailed.

Steamships Kangaroo, Eagle, for Havana; from Quarantine, Ericsson.

Ships Lizzie Oakford, Belle of the Sea, Western Empire, A. & E. Louett.

Barks Stella, Adelaide, Maria Morton.

Brigs F. Arthemus, Mayflower, Prince of Wales, Fannie Butler, A. V. Goodhue.

Schooners Matilda, L. L. Tilley, and others.

Miscellaneous.

A new bark, not yet named, Whiteberry, New-Bedford, was towed to this port, and when finished will take her place on the Panama Railroad Company's line.

A seaman named Miller, on board the ship M. R. Ludwig, lying at anchor in the North River, outward bound, yesterday fell from the main yard on deck, and was instantly killed.

The brig Lady of the Lake, of Eastport, went ashore on Hart Island at 12 o'clock last night.

Spoken, &c.

Cultivator—ship, hence for Liverpool, Feb. 16, lat. 49, lon. 24 32. Has had heavy westerly gales most of the passage.

Emerald—ship, hence for Europe, March 16, lat. 39, lon. 71.

Foreign Ports.

At St. Thomas Feb. 28, brig Progressive Age, for New-York or Philadelphia in a few days; bark Sarah A. Nichols, Blake, sld. next day for Cuba.

At Ponce, P. R., March 1, left schr. Maria Hall, for New-York next day; C. T. Holmes, for do. in 7 ds.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S Hair Restorer.

AND

ZYLOBALSAMUM;

The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying and Dressing the Hair,

Rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair.

IT NEVER FAILS

To Restore Grey Hair

TO

Its Original Youthful Color

It is not a Dye,

But acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.

For Ladies and Children

Whose Hair requires frequent dressing the Zylobalsamum has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

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Mrs. S. A. Allen's ZYLOBALSAMUM.

ISAAC SMITH'S

UMBRELLAS BY THE THOUSAND OR SINGLE ONE

AT 405 BROADWAY BETWEEN WALKER & CANAL STS.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS To be the "ONLY GOOD SAUCE," And applicable to EVERY VARIETY of DISH.

EXTRACT of a Letter from A MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, TO HIS BROTHER at Worcester. MAY, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome SAUCE that is made."

The above Sauce is both *popular* and *economical*. In soup, gravy, or with fish, joints, game, &c., delightful flavor and zest is imparted.

For sale by Grocers and Fruiterers generally.

JOHN DUNCAN & SONS, New-York, Agents for Messrs. LEA & PERRINS.

Beware of counterfeits.

RUBIA MILLS,

NOS. 353 AND 355 WASHINGTON-ST.,

(Between Franklin and North-Moore sts.,)

TABER & PLACE,

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT COFFEE,

Put up in Tin-foil Pound Papers, 48 in a box. and in bulk.

PRICES RANGE FROM

7 TO 30 CENTS.

All orders sent to us, or to our Agents, PLACE & YOUNG, No. 183 Chambers-st., corner Washington, will receive prompt attention.

For sale by first-class grocers.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

BUY EAST INDIA COFFEE, at 20c. per pound. Certified by Dr. Chilton to be free from deleterious ingredients and conducive to health.

The original "BUCKEYE FLOUR," a double Extra Family Flour, unequaled in strength, sweetness and lightness.

PRIME CITY-CUT SUGAR-CURED HAMS, 10½c. per pound.

Best Oolong and Hyson TEAS, of exquisite flavor, from 60c. to $1 25 per pound, &c., &c.

PEOPLES' PROVISION STORE, No. 268 GREENWICH-ST.

MARVIN & CO.,

Late STEARNS & MARVIN.

FIRE, BURGLAR AND DAMP PROOF

SAFES,

(VALENTINE & BUTLER'S ALUM PATENT,)

No. 265 Broadway.

Warranted superior to any other Safes.

Reference to over 23,000 customers.